The New-York Times.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF.

General W. T. Sherman and Staff at New-Orleans.

Highly Successful Result of His Expedition.

Four Thousand Negroes, Eleven Hundred Mules and Five Hundred Prisoners Brought in.

THE ATTACK ON MOBILE CONTINUED.

Inauguration of the Free-State Government of Louisiana.

GRAND AND IMPOSING DISPLAY.

Speeches of Gov. Hahn and Gen. Banks.

The steamship *Morning Star*, Capt. J. M. COURTNEY, from New-Orleans via Havana, arrived at this port yesterday.

The *Morning Star* left New-Orleans Sunday, March 6, and arrived at Havana on the 9th inst., leaving the same day. Left at Havana steamship *Corsicia* for New-York on the 12th. Steamship *Creole* arrived at New-Orleans on the 3d instant, and the *Havana* on the 5th; passed in the river bound up, steamship *George Washington* from this port.

The New-Orleans *Era* publishes the following extract from a private letter, dated off Mobile, Feb. 25:

"Yesterday heavy firing was heard in the direction of Mobile, but what the upshot of the matter is I know not.

The gunboats *Octarara*, *Port Royal*, *Calhoun* and *Jackson*, with one division of the mortar fleet, have been abeling Grant's Pass Port and Fort Gaines for three days, and are still at work. They keep up a heavy fire from morning to night.

The rebel ram *Tennessee* has crossed the bar. She carries six heavy guns, three at each end; and is very short but powerful. Her plating is double, each plate being 2½ inches thick.

I hope soon to be able to give you good news."

The New Orleans *Picayune* of the 4th, contained the following notice of the death of MARGUERITE CAROLINE DESLONDE, wife of Gen. P. T. BEAUREGARD:

"Our obituary column yesterday recorded the death of a lady in this city, so well and widely known and so tenderly regarded by so many warm and affectionate hearts, that, in ordinary times, more than a mere announcement of her death would have been made in our columns. Belonging to one of the best creole families in Louisiana, closely connected with those who have held honorable positions in their country and abroad, known and esteemed by a large and loving circle of friends at the South, at the North and in Europe; yet to none of these was she so warmly, so devotedly endeared, as she was to her husband who was absent, and to her relatives and friends, who, night and day, during the years of her illness, have watched by her bedside, have anticipated every possible want, and soothed her sickness with an unwearying devotion commensurate with, and comparable with their love alone. When the immediate predecessor of the present Commanding-General was in this department, he personally tendered to her an escort and every facility, if, and whenever, she should wish to join her husband. She was too weak, too ill to be removed. The devotion of this lady to her husband, her love for him was such, that she would not allow her family to communicate to him her critical position. Her sorrows and her sufferings have been respected, even by strangers, to the day of her death and her entrance into the land where there is always peace."

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

NEW-ORLEANS, Sunday, March 6.

The only military movements in this department, for the last week, comprise the departure of a portion of Gen. LEE's cavalry for some point west of here, probably Red River. This, however, is mere conjecture. The activity of the past month has indicated that something was in the wind; but as the Commanding-General is reticent; and the wise and knowing ones ont of credit, there is less than the usual guessing upon the subject.

On Wednesday everybody in the city was surprised with the announcement that Major-Gen. W. T. SHERMAN and Staff had just arrived from Vicksburgh, on board the river gunboat *Diana*. The papers, with a singular unanimity, had assigned him to the easily performed duties of capturing Selma, Ala., and then moving simultaneously upon Mobile, Dalton, Savannah and Charleston. On the other hand, the rebels here had authentic reports that he had fought a great battle, in which he lost 18,000 men, with the additional loss of 10,000 the next day, while attempting to retreat across the river. His sudden advent here nonplussed both sides. It proved that, as usual, neither party had the reliable statement. His late expedition is called by himself a big raid, in the course of which he reached a point ten miles east of Meridian, without any opposition worthy of the name, and returned with an immense train of mules and contrabands,—1,100 of the former, and 4,000 of the latter. His other captures are said to be 500 prisoners and a large amount of supplies.

The New-Orleans *True Delta* of the 2d, gives the following account of Gen. SHERMAN's expedition:

"The expedition which, under the command of Gen. SHERMAN, left Memphis and Vicksburgh about the first of last month, was never intended to be anything more than a gigantic raid—a diversion to draw attention from other important enterprises, and to effect the destruction of supplies, munitions of war, and the machinery for the manufacture of arms. The march was a rapid one and the column swept through the country like a tornado, causing the whole Confederacy to shake in its shoes. It penetrated, as we learn, some ten miles beyond Meridian, and having succeeded in destroying the railroads, bridges, the immense stores of corn and commissary stores held by the Confederates in that vicinity, as well as devastating the whole range of country, has returned in triumph to Vicksburgh laden with spoils. No serious opposition was made, and wherever any sort of resistance was offered, the enemy was wiped out, and the column marched on in triumph. Having accomplished his mission, SHERMAN returned to the Mississippi, leaving behind him a ruined country. He burned and destroyed whatever he could not carry off. The retribution has fallen heavily on the people of this section; everything that could support the life of man or beast, or contribute to rebel arms, has been crushed. He went empty and came back full. He took no train, and returned with one fifteen miles long, laden with an abundance of cotton and other things. He brings 1,100 mules, and about four contrabands to a mule. He has also 500 prisoners.

Our private advices from Mobile represent that fated city as intensely excited. Gen. MAURY, who commands the defences, has forbidden any one to go outside the lines; not even a newspaper can be passed out."

Transports are busy bringing troops back from Texas. There is quite a movement this way at present, which may mean something or nothing.

Cotton has slightly improved, and commands 73c. @74c. for middling. Exchange on New-York firm—1¼@2 ₱ cent. discount for sight. Gold, 63@63½ and 65.

THE INAUGURATION CEREMONIES.

Correspondence of the New-York Times:

NEW-ORLEANS, Sunday, March 6, 1864.

Believing that the people of the loyal States and the civilized world, indeed, are deeply interested in the recent civil celebration in Louisiana, I deem it important to give you a more than ordinarily detailed description, for everything connected with this installation of a "Free State Governor" must in time be important history—a record of one of the most astounding incidents that have made memorable the startling era of the rebellion. That the pen can do but inadequate justice to the subject, is certain. An approach to a true description of the splendor of the display, or a slightly successful portrayal of the enthusiasm of the mass of the people, would appear to the denizens of the North as exaggerated. The real truth regarding these things, except by an eye-witness, cannot be understood or appreciated.

The place selected for the inauguration ceremonies was Lafayette-square, opposite the handsome structure known as the City Hall, and while there are many public squares in other cities surrounded by more costly residences, we knew there is not one any more picturesque, one more thoroughly adapted to the purpose of a great civil fête. The surrounding buildings, and the large buttonwood trees which line the edges of the square, were all ingeniously worked in as part and parcel of the decorations, and so nicely was this done that it seemed, on a superficial examination, as if these permanent fixtures had been arranged for the especial purpose of giving effect to the decorations.

In the middle of the square was erected a circular platform, fifty feet in diameter, which served as a base to a tall staff, bearing aloft, above all rivals, the national standard. From this point as a centre, in a sweep of a half mile, towered an amphitheatre of seats, which, in height, accommodations and magnitude, was never before erected on this continent. On these ranges of seats were comfortably accommodated ten thousand of the loyal children of our public schools, together with ample room for five thousand especially invited guests. At the base of this immense amphitheatre was a platform for GILMORE's five hundred musicians, and forty anvils and their "beaters." In the rear of the amphitheatre, projected above the continuous boundary line, thirty-four upright columns, each surmounted by a glass colored globe underneath a shield; in this way every State of the Union was represented. Behind all this was stationed, by Gen. ARNOLD, fifty pieces of brass artillery. Over the centre square, were the festoons of evergreens, and gay signal-flags of all nations, and all around were various patriotic mottoes.

The memorable day of the inauguration ceremonies, the 4th of March, 1864, in accordance with arranged programme, was ushered in by a salute of one hundred guns from batteries under command of Gen. ARNOLD. Mingling with this echoing thunder, pealed forth merry chimes from all the bells of the city. The morning thus gloriously ushered in was as balmy as Spring, as throughout the day the sun, as if in sympathy with the scenes, behaved in the most considerate manner, and veiled its noontide heat in fleecy clouds. At an early hour our population—ladies, gentlemen and children—commenced wending their way toward the centre of attraction, and before ten o'clock the four sides of the square outside were densely packed with excited and happy spectators. The time consumed in waiting was happily relieved, as one delegation of school children after another threaded their way through the multitude, waving their tiny Union flags, and greeting with innocent, joyous smiles, the repeated involuntary cheers that went up in behalf of the "little folks," as they, unchecked, entered the square, and, by thousands, and in interminable rows, ascending one above another, took possession of the amphitheatre.

At 11 o'clock, when the school children had all arrived, when the ladies had taken possession of their allotted seats, when the veteran soldiers, two regiments, First Regulars and Thirtieth Massachusetts Veterans, passed into the square, smiling grimly at the novel and harmless part they were to perform in the pageant, viz.: fire blank cartridges in a musical way, the excitement grew quite intense, particularly at the appearance of Major-Gen. BANKS and military suite, who, without swords, in long procession entered the City Hall and passed into Gov. SHEPLEY's room, where had already assembled the Governor and other State officers elect, with the specially invited guests. Under the direction of Col. THOMAS CHICKERING, Grand Marshal, a procession was formed, which left the City Hall, crossed St. Charles-street and entered the square as follows:

THE GOVERNOR ELECT.

Supported by

Brig.-Gen. Shepley, Military Governor.
Chas. Claiborne, Esq., Clerk United States Court.
Alfred Shaw, Esq., Clerk United States District Court.
Hon. E. H. Durell, Judge United States District Court.
A. C. Gresham, Esq., Marshal United States Court.

JUDGES.

R. K. Howell,	J. S. Whitaker,
J. H. Hiestand,	C. Handlin,
C. A. Peabody,	A. A. Atocha.

RECORDERS.

H. T. Vennard. Judge Leaumont.

Aid. MAYOR HOLT. Aid.

Major-Gen. Banks and Staff.
Major-Gen. McClernand and Staff.
Major-Gen. Sherman and Staff.
Major-Gen. Reynolds and Staff.
Brig.-Gen. T. W. Sherman and Staff.
Brig.-Gen. C. P. Stone and Staff.
Brig.-Gen. Bowen and Staff.
Brig.-Gen. Arnold and Staff.
Brig.-Gen. Lee and Staff.
Brig.-Gen. Ransom and Staff.
Brig.-Gen. Cameron and Staff.

Followed by the officials of the Federal and City Governments, a large number of distinguished citizens, and the different committees of arrangements. Among the most prominent I noticed GEO. S. DENISON, Collector of the Port; CUTH. BULLITT, Naval Officer; RUFUS WAPLES, United States District-Attorney; J. F. COLLINS, Deputy Collector; J. T. TUCKER, Gen. BANKS' private Secretary, and other professional men and distinguished private citizens.

As the procession moved toward the platform, and its members were arranging their seats, Mr. P. S. GILMORE's band, or a small section of it, discoursed appropriate music. Order being at length obtained, Hon. R. K. HOWELL, Judge of the Sixth District Court, called the vast assemblage to order, and invited Rev. F. E. CHUBBUCK to open the ceremonies with prayer.

When the prayer had been offered, "Hail Columbia" was performed in the following manner. First verse, full band, five hundred performers; 2d verse, full band and grand chorus of the ten thousand public school children present; 3d verse, full band, grand chorus by the children, and a chime of all the bells in the city; 4th verse, full band, grand chorus, the chiming of the bells, and a great gun accompanied fifty pieces of artillery. It is certainly difficult to give the slightest idea of the magnificent effect of this climacteric rendition of our grandest national air. Too much praise cannot be bestowed upon Mr. GILMORE, the leader of the band, who rang the bells and fired the artillery by means of telegraphic wires that centered on the table before him. Not a mistake was made—the united voices sounded as one vast shout. Not a bell struck in the wrong time, not a piece of artillery was out of place. It was a magnificent musical demonstration, and such as had never been equaled until done so by the subsequent pieces that closed the ceremonies of this remarkable day. It was some time before the delighted and astonished audience could control their feelings, and when silence was apparently restored, there would break out in some parts of the vast assemblage involuntary shouts of applause, which would be echoed back again, to be still again taken up by the children, who cheered, waved their handkerchiefs and little flags, until they seemed, up the sides of the amphitheatre, like a lot of gigantic butterflies waving their gaudy wings to the ever joyous voices.

Order being finally restored, the tall and manly form of the Hon. E. H. DURELL, our just confirmed Judge of the United States District Court, rose and stepped up to the table in the centre of the platform, upon which lay a gigantic and magnificently bound Bible. The Governor-elect, amid deafening cheers, which was particularly enthusiastic on the part of the children, for they were greeting one who claimed to be a child himself of the public schools, stepped up to the table and, amid a profound silence, listened to the words of the solemn oath as they were repeated by Judge DURELL. The Governor-elect then kissed the Bible, and then was sworn into office, under circumstances of extraordinary interest, not only the first loyal Governor of a State once identified with the so-called Confederacy, but also the first Free-State Governor of the South-Western States. What a revolution a thousand days had witnessed! The progress of an age had been made in a few short days in this New-Orleans, dating from the time YANCEY stood up in Canal-street and spurted his treason, and told the people the North would not, dared not, fight for the Union, to the time when MICHAEL HAHN assumed the gubernatorial chair of this same Louisiana, which had been recovered from rebel rule by the bayonets of Northern men, and by the people declared to be forever free.

The "Star-Spangled Banner," which followed, was never before given with such splendid effect. First time, full band. Second time, full band and grand chorus. Third time, full band, grand chorus, and a chime of all the bells of the city. Fourth time, full band, grand chorus, chiming of bells, and a great gun accompaniment by fifty pieces of artillery.

Judge HOWELL now introduced the newly-installed Governor of the State, who, in a clear voice, read his inaugural, of which the following are the important points:

FELLOW-CITIZENS: In diffident obedience to your sovereign behests, solemnly proclaimed through the ballot-box on the anniversary of the birth of the illustrious WASHINGTON, I appear before you as your freely-elected Governor, doubtful of myself in all things save in devotion to my country, and sincere and heartfelt affection for all my fellow-citizens, irrespective of birth-place, creed, or political opinion. In the exercise of your dearest rights as American citizens, you have placed me in the exalted office of Governor of this noble State; and by your acts you have shown that although the people of a State may err, a State, as a member of the American Union, cannot die. Is there among us to-day a man actuated by genuine American sentiments and true patriotism, who would even for an hour consent to have the Commonwealth consecrated to everlasting fame by the genius and valor of ANDREW JACKSON, abdicate her place in the national constellation? I hope not.

A resident of Louisiana from early boyhood, I have always felt proud of her history, and I have claimed the privilege on all occasions, public and private, in the Congress of the nation, as in popular meetings, to deny that the sovereign people of Louisiana had ever seceded from the Union, or had, at any time, or even in any apparently authoritative form, given their sanction to the act by which unfaithful agents precipitated her into the rebellion. I knew that in making this declaration on behalf of the people of this State, I did no more than give expression to the sincere sentiments of her patriotic citizens, native and adopted, and the immense concourse of every description of persons around and about me at this moment is strong testimony to its correctness. We, the people, have never seceded; we never intended to abdicate our proper place in the Union, and with the assistance of the National Government, whose duty it is to protect us from invasion and guarantee to us a republican form of government, we are determined we never shall. We have had our trials, physical and moral—they have been many and grievous—we have had our share of suffering and sorrow, God knows how sad and afflicting; but at length, drawing a veil over the devastation of the past, the wants and sufferings of our people, the social interruptions, the severance of the dear, tender ties of life, the broken hearts, the hostile separation of members of the same household, the blood and death following in the footsteps of grim-visaged war—raising ourselves up from lethargy and inaction, we have again shown our ability to participate in the blessings of equal and just laws, and in the maintenance of the most perfect system of free government that has ever been vouchsafed to mankind.

At an early day an election will be held for members to a convention for the revision of our State Constitution. The importance of such an election can scarcely be exaggerated. Every citizen is deeply interested in the organic law and that it may in all respects faithfully mirror the wishes of the people and harmonize with the spirit of the age, the people must themselves exercise all due circumspection in the selection of delegates to represent them. The convention will doubtless provide for an early election of a Legislature. On the meeting of the latter, the absorbing labor question will at once demand its most serious attention, and the importance of this alone will appeal strongly to the minds of all good citizens, so that in the selection of members none unworthy from vicious habits or educational unfitness may be chosen. With the natural advantages Louisiana possesses in her inexhaustible soil, her genial climate, her domination of the river of rivers, her facilities for commerce, manufacturing and the most varied agricultural pursuits, nothing can prevent her present population, or, if they will not do it, then the emigration that will speedily supersede them, from soon becoming what our people once aspired with reason to be, namely; the most flourishing portion of the most powerful of nations. Proper legislation, such as we may look forward to obtain before many months, will enable the people to profit by the new life that is being infused into our social system; and in presence of the change, no man of observation, enterprise and enlightenment need have a discouraging apprehension. I shall do all that can be required of me in the meantime to put society into useful and healthful activity; and if our foundries, our workshops, our manufactories and shipyards remain closed, no charge of indifference to them on my part will be with justice preferred against me.

Among the many important questions which may be expected to demand attention upon the re-establishment of civil government and the assembling of a Legislature, will be that of the public credit of Louisiana, exposed as it has been to a rude shock by the bad men whose machinations have plunged us into war. The faithful recognition and discharge of the interest upon the public debt have ever been held as among the most sacred of obligations by the people. I fully partake the public solicitude in regard to this subject, and the fair fame of the State will be indelibly tarnished should the present default be continued one day after the termination of the present abnormal condition of our domestic concerns.

Mr. HAHN closed by again returning thanks to those who had elected him Governor, and promised to do his duties in that office.

Music. "Anvil Chorus," performed by the full band, accompanied by forty time-beaters upon anvils and fifty pieces of artillery. The novelty of this new musical treat after what had already taken place was, indeed, a surprise, and it seemed as if the audience would never tire in their plaudits. Meantime a beautiful young lady, a teacher in the Barrack-street school, accompanied by several beautiful children, miniature representative of the Goddess of Liberty, came on the stand and presented Gov. HAHN with a beautiful wreath, the flowers wrought so as to read "M. H. our Governor." The wreath was justly admired for its delicacy and good taste. At this stage of the proceedings Gen. BANKS rose and stepped into the centre of the platform; his appearance was greeted by continued cheering, and especially from the children, and it was not until two or three signals had been given through the bugle for silence, that the General could proceed.

Mr. PRESIDENT AND FELLOW-CITIZENS: At the request of the Committee of Arrangements, I am present as a spectator, to witness the imposing and grand ceremonies of this interesting occasion, and reluctantly, to express in words, my great gratification at the progress that has been made in the restoration of Louisiana to the Union of States, and in the majestic evidence before me of the returning loyalty of its people. [Loud cheers.]

I have watched, with deepest interest, the pregnant events in the struggle through which we are passing, from its inception to the present hour. In common with the mass of my countrymen, I have sorrowed at reverses, and rejoiced in victories. I have mourned over the heroes that have fallen on the field of battle—my brothers in blood, my brothers in arms—and have joined in the honors which a grateful people have showered upon the gallant spirits that by sea and upon land have led our hosts to victory. They never can be forgotten. [Applause.] Day by day and hour by hour, I have observed the receding armies of the enemy, until more than half the territory covered by the shadow of the rebel flag at the beginning of the war, has fallen into the possession of the Government, and is covered by the Stars and Stripes—the emblem of Liberty, now and forever, here and everywhere. [Enthusiastic cheering.]

It requires no power of prophecy to satisfy us that in the campaign of this season, before the Summer shall have ended, the fourteen insurgent States that a little while since commanded the Atlantic coast, the coast of the Gulf, and the valley of the Mississippi, and our Territories bordering on the Mexican frontier, and the most important of all the unorganized and incipient States of the Republic will be reduced to three or four States on the Atlantic coast, without an outlet by the sea, or possible land communication with either loyal or foreign States of this Continent. [Cheers.] We have enough to rejoice our hearts in the progress of our armies, and to give joy to the festivities of this glad hour—

"But much remains
To conquor still. Peace hath her victories
No less renowned than war."

In order to maintain the ground we have recovered with such terrible sacrifice of precious life, and to enable the gallant leaders and heroic men of our armies to retire to the walks of civil life again, it is necessary that civil institutions of government shall be reëstablished, and a new, subdued, yet patriotic spirit, like that which held

"The helm of Rome, when robes, not arms,
Repelled the fierce Epirote and the bold African."

should animate our people and restore the pristine purity and power of the nation.

Louisiana has not been faithless to her duties, nor is she now, nor will she be in the future. Among the truest spirits in the hour of trial were her sons and her daughters. Among the bravest and truest upon the field of battle have been her volunteers. [Cheers.] She was the first in this great revolution of ideas, rather than of arms, to organize her public schools upon a war footing, and infuse into the uncorrupted hearts of its pupils this new sentiment of nationality, by the daily repetition, with the morning prayers, of the magnificent anthems of American liberty. [Cheers.] She was the first to institute the system of compensated labor that makes the restoration of the institution of Slavery on this Continent impossible; that compels us to prepare for the elevation of the oppressed races, and the ultimate recognition of all their rights. She is the first in this revolution of ideas to give to the social element of the people a national interest and importance. And to-day it celebrates with becoming splendor the recognition by the people, in a canvass of unrestricted freedom, and a ballot of nearly 12,000 votes, the integrity of which has not been questioned, of the national sentiment, that Union and Liberty are and must be now and forever one and inseparable. [Loud and prolonged applause.] In proportion to the confidence with which the people of the American continent shall view the results of this day's history, so will arise, in all parts of our land, a cry of joy as of a people liberated from the bondage of Slavery and death. [Cheers.] And from the hearthstone and the altars will arise the prayers of the good and wise, that this first and brightest gleam of light will prove a joyful harbinger of a perpetual day of peace, prosperity and power.

Of all human institutions, States are of the slowest growth, and require the deepest root. To be permanent, they must be founded in the habits and customs of the people. Like a statute, they cannot be brought into existence by edict, or decree, or constitution. Their laws must be founded in the institutions of social life, and penetrate the business and bosoms of men. The Constitution that has this day been partially revived, and the State that is this day re-created, has this permanent foundation. It is not called into life by a vote of the people, nor by the inauguration of the Governor, but has a longer and deeper basis than this, or than all these; and that is in the changed habits of the people, and the adaptation of their customs, and their interests and daily life to the new condition of things, and the demands of the new and great age upon which we are entering. You will see it in the saloon; you will find it in the workshop; it is pregnant with life on the plantation; it is in the counting-room; on the levee; on the Merchants' Exchange; in the army; and more than all—above all—it lives in the precious music of the young hearts that are about us, that with the majestic accompaniment of artillery and the chimes of bells rises like a universal holacaust to Heaven in praise to God for the day that has dawned upon us. [Tumultuous cheers.] Let us remember that the reinauguration we celebrate has the basis of a century, for we have achieved deeds of a century in the past two years; and so long as the people are faithful and true to themselves, so long will stand Louisiana, the first returning State, in which every man is a freeman, the architect of his own fortune, with nothing between him and his Maker to limit his aspirations or his opportunities. But it requires capacity, devotion and purpose; it must be done by the people and not by their agents; and in invoking blessings of Almighty God upon this auspicious day and occasion, we can ask of him in the plentitude of his power and wisdom, to do no more and to do no less than to impress upon the people of Louisiana a fitting idea of their responsibilities and their duties. [Prolonged applause.]

At the close of this address, the band gave "Our Flag is Still There," first time with full band; second tine, full band in grand chorus; third and last time, full band, chorus, chiming of bells, with artillery accompaniment. The Rev. Mr. HORTON then offered up an eloquent prayer, followed by a musical medley of our most popular airs, ending with a benediction from the Rev. Mr. CHUBBUCK.

Then followed the musical *finale*, which was one of the grandest affairs of the kind that was ever attempted in this country. It is probably true, nothing equal to it ever occurred in the grandest European musical festivals. The imposing ceremonies of the day had had their effect, the presence of thousands of beautiful children, the warming up of the latent fires of patriotism in the strong men present, the congratulations of those who could hardly realize the present moment to be else than a dream—to have, under such circumstances, our national airs played with a pomp and circumstance unprecedented in musical history—to listen to the swelling notes of ten thousand loyal children—to hear a half thousand stalwart performers on instruments—to hear introduced the roll of drums and the running fire of two regiments of musketry, and hear, above all this din of awful melody, the booming of cannon, first in single reports, and then rolling rapidly along like Heaven's maddest tropical artillery, it is no wonder we repeat, that timid women became enthusiastic, that strong stalwart men, that veterans of fifty hard-fought battle-fields, were simultaneously fused in one bond of sympathy, and that amid this clamor of crowning glory to a completed programme of events, that will mark an era in the world's history—there went up one united shout of joy, from old and young, honored and humble, in the redeemed city of the South, this favored spot of the great Valley of the Mississippi; and thus ended the immediate ceremonies connected with the inauguration of the first Free State Governor of Louisiana. T.

DIVISION OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

Reports from Chattanooga—Unsuccessful Rebel Ruse—Affairs at Knoxville—Large Arrival of Deserters, &c.

CHATTANOOGA, Saturday, March 12.

The rebels sent in a flag of truce on "important business." The intention was to get the location of our advanced posts at Ringgold. The flag was stopped at the outposts and the scheme failed.

A heavy column of infantry was reported moving up from Ringgold, but was ascertained to be nothing more than an escort to a body of refugees, seeking the Federal lines.

Boats from Knoxville report guerrillas quiet along the river.

The receipts of rebel deserters average thirty per day this month.

The oath is administered daily at the City Prison at 7 o'clock.

All deserters are sent to the rear.

Gen. STEDMAN, commanding the post, is issuing 50,000 rations daily. Citizens come from a distance of fifty miles.

All unemployed and unenlisted contrabands will be shipped North on Monday.

As an evidence of reconstruction, the Masonic Lodge, at Chattanooga, has revived and will soon commence work.

Col. NICHOLAZZIE, of the Twenty-fourth Illinois, who was wounded at Buzzard's Roost, in a late reconnoisance, died in the hospital last night.

Remonstrance of Gov. Bramlette Against Enlistment of Negroes.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Saturday, March 12.

It is understood that Gov. BRAMLETTE has addressed an earnest remonstrance to the President respecting the enrollment and enlistment of slaves in Kentucky, and has notified the President that he will execute the laws of Kentucky against all who attempt to take slaves from their owners without their consent. He claims that Kentucy has furnished more than 50,000 of her sons to defend the Government, and is willing to furnish still more—all that are allotted to her; that she has proved her loyalty, and must be treated as a loyal State, and that her Constitution and laws must be respected.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

Opinions Concerning the Late Reverse in Florida.

An Artillery Skirmish Near Jacksonville.

THE STRENGTH OF THE REBEL FORCE.

Capture of Torpedoes in the St. John's River.

INTERESTING MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The United States steam-transport *Fulton*, WORTON, Commander, from Port Royal, S. C., March 10, at 2 o'clock P. M., arrived last night with mails and passengers to Maj. STEWART VAN VLIET, Assistant Quartermaster-General.

Among the passengers are Brig.-Gen. J. W. TURNER, bearer of official dispatches to the War Department, and Capt. C. W. PICKERING, Lieut. F. J. HIGGINSON and Dr. W. PLANT, of the sloop-of-war *Housatonic*.

The steamship *Daniel Webster* arrived at Port Royal, on the morning of the 10th, having a regiment on board.

The Quartermaster's steamboat *Harriet Weed*, previously reported lost in St. John's River, and arrived at Port Royal without injury.

Capt. KETCHUM, of the transport *Island City*, captured on an island called the Two Sisters, near the mouth of the St. John's River, two large torpedoes. The magazines of both consisted of half an oil can, hermetically sealed, and contained seventy-five pounds of rifle powder. The powder was to be fired by means of a gun-barrel, to which was attached a percussion cap, exploded by a hammer, the latter being operated by a powerful steel spring, controlled and regulated by a complete Yankee brass clock, manufactured in Connecticut, evidently constructed for the benefit of our blockading vessels in the St. John's.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Wednesday, March 9, 1864.

THE ARMY

is still encamped outside the entrenchments, although the lines have been contracted within the past few days. The men are fully prepared to again meet the enemy, and are confident that in the next encounter the result will be in their favor. The whys and wherefores of the recent disaster have been the themes of unlimited conversation and discussion among both officers and men, and the conclusion generally arrived at is not in a strict sense favorable to the military reputation of the commander of the district. He suffers not so much on account of having made an advance movement as in marching his column without flankers. When Gen. SEYMOUR advanced on the morning of the 20th, he was fully persuaded he was on the eve of achieving something very handsome in the military way, and had he taken the proper precautions, I doubt not he would have realized all that he anticipated. It is hardly fair to censure Gen. SEYMOUR for wanting to give to the Florida expedition a practical military aspect; but I take the ground that he cannot offer a reasonable excuse for committing the gross blunder of allowing his men to be entrapped. That is the only substantial blunder he did commit, and it is the only act for which he deserves blame. The fact of his transcending orders might be considered a just cause for his arrest, had not numerous instances of a similar nature occurred and been passed over without remark. But on account of his not succeeding, his going beyond the limits of his instructions will, of course, weigh heavily in the balance against him. Gen. SEYMOUR does not hesitate to take upon himself the responsibility of his entire proceedings so far as they regard the battle of Olustee. It is well known that Gen. GILLMORE gave instructions that the army should settle for a while at Baldwin and Barber's. In the belief that all was going on prosperously, Gen. GILLMORE returned to Hilton Head, and judge of his surprise to receive a dispatch from Gen. SEYMOUR on the morning of the 18th ult., stating his intention to advance toward Lake City. That same day Gen. GILLMORE sent his Chief-of-Staff, Gen. TURNER, by a special boat to Jacksonville, with instructions to prevent the advance movement, but the fearful gale that was blowing at the time kept the vessel from crossing St. John's bar, consequently Gen. TURNER did not arrive at Jacksonville until Saturday night, at about the hour the army commenced falling back from Olustee. I regret to see so much written about Gen. SEYMOUR not sympathizing heartily with the colored troops. As far as sympathy is concerned, I think Gen. SEYMOUR has given them a full share. But I do not think he is a man to over-indulge any of his troops, either white or colored; and so long as the one is not favored particularly at the expense of the other, the friends of the colored troops have no good ground for complaint. The value of colored soldiers has been thoroughly tested, and as far as my experience goes, it is equal to that of white troops, when the latter are within supporting distance. They must have an example to go by. In my opinion, it would be a fearful mistake to send a body of colored troops into a fight without having near by a force of white soldiers. While I do not believe in crowding the colored soldiers, I do not believe in placing him above the white one, for it is the latter after all that we must depend upon to achieve our signal victories.

SKIRMISHING.

Last week, Col. HENRY, with a force of cavalry and artillery, proceeded toward the enemy's position on a reconnoissance. When he had reached Three Mile Run, a little stream three miles out of Jacksonville, he discovered a regiment of mounted rebels drawn up in line on the opposite side, in readiness to go out with apparently a view to examine our lines and position. The rebels also had artillery. A brief skirmish ensued, which was followed by an artillery duel—two or three pieces being engaged on each side. The rebels were finally compelled to retreat toward their camping ground. They were pursued by HENRY as far as Camp Finnigan. Beyond that point it was not prudent for HENRY to go in consequence of approaching darkness. Our men returned to camp with one man killed and five wounded. The enemy lost more than double that number. The enemy's cavalry seem to be continually prowling round our flanks. They will get a lesson one of these days that will cause howling among them.

REBEL DESERTERS

come into our lines at the rate of three and four a day. From them we learn that the enemy is driving the cattle from Florida as rapidly as possible. All the rebels care about, is to hold the State sufficiently long to get the cattle away, then they will vacate, and we may occupy it with welcome.

THE ENEMY'S POSITION.

The main portion of the rebels are at Baldwin. Their pickets are between Camp Finnegan and Ten Mile Run. A trustworthy scout informs me their force consists of seventeen regiments infantry, two regiments cavalry and one battery artillery, exclusive of the five pieces taken from us. They are fortifying Baldwin; and although FINEGAN wishes it to be understood that he intends an advance, it is not believed he will venture beyond his present limits. They have trains running from Lake City to Baldwin. FINEGAN's headquarters are said to be at Baldwin. The other day, one of our sergeants went over under flag of truce, and had an interview with a rebel Captain of cavalry. The Captain wanted to know why we came down to Florida, for by so doing we deprived him of much quiet enjoyment, and also forced him, against his desire, to fight. His men did not want to fight, and he thought ours did not also. The deluded Captain was informed that we came to fight, if necessary, to accomplish an object, and that he need not be surprised to witness, not long hence, one of the best little fights that had ever happened in Florida. On one occasion, while HENRY was making his raids in the direction of Gainesville, three weeks ago, he nabbed FINEGAN's Provost-Marshal, who was at a small house visiting his family. His name was WALKER, and he said, if HENRY would let him off on parole, he would return to our lines at the expiration of fifteen days. The fellow was as good as his word, and is now in our custody.

GEN. VOGDES

has returned to Hilton Head, after remaining here but five days. The report sent North that he came for the purpose of superseding Gen. SEYMOUR was wholly without foundation. Gen. SEYMOUR continues to hold command of this district. What changes may take place hereafter, I am not able at this writing to say. I am positive that, on account of courts-martial now pending, there is no General in the department available for the position.

GEN. GILLMORE

spent a few days here last week in examining the fortifications and ordering the construction of additional works. He is now at Hilton Head.

THE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

is in good condition. Nearly all the wounded have been transferred to the hospitals at Beaufort and Hilton Head. They are well provided for, and are rapidly recovering from their wounds. The number of the wounded in the late battle reaches the high figure of 1,800. Two-thirds of these, however, are but slightly wounded, and will, in all probability, rejoin their regiments in the course of three or four weeks. Dr. GLOSS, formerly Medical Director at Morris Island, now occupies the same position at this post. Chief-Medical Director SWIFT continues to make his headquarters at Jacksonville.

HILTON HEAD, S. C., Thursday, March 10, 1864.

CAPTURE OF A BLOCKADE-RUNNER.

At 7 o'clock, on the morning of the 4th inst., Corp. SMITH, of Company F, Third Rhode Island Artillery, who was doing picket duty on Tybee Island, discovered a schooner on the beach, which, on examination, proved to be a blockade-runner. The schooner ran aground during the night, and her papers showed she was bound from Nassau. Capt. D. B. CHURCHILL, of the same company, went aboard the schooner, taking with him a file of men, and seized the Captain and four men, who constituted the crew.

The cargo consisted of coffee, whisky, alcohol and spices. The captain said the schooner was called the *Alice Turner*, but the mate persisted her right name was *Mattie*. The point at which she was captured is five miles from Fort Pulaski. Maj. BAILEY, of the Third Rhode Island, Commandant of the post, was notified of the capture, and sent Lieut. JAS. M'CARTER, with a small force of men, to take charge of the vessel. Her cargo has been removed to Martello Tower, on Tybee Island. The hull of the schooner is in a good condition, but the deck and masts are nearly worn out. The schooner is of thirty-five tons burthen. The captain said he was attempting to run into Savannah, and that on the night previous to his capture he ran aground on Hilton Head Island. At that time he gave up all hopes of his vessel, and went below with his crew to take a good supper, believing the "Yankees" would get all that they did not eat. But the tide rose, and set the vessel afloat, which in the end proved of little benefit to him, as he was nabbed the next morning. He said he paid $35,000 for the schooner in Nassau. He and his men are from Charleston and Savannah. Col. HOWELL, Commandant of the Post at Hilton Head, has made arrangements to have the goods conveyed thither. The vessel and cargo will probably be sold at public auction.

A RIGHT MOVEMENT.

In accordance with orders recently issued by Gen. GILLMORE, Provost-Marshal-General HALL caused to be arrested last Sunday all parties using Government horses who were not entitled to that privilege by law. The result of the proceeding was an assemblage of fifty persons at his headquarters at 5 P. M., the party including several officers, and civilians riding private horses were interfered with only to a sufficient extent to make the fact evident, while riders of Government horses, including Commissary and Quartermaster's clerks, sutlers, all classes of civilians, and even officers, were made to give explanations and then undergo the treatment of a good reprimand. It is high time this abuse of riding public animals by TOM, DICK AND HARRY, should be corrected, and we are glad to see that Provost-Marshal General HALL has taken the matter in hand. Parties repeating the offence will be punished severely. In this connection I desire to bear testimony to the very able and efficient manner in which Provost-Marshal-General HALL is assisted in the duties of his office by Lieut. ALEX. NEWMAN. An officer better qualified for the position than Lieut. NEWMAN could not be found in the department.

THE HEALTH

of the troops at Hilton Head continues excellent. A number of cases of small-pox has broken out among the colored population. Not long since a colored child of one of the washerwomen at the Port Royal House was seized with the small-pox, and, upon a representation of the case being made to Dr. B. R. JOHNSON, who has charge of the treatment of colored people, that functionary declined to give his attention to the case until he was absolutely forced to do so by Dr. A. P DALRYMPLE, who was made acquainted with the facts by Dr. L. H. PEASE. If cases of small-pox are allowed to remain at such public places as the Port Royal House, and remain there simply because a surgeon appointed to attend to that branch of duties neglects to perform his mission, how long will it be before we shall have the terrible disease throughout the army? In such instances we must have surgeons who will not fail to do their duty. WHIT.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Sunday, March 13.

The steamer *Monticello* arrived this afternoon with the blockade-running steamer *Mary Ann* in tow, captured off Wilmington.

The oyster schooner *Julia Baker* was burned by the rebels yesterday morning up the Nansemond River. Her Captain and crew were captured with $2,000. The crew were asleep when captured.

A New Call for Troops Probable.

EXCESS ON PRESENT QUOTAS TO BE CREDITED.

The following was received by Gen. HAYS yesterday. It would seem to indicate pretty plainly that another call for troops is to be made:

WASHINGTON, March

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, March 12, 1864—6 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 93 bbls. Ashes, 5,116 bbls. Flour, 675 bags Corn Meal, 1,565 bushels Wheat, 4,090 bushels Corn, 60 bushels Rye, 6,060 bushels Oats, 1,542 bushels Malt, 3,118 pkgs. Provisions, and 1,438 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales 70 bbls., including Pots at $9 87½, and Pearls at $10 ₩ 100 lbs. Stock, 683 bbls.

COFFEE—Has been in fair demand at full prices. We quote: Java, 43c.@45c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo, 35½c.@38c.; Rio, 36c.@37½c., St. Domingo, 35c.@34c. ₩ lb.

COTTON—Has been less sought after at irregular prices. Strict Middlings 77½c.@78c. ₩ lb. Sales and resales, since our last, 300 bales.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been quite dull to-day, and prices have been pressed down, nominally, 5c.@10c. ₩ bbl., the market closing very irregularly. Sales, since our last, 7,100 bbls., including Superfine State and Western at $5 35@$5 55; poor to choice extra State at $5 65@$7 10, chiefly at $6 70@$6 90; round-hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $7 10@$7 25 ₩ bbl.

Superfine State and Western.....$5 35 @$5 55
Extra State..... 5 65 @ 7 10
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c. 6 60 @ 9 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g br'ds. 7 10 @ 7 25
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands. 7 30 @ 9 00
Extra Genesee..... 7 15 @ 9 00
Poor to very choice extra Missouri. 7 40 @11 00

Southern Flour has been in less demand at drooping prices; sales since our last, 900 bbls., at $7@$7 85 for very poor to good superfine; $7 90@$11 for fancy to very choice extra brands, ₩ bbl. Canadian Flour is depressed and cheaper; sales 600 bbls. extra, at $6 60@$ 50 ₩ bbl. Rye Flour continues quiet, at $5 45@$5 75 ₩ bbl. Sales 150 bbls. Corn Meal is inactive, at $5 25@$5 35 for Jersey; $5 15@$5 20 for Brandywine ₩ bbl. Total sales 180 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been very quiet to-day; prices have been to unsettled too quote reliable, and those given in our report are merely nominal. The heavy decline in Gold has had a depressing effect on the market. Sales since our last 38,000 bushels, including White Western at $1 80; Amber Western at $1 71@$1 74, in store and delivered; Red Western at $1 68@$1 70; Old Western, $1 60; Amber Iowa, Wisconsin and Green Bay, $1 63@$1 65, in store and delivered; Milwaukee Club at $1 61@$1 64, in store and delivered; Chicago Spring, $1 60@$1 63; Amber Jersey at $1 66 ₩ bushel. Corn is in limited demand at lower prices. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 26,000 bushels at $1 30 cash, and $1 31½ for mixed Western, in store; $1 27@$1 28½ for new Yellow Jersey and Southern ₩ bushel. Rye is dull at $1 35@$1 39. Oats are in less demand and rather heavy. We quote Canada at 69½c.@90½c.; Western at 96c.@91c.; State at 90c.@ 91c.; Jersey at 85c.@88c. ₩ bushel. Barley continues in request at $1 28@$1 53, as extremes, ₩ bushel; sales have been reported of 2,600 bushels. Barley Malt at $1 55@$1 58 ₩ bushel. Sales 4,100 bushels.

HAY—North River continues ingood demand at $1 25@$1 50 for inferior to prime, in large and small lots, ₩ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been in very moderate request at from 22c.@32c., according to quality; and crop of 1862, at 18c.@22c. ₩ lb.

HIDES.—The movements this week have been more extensive both in the line of receipts and sales. Prices have been unsettled. The week's receipts reached 80,805 hides; sales, 59,500 hides, the latter including according to Messrs. Wright & Wimmer, 14,100 Buenos Ayres, partly arrive, 21@22½ lbs., 29c.@30c., cash, usual selection; 11,000 Montevideo, 21@23 lbs., 28½c.@29½c., cash, usual selection; 4,500 California, 22 lbs., 28½c., cash, usual selection; 7,000 Rio Grande, part to arrive, 21 lbs., 28½c.@29c., cash, usual selection; 7,000 Orinoco, 22 lbs., 29½c., 6 months, usual selection; 1,400 Matamoras, 22 lbs., on private terms; 1,600 Aspinwall, 19@20 lbs., 27½c., cash, usual selection; 1,200 Maraham, dry salted, 28 lbs., 20c., cash, usual selection; 700 Wet-salted Rio Grande, 50 lbs., 15c., cash, usual selection; 250 Wet-salted Vera Cruz, 45 lbs., on private terms; 3,400 City Slaughter, 60@75 lbs., 12c.@12¾c., cash, rejecting bad hides; 800 Country Slaughter, 65 lbs., 12¾c., cash, rejecting bad hides; 3,100 Western Slaughter, 60@70 lbs., 13¼c.@12½c., cash, rejecting bad hides; 2,000 Army Slaughter, 75 lbs., 12½c., cash, rejecting bad hides. Stock in importers' and speculator's hands 30,100 Dry Hides; —Wet-salted Hides, —; Horse Hides, and 200 bales East India Hides.

LEATHER—The week's business in this line, Messrs. H. D. Hull & Co. review thus: "There has prevailed only a moderate demand for Hemlock Sole during the week, and the market has ruled quiet. Very few buyers have made their appearance in the Swamp, and these have bought but sparingly. In prices there is but little quotable change, though rates favor buyers. The receipts from the tanneries are fair for the season, and there is a slight accumulation of stock at the close of the week. For Oak Tanned the demand continues active at firm and improving prices. The supply is limited. Rough Upper is in fair inquiry at firm rates." Week's receipts of Sole, 54,100 sides.

NAVAL STORES—Have been quiet but very firm, including Spirits Turpentine at $3 35@$3 40 ₩ gallon. Tar at $23@$25 ₩ bbl., and Resin at $37@$45 ₩ 280 lbs.

OILS—Have been inactive at previous rates, including Crude Whale at $1 08@$1 12; Crude Sperm $1 62@$1 65; Bleached Winter Whale at $1 22½@$1 25; Unbleached Sperm at $1 85@$1 95; Linseed at $1 58@$1 60; No. 1 Lard at $1 12@$1 18; City Red at 80c.; Olive at $1 90@$2 ₩ gallon, and $6 25@$6 37½, and $5@$6 25 for pints and quarts; Crude Petroleum, 30c.@32c., here; Refined do at 99c.@c2., free, and 48c.@50c. in bond, ₩ gallon. Receipts of Petroleum, 506 bbls.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been less sought after and quite heavy. Sales since our last 2,500 bbls. at $23 50@$23 62½ for New Mess; $22 25@$22 50 for Mess, last season's packing; $21 75@$22 25 for two year old Mess; $24@$26 50 for Old and New Clear Mess; $21@$23 for Thin Mess; $21 50@$24 for Western and City Prime Mess, and $23 for Western do., deliverable in May; $18@$20 50 for Old and New Prime ₩ bbl. Cut Meats are in less demand at 12c.@14¾c. for Hams, and 9¾c.@10¾c. for Shoulders ₩ lb.; sales 370 packages. Bacon is in fair request at 11½c.@ 13½c., according to quality ₩ lb.; sales since our last 650 boxes for immediate and future delivery. Dressed Hogs have been in fair demand, at 9¼c.@10½c., the latter for choice City ₩ lb. Lard is heavy and drooping; sales 1,000 tcs. and bbls. for immediate and future delivery, at 13½c.@13¾c., the latter an extreme rate, ₩ lb. Beef is in brisk request at rising rates; sales 6,800 bbls., at $15 50@$17 25 for Extra Mess, and $13@$15 50 for Plain Mess ₩ bbl.; Prime Mess, $24 50@$25; India Mess, $28@$30 ₩ tierce. Sales 4,700 tcs. Beef Hams, $20 50@$22 ₩ bbl.; sales 450 bbls. Butter is in moderate demand, at 26c.@31c. for poor to choice Western, and 32c.@40c. for common to choice State, ₩ lb. Cheese continues in request, at 14¼c.@18c. ₩ lb.

RICE—Continues in moderate request, at $8@$8 75 for East India, ₩ 100 lbs.

SKINS—Goat have been in request for manufacturing purposes, but the light supply and advanced views of holders retard sales. Sales, 200 bales Curacoa and 40 bales Payta on private terms. Also, 25 bales Patna, to arrive, at 54¾c., cash. There is a lull in the demand for Deer and sales are hard to effect, unless at a considerable concession from late rates. We have no sales of importance to note. The stock on hand is larger than held for some time past.

SUGARS—Have been in less request, yet very firm. Sales since our last 430 hhds., including New-Orleans at 13c.@15c., and Cuba at 13c.@14c.; 70 boxes Havana, part at 14c.@14½c. ₩ lb. Refined Sugars have been in demand, at 14¼c.@18c., ₩ lb.

TALLOW—Sales since our last 75,000 lbs., at 12½c.@13c., the latter for Butchers' Association, and 6,000 lbs. Grease at 11¾c. ₩ lb.

WHISKY—Sales since our last, 2,400 bbls., in lots, at 88c.@93c., closing at 90c.@93c. ₩ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Have been somewhat brisker, but rates have been quoted easier. For Liverpool—the engagements included 42,000 bushels Wheat at 4d.@ 4¼d.; 2,500 bushels do. at 4¾d., in ship's bags; 100 bbls. Pork at 2s. 6d.; 300 tcs. Beef at 3s. 6d.; 100 bbls. do. at 2s. 9d.; 250 bxs. Bacon at 17s. 6d.@20s. For London—1,000 bbls. Flour at 1s. 9d. For Glasgow—60 tons Provisions and 10,000 light barrel staves at 22s. 6d.; also by steamer, 500 tcs. Beef at 5s.; 400 bxs. Bacon at 30s.; and 300 tcs. Lard at 25s. For Havre—100 tons Sugar and Provisions at 50 francs. Mr. J. P. Elwell, broker, quotes: "To London—Flour, 1s. 7¾d. @1s. 9d. by American, and 1s. 10½d.@ 2s. by neutral vessels; Wheat, at 5¾d. by American, and 6¾d. by neutral vessels; heavy goods, at 1?s. 6d. by American, and 22s. 6d. by neutral vessels. For Liverpool—Flour, at 1s. 9d. by American, and 2s. by neutrals; Wheat at 4d.@4¾d. by American, and 5d. by neutrals; heavy goods at 17s. 6d. by American, and 20s.@22s. 6d. by neutrals. For Glasgow—Flour at 1s. 9d.@2s. by American, and 2s.@2s. 3d. by neutrals; Wheat, at 6¾d. by American, and 7d. by neutrals; heavy goods, at 20s. by American and 22s. 6d. by neutrals. The nominal rate for Grain charters to Cork for orders is 5s. 6d.; and to direct ports, 5s. ₩ 480 lbs." The latest charters, according to the *Shipping List*, have been: Three ships from Chinchas to Cork or orders to a port in the United Kingdom, Guano, at £3 15s., free of war risk; a British brig, 430 tons, from Philadelphia to Cronstadt, 3,000 bbls. Petroleum, 7s.; a bark from Philadelphia to Genoa, 2,000 bbls., about 6s. 3d.; a Dutch brig, 250 tons, to Rotterdam, 30s. ₩ ton; a British schooner, 1,000 bbls., to Hayti and back, $1,200, half-gold; a schooner, 193 tons, to Mayaguez, P. R., and back, $2,000; one, 140 tons, to Tampico and back, $2,000; one to Point Petre or St. Pierre, Mart., 75c. ₩ bbl., gold; a British schooner, 1,000 bbls., to Martinique, 80c., gold; a bark, 365 tons, to South side Cuba and back, Sugar, 50c., and Molasses, $4 50, under deck; a British bark, 227 tons, to Matanzas and back, 50c., and $3 25 on deck; a British bark to Havana, $1,400; one, 442 tons, to Havana, $2 500; a British brig, 170 tons, to West Coast Africa and back, and a British brig, 174 tons, to Rio Grande and back, on private terms.

LOCATION OF THE NEW-YORK PATRIOT ORPHAN HOME.—General competition is still invited.—The Board of Counselors and the Board of Directors of the "Institute of Reward for Orphans of Patriots," will meet at the Rooms of Dr. Webster's Free Academy, MONDAY, 14th inst., at 7¾ P. M., in regard to the location of the "Patriot Orphan Home."

VALENTINE MOTT, M. D., President.
ARTHUR P. WILLMARTH, Treasurer.
EDWARD WARNER, Recording Secretary.
DAVID P. HOLTON, Corresponding Secty.

WANTED FOR CASH.—SECOND-HAND PIANOS for Southern climate. J. G. DAVIES, 467 Broome-st.

DRY GOODS.

AT LEGRAIN'S,
OPENING OF NEW PARISIAN FASHIONS.

NEW SILKS JUST RECEIVED.

NEW PLAIDED SILKS FOR YOUNG LADIES.

BLACK DRAPS DE LYONS, FINEST BLACK SILK EVER IMPORTED.

WHITE AND COLORED CORDED SILK.

NEW CHINE SILK.

NEW STRIPED SILK.

BRIGHT PLAIDED SILK, FOR TRIMMINGS AND DRESSES.

PLAIN LYONS FOULARD.

FIGURED LYONS FOULARD.

VERY RICH PRINTED FOULARD, MOST EXTRA QUALITY.

ALL SILK GRENADINE, VERY RICH DESIGNS.

BAREGE, GRENADINE, SMALL FIGURED, FOR YOUNG LADIES.

REAL GOAT'S HAIR, TWO YARDS WIDE.

BLACK GRENADINE BAREGE,

BLACK QUEEN'S CLOTHS, MUCH BETTER FOR DRESSES THAN ALPACAS.

ALL SILK BLACK GRENADINE.

BLACK ALPACAS, VERY BEST CHOICE.

WHITE ALPACAS, PARISIAN QUALITY.

COLORED ALPACAS, ALL SHADES.

PARISIAN POPLINS, QUITE NEW.

FRENCH PERCALES.

FRENCH ORGANDIES.

FRENCH PRINTED BRILLIANTS.

GOATS' HAIR AT 55c., WORTH 80c.

AMERICAN PRINTS FOR SPRING.

NEW LADIES' CLOTH.

LEGRAIN'S, No. 729 BROADWAY, and No. 1 WAVERLEY-PLACE.

LORD & TAYLOR.
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY, (corner Grand-st.)
RICH LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
AT RETAIL, received per late steamer.
Also at stores Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST., and Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 465 BROADWAY,
Will exhibit at RETAIL, on MONDAY, March 14, a fine assortment of
CHOICE PARIS SILKS,
just received per steamers. Also,
LOW-PRICED SILKS,
in plain colors and fashionable Plaids and Stripes.
Also at stores
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.,
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY, corner Grand-st.,
MOURNING GOODS,
SPRING AND SUMMER FABRICS IN GREAT VARIETY,
AT RETAIL!
Also at stores Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st, and Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway, corner Grand-st.
DRESS GOODS FOR SPRING,
Paris Poplins, Challies, Mohairs, Barèges, Grenadines, Organdies, Prints, De Laines, Alpacas, Tissues, Traveling Dress Goods, Robes, &c., &c., &c., including all the fashionable styles of Dress Goods, for Spring and Summer wear,
AT RETAIL.
Also at stores Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st., and Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway, corner Grand,
SPRING SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS.
A very full assortment,
Including all the latest novelties,
AT RETAIL!
Also at stores Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st., and Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine st.

NEW SPRING GOODS.
STRANG & ADRIANCE,
No. 355 BROADWAY,
Have now open a full assortment of
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN DRESS GOODS,
BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,
of every variety,
MOIRE ANTIQUES,
PARIS POPLINS,
BLACK AND COLORED ALPACAS,
(new shades,)
COLORED GROUND MARSEILLES, broché figures
WHITE GROUND MARSEILLES, PLAIN AND FIGURED,
GRANADINES,
ORGANDIES,
ROBES,
LACES, EMBROIDERIES, HOSIERY, GLOVES &C.

TO STRANGERS AND VISITORS.
GEO. CAREY respectfully announces that he will have a special opening on
WEDNESDAY, the 16TH INSTANT,
of GROS GRAIN, TAFFETA, INDIA and ARMURE SILKS; FRENCH CLOTHS; LLAMA, CHANTILLY and PUSHER LACE, in MANTILLAS, CIRCULARS, ROTONDES and SACQUES DE GRAND, for the convenience of ladies visiting the City wishing to supply themselves with the EARLIEST SPRING NOVELTIES, arrived ex steamers *City of New-York* and *Australasian*, selected personally in the leading emporiums of Paris and London.
GEO. CAREY,
No. 475 Broadway.

LEGRAIN'S.
TO HOUSEKEEPERS.
WHITE GOODS, FAMILY LINEN AND TABLE LINEN, AT COST.
WHITE SHIRTING MUSLINS, POSITIVELY UNDER COST.
Ladies will only understand the truth of this advertisement by assuring themselves of the facts.
NEW PIQUES, MARSEILLES, FRENCH AND DOMESTIC PRINTS, PRINTED LINEN, just received.
LEGRAIN, No. 729 Broadway.

BLACK SILKS.
BLACK SILKS,
BLACK SILKS,
From $1 per yard up.
PLAIN DRESS SILKS,
PLAIN DRESS SILKS,
PLAIN DRESS SILKS,
From $1 per yard up.
CLOAKS for LADIES and CHILDREN,
CLOAKS for LADIES and CHILDREN,
CLOAKS for LADIES and CHILDREN,
CHILDREN'S CLOAKS from $3 up,
LADIES' CLOAKS from $6 up,
O. & J. MOWBRAY,
No. 269 Grand-st., corner of Forsyth.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS.
AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE
you can purchase cut lengths of Millinery Goods cheaper than down-town jobbers sell whole pieces.
CALL ON MONDAY, MARCH 14, 1864.
We shall have ready for inspection several hundred cartoons of rich Ribbons, every width, from auction. Also, new French Flowers, Bonnet Silks, every shade, cheap. TUESDAY—Over 500 cases of new Straw Goods, comprising all the fashionable styles and braids in Ladies' and Misses' Bonnets, Bloomers and Hats, much below regular prices. Also, Millinery Laces, Crapes, Rouches, &c., &c.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand-st. and No. 66 Allen-st., Fifth block east from the Bowery.

DRY GOODS.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.

LINENS,	QUILTS,
BLANKETS,	TOWELS,
FLANNELS,	TOWELINGS,
NAPKINS,	COTTON SHEETINGS,
DAMASK CLOTHS,	JACONETS,
DOYLIES,	CAMBRICS,
DOMESTIC SHIRTINGS,	NAINSOOKS, &c., &c.

UPHOLSTERY GOODS.

BROCATELES,	LACE CURTAINS,
REPS,	CORNICES,
PLUSHES,	SHADES,
MOQUETTES,	SHADE HOLLANDS,
CHINTZES,	TASSELS,
TURKEY REDS,	PICTURE CORDS.

Suitable for the Spring retail trade. Persons furnishing houses are requested to examine our stock.
PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

DAMASK CLOTHS
AT RETAIL.
Just received a large assortment of extra fine damask table-cloths, from two to five yards long, of entirely new and very beautiful patterns, with napkins to match; also,
FRENCH AND GERMAN
CLOTHS,
NAPKINS,
DOYLIES,
AND TOWELS,
of the richest designs, and entirely different from anything in the City. Prices reasonable.
PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

SPRING CLOAKS
AND MANTILLAS,
NEW PARIS STYLES,
NOW OPEN,
STRANG & ADRIANCE,
NO. 355 BROADWAY.

BARGAINS IN SILKS.
50 PIECES LIGHT CHECK, $1 25 PER YARD,
100 PIECES LIGHT CHECK, $1 50 PER YARD,
greatly below their value,
A. T. STEWART, & CO.,
Broadway and 10th-st.

REAL INDIA CAMEL'S HAIR SHAWLS,
12 LONG AND SQUARE. PRICE $250,
decided bargains.
Also 3 LONG AND 1 SQUARE SHAWL,
the finest and most costly ever imported.
A. T. STEWART, & CO.,
Broadway and 10th-st.

PEYTON & JOHNSTON,
(late W. K. PEYTON,)
Will open on MONDAY, March 14,
A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF
NEW SPRING DRESS GOODS,
in all the latest styles imported.
Also,
A NEW STOCK OF SPRING SHAWLS.
Also,
A NEW STOCK OF CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS,
of the most select styles imported.
We will also open, in addition to the above,
Several large invoices of DRESS GOODS, purchased on Friday at auction, at prices from 25c. to 50c. per yard.
Also,
A large lot of POPLIN ROBES,
at $5 50 each, worth $9.
PEYTON & JOHNSTON,
(late W. K. PEYTON,)
No. 274 Bowery, near Houston-st.

GREAT SALE OF SILKS
AT
PEYTON & JOHNSTON'S,
(Late W. K. PEYTON,)
No. 274 BOWERY.
BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS!
BLACK SILKS, brilliant lustre, at 87½c., cost over one dollar to import.
BLACK SILKS, elegant heavy goods, at $1.
HEAVY BLACK SILKS at $1 10 to $1 50.
(15 to 20 per cent less than present value.)
LYONS' TAFFETAS SILKS at $1 35 and $1 50.
PARIS TAFFETAS, for mantillas, at $1 25 to $1 75.
GROS GRAIN SILKS at $1 25 (a great bargain.)
IMPERIAL QUALITY GROS GRAIN SILKS at $1 50 to $2.
PLAIN COLORED SILKS, all the fashionable shades (purchased at auction) at $1 25 to $1 75.
RICH PLAID SILKS at $1, worth $1 50.
ALSO,
20 pieces of STRIPED SILKS, very heavy and wide, (slightly damaged) at great bargains.
Ladies will find many SPECIAL BARGAINS in our silk sale.
PEYTON & JOHNSTON,
(Late W. K. PEYTON,)
No. 274 Bowery, near Houston-st.

RICH LACES AND PARIS EMBROIDERIES,
A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT
JUST OPENED FOR THE SPRING TRADE,
CONSISTING OF
Black Guipure, Thread and French Laces.
Real and Imitation Valenciennes Laces.
Real and Imitation Blonds
Point Appliqne and Point Gaze Laces.
Black Thread and Pusher Lace Vails.
Barbes, Coiffeurs, Points, Shawls and Mantillas,
Point Lace Collars, Sets and Handkerchiefs.
Thread Lace Collars, Sets and Handkerchiefs.
Valenciennes Collars, Sets and Handkerchiefs.
Paris Embroidered Collars, Sets and Handkerchiefs.
Bands and Muslin Trimmings, in great variety.
Tartan Plaid Sash Ribbons,
together with a fine selection of every article in the trade, bought before the great advance in gold, and will be offered at
REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.
E. WILLIAMS & CO.,
No. 429 Broadway.

ALPACAS! ALPACAS! ALPACAS!
An immense stock of these Fashionable Dress Fabrics, now in store, embracing all the popular colors, worn for the season.
POPLINS! POPLINS! POPLINS!
Of Irish and French manufacture,
in plain, plaid and stripes,
of all the most desirable shades.
Poplins and Alpacas are to be the two leading styles of Dress Goods worn this Spring and Summer.
Ladies will find our Stock the most extensive of any Retail House in the city.
ALSO,
Just received by last steamers,
A Choice Line of
NEW SPRING SHAWLS,
PEYTON & JOHNSON,
(Late W. K. PEYTON,) No. 274 Bowery.

FURNITURE COVERINGS.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
LATE
SOLOMON & HART,
No. 369 Broadway,
Have just imported a fine stock
BROCATELS, SATINS,
PLUSHES, LASTINGS,
REPS, DAMASKS,
and every variety of COVERINGS of the LATEST STYLES and NEWEST DESIGNS.

HOUSE DECORATIONS.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
LATE
SOLOMON & HART,
No. 369 Broadway,
INPORTERS OF PAPER HANGINGS,
Have just received in store a
MAGNIFICENT VARIETY OF
FRENCH PAPER HANGINGS,
and are prepared to execute orders in the best manner by SKILLFUL AND EXPERIENCED WORKMEN.

NEW CURTAIN GOODS.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
LATE
SOLOMON & HART,
Have now ready a large supply of all kinds of the above goods (which they offer to parties furnishing houses), consisting of
SATIN, BROCATEL and DAMASK for CURTAINS,
LACE CURTAINS,
NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS,
MUSLIN CURTAINS.
Also, CORNICES and TRIMMINGS.
WINDOW SHADES of all descriptions, put up in the best manner.

R. H. MACY.
WHITE GOODS, FINE FLANNELS,
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, EMBROIDERIES,
LACES, RIBBONS, FRENCH FLOWERS,
HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR,
YANKEE NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS,
MACY'S CELEBRATED FRENCH KID GLOVES.
Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., near 14th-st.
R. H. MACY.

AT DE PERCEVAL'S, NO. 657 BROAD, Away, all kinds of children's cloaks and suits' dresses, blankets, sacques, corsets, chemises, infants waists, aprons, bibs, baskets, &c., &c.; ladies' embroidered chemises and nightgowns, yokes; ladies' ready-made under-garments, fluted handkerchiefs, &c.; initials and coats of arms embroidered on handkerchiefs, table linen and bed-clothes; braiding, cotton and silk embroideries made to order. Stamping for embroideries and braiding executed perfectly.

MME. DEMOREST'S GRAND OPENING of patterns of elegant Spring fashions, 473 Broadway, 27 East 14th-st. and 134 Pierrepont-st., Brooklyn. Spring No. of the *Mirror of Fashion* ready March 19.

DRY GOODS.

CORSETS AND SKIRTS.—MRS. ELGER HAS the best and cheapest assortment in the City. Nice fitting corsets from $1; new shape skirts, best steels, our own make, from 60c. Also Wertsky's Paris made patent corsets. Misses' corsets, pads, steels, busts, &c., &c. N.B.—Crochet and needlework edgings, frillings, ruffings, real and imitation laces, for dress trimmings and under garments. Ladies' and children's plain hem stitched and embroidered handkerchiefs very cheap. Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A Protestant Welsh woman, as first-class cook; thoroughly understands her business; making the best of soups, cooking all kinds of meats and game; understands all kinds of boning fowls, and can make the best of pastry; has seventeen months' reference from her last place. Call, until engaged, at No. 238 East 10th-st.

AS COOK.—A PROTESTANT WOMAN WISHES a situation as competent cook of soups, meats, poultry and game, in all styles; baking and larding, desserts, various kind of jellies, &c.; best of reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 247 7th-av., near 27th st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as first-class cook; understands cooking in all its branches; has the best of City reference for honesty and sobriety. Can be seen at No. 14 4th-av.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A first-class cook who thoroughly understands cooking in all its branches; best of City reference from her last place. Call, for three days, at No. 62½ West Washington-place.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable Protestant woman as first-rate cook; is willing and obliging; best of City reference. Apply at No. 290 East 9th-st.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A competent person as cook; makes good pastry, puddings and jellies; has good City references. Call at No. 104 West 19th-st.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A good plain cook, washer and ironer desires a situation; City references given. Call at No 13 Union-court, University-place, near 12th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND LAUNDRESS.—A capable young woman wishes a situation as chambermaid and laundress; she can do French fluting and all her work exceedingly neat. Call at No. 38 West 13th-st., first floor, front room.

AS NURSE.—AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT woman desires a situation in City or country, as nurse; no objection to do fine washing; understands nursing in all its branches; has best of references. Call at No. 378 6th-av.; no objection to travel.

AS GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—WANTed, by a respectable young girl, a situation to do general housework; she has lately come to the country; is willing, and a very good worker; also a very good washer and ironer. Call for two days at No. 434 West 35th-st., two pairs stairs up, front room.

AS HOUSEKEEPER.—A HOUSEKEEPER'S situation wanted by an experienced woman in a hotel or boarding-house; no objection to the country. Address HOUSEKEEPER, for one week, 151 East 32d-st.

A LADY IS DESIROUS OF FINDING A situation for an excellent servant with a family going to California, who would consider her services as an equivalent for her passage. She is never sea-sick and remarkably kind to children. For particulars, inquire at No. 135 Madison-av., between 10 and 12 o'clock.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a respectable young Protestant person as waitress; understands her business throughly and has good references. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 397 4th-av.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTed, by a Protestant Englishwoman, a situation as nurse and seamstress; can take full charge of a baby from its birth; has good City reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen at the Protestant Employment Agency, No. 125 4th-av., between 12th and 13th sts.

AS WASHER AND IRONER.—A RESPECTable Protestant woman would like the washing of a few private families; can do all kinds of fine washing and ironing. Call at No. 149 West 27th-st, first floor, room No. 1, front. Can be seen for 2 days.

AS DRESSMAKER.—A DRESSMAKER wishes a few more customers, by the day or week; understands cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses in all kinds of trimming. Address No. 59 West 31st-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A tidy girl, who lived in a gentleman's family in Ireland, a situation as chambermaid and to do plain sewing; embroiders neatly; wages, $7. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a tidy girl who lived eight years in her last place, a situation as regular chambermaid and waitress; will assist with the washing and ironing; wages, $8. Call at No 192 East 21st-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A respectable young woman desires a situation as first-class chambermaid and waitress; City references given. Call at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, near 12th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID—SITUATION WANTED by a respectable young girl as chambermaid and waitress, or to take care of children and do plain sewing. Best of City references. Can be seen at No. 116 East 22d-st.

AS WAITRESS OR CHILD'S NURSE.—Wanted, by a young girl, a situation as waitress or children's nurse; can produce good reference. Can be seen for two days. Call at No. 289 8th-av., in the store.

AS NURSE, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY a young girl, to take care of children, or to do light chamberwork. Call, for two days, at No. 211 West 36th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS NURSE OR HOUSEKEEPER.—A REspectable American young woman, who is very neat in her person and habits, desires a situation in either of the above capacities; will go any distance, and has no objection to keep house for a widower or bachelor. Apply or direct to E. S. G., No. 15 Court-st., Brooklyn.

AS INFANT'S NURSE.—SITUATION WANTed, by a respectable Protestant woman, as nurse; understands the care of an infant thoroughly; has good references Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 307 4th-av.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—SEWING DONE IN FAMilies by the day, week, or month, by a lady with Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Call or address Miss LYONS, No. 300 West 18th-st.

AT MRS. WHITFIELD'S (FORMERLY OF THE CHURCH HOME.)—Families in City and country supplied at short notice with German, French, English and Irish first-class cooks, and girls for every description of housework, at No. 397 4th-av., between 28th and 29th sts. Male help supplied.

MALES.

AS GARDENER.—A GERMAN MARRIED MAN with a thorough knowledge of green-houses, hot-beds vegetables, graperies, fruit trees, &c., wishes a situation as gardener; he can furnish the best of reference; no position of simple gardenwork only will be accepted. Address F. TIMM, Box No. 282, Rondout, Ulster County, N. Y.

AS GARDENER AND FARMER.—WANTed, a situation as gardener and farmer by a first-class Englishman, one of the best fruit-growers in this country; those requiring a good gardener and farmer, address W., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—A FIRST-CLASS PRACtical man capable of filling any situation as florist and grape-grower on the best principles; industrious and economical; has eighteen years' practice in this country; a new place taken. Address A. B., Box No. 218 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—A SITUATION WANTED AS gardener by a man of long practical experience in all departments of the busines; wife with small family. Parties having a new place to plant or improve will find a competent man, by addressing D. G., for three days, Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A GARDENER who understands the cultivation of plants under glass, including vines and fruits, and to take charge of a horse, in this City; a young man preferred; unexceptionable recommendations required. Address A. B. C., Post-office Box No. 1,559.

AS GARDENER.—A SITUATION WANTED AS gardener, by a single man, who thoroughly understands the business, greenhouse, graperies, vegetables, &c., has good City reference. Address M., Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—SITUATION WANTED AS gardener by a man thoroughly understanding his business; green-houses, graperies, vegetables, grounds, &c.; City reference from present employer. Address W. J. JOHNSON, No. 408 3d-av., Station Post-office.

AS GARDENER.—SITUATION WANTED BY A single man as first-class gardener; understands the care of hot-houses and graperies, also growing vegetables; has first-rate reference. Address B., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—A SINGLE MAN WHO UNderstands the raising of all kinds of vegetables and keeping a gentleman's place in order, has the best of reference. Address N., Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION as gardener by an experienced (married man.) Address O. P., care of H. Brown, Mr. Thorburn's, No. 15 John-st., New-York.

AS HEAD GARDENER.—WANTED, BY A practical Scotchman, a situation as head gardener; would lay out a new place; references unexceptionable. Apply to E. D. W., *Scottish American*, No. 37 Park-row.

AS GARDENER.—A SITUATION WANTED AS gardener, by a single man, who thoroughly understands his business; greenhouses, fruit, flowers and vegetables; the best City reference from his last employer. Address M. K., Box No. 216 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER AND COACHMAN.—A situation wanted as gardener and coachman by a married man; no incumbrance; has been many years in this country; can give the best of references as to character and capability. Call on or address C. F., at Smith's seed-store, No. 65 Liberty-st., New-York.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—A situation wanted by a young man who thoroughly understands the care of horses, carriages and harness; is also a good vegetable gardener; willing to make himself useful; can produce the best of City reference. Address J. F., No. 9 John-st., seed-store.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A YOUNG man, with undoubted reference from first-class employers for honesty, sobriety and competency, desires a situation in City or country. Also, a young man of steady habits, as gardener and assistant on a gentleman's farm; is a good hand over horses. Apply to Mr. MANNING, No. 15 Court-st., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS first-class coachman, by a man who thoroughly understands his business; best of City references. Can be seen a , or address a note to P. TRAINOR, saddlery-store, No. 744 Broadway, corner of Astor-place.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman, by a respectable man of good experience; is a good and stylish driver; understands the business throughly; has good City references. Address J. W., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—SITUATION WANTED BY a Protestant single man as coachman; best of reference as to charseter and capability. Address W. D., Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman, by a respectable single man, of good experience; is a good groom and driver; understands the business thoroughly; has good references. Address J. H., Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—SITUAtion wanted by an English married man as above; understands his business thoroughly; has had long experience in either; good City reference. Address, for three days, C. B., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—SITUATION WANTED BY a capable, well-recommended, honest, s

AUCTION SALES.

CORPORATION SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Public notice is hereby given that, by virtue of the powers vested in the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of the City of New-York, by an ordinance of the Common Council, passed Feb. 22, 1844, and an act of the Legislature of this State, passed May 13, 1845, the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund will offer for sale at public auction, on SATURDAY, the 9th day of April, 1864, at noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New York, by William Kennelly, Auctioneer, the following real estate belonging to the City of New-York, viz.:

1. One lot of land on the south side of City Hall-place, in the City of New-York, between Chambers and Reade streets.

2. One lot of land on the west side of Main-street, in the City of Brooklyn, between Water-street and the East River.

Maps may be obtained at the Comptroller's Offie, Hall of Records, on and after March 20, 1864.

Terms of Sale—Ten per cent. of the purchase money and expenses of auction and sale to be paid at the Comptroller's Office immediately after the sale; thirty per cent. on the 1st day of May next, when the deeds will be ready for delivery; the balance may remain on bond and mortgage for five years from May 1, 1864, with interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable half yearly. MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, March 9, 1864.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.
SUPREME COURT,
under direction of Richard E. Mount, Jr., Special Guardian.
Woodlawn, known as the
MOFFAT ESTATE.
A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO.
will sell at auction, on
WEDNESDAY, March 16, 1864,
at 12 o'clock,
at the Exchange Salesroom,
No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York,
105TH-ST.—13 lots, south side, 200 ft. west of 11th-av.
11TH-AV.—4 lots on west side, corner of 106th-st.
105TH-ST.—12 lots on north side, commencing 200 ft. west of 11th-av.
106TH-ST.—12 lots on south side, 100 ft. west of 11th-av.
105TH-ST.—24 lots, north side, 100 ft. west of 11th-av.
107TH-ST.—24 lots on south side, commencing 100 ft. west of 11th-av.
BROADWAY AND 106TH-ST.—Triangular piece of ground on Broadway, 106th-st and 11th av.
BROADWAY.—4 lots on west side, commencing at 106th-st, and running through to 11th-av.
11TH-AV.—4 lots on east side, commencing at 105th-st.
BROADWAY AND 105TH-ST.—Northwest corner.
12TH-AV.—6 lots, commencing northeast corner 107th-st.
105TH-ST.—2 lots, south side, 100 ft. east of 12th-av; 25x100.11 each.
108TH-ST.—2 lots, south side, commencing 250 ft. east of 12th-av.
107TH-ST.—2 lots, north side, commencing 100 ft. east of 12th-av.
107TH-ST.—3 lots, north side, commencing 250 ft. east of 12th-av.
ALSO—2 gores on the north side of of 107th-st., between 11th and 12th avs.
ALSO—All the water-right in front of said tract.
Maps, &c., at the office of the auctioneers, No. 77 Cedar-st., adjoining Bank of Commerce.

VALUABLE FERRY FRANCHISES AT PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT THE CITY HALL.

On MONDAY, April 11, 1864, at 11 o'clock A. M., will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, with adequate security, for a term of ten years from the first day of May, 1864:

The lease of the ferry now established from the foot of Houston-street, East River, New-York, to the foot of Grand-street, Brooklyn, E. D.

The Lease of the Ferry now established from the foot of Twenty-third-street, East River, New-York, to Greenpoint, L. I.

The Lease of the Ferry now established from the foot of Grand-street, East River, New-York, to the foot of Grand-street, Brooklyn, E. D.

The Lease or the Ferry now established from the foot of Chambers-street, North River, New-York, to the foot of Pavonia avenue, Hoboken, N. J.

The Lease of the Ferry now established from the foot of Christopher-street, North River, New-York, to Hoboken, N. J.

The said Several Ferry Leases will be sold, with all the rights, privileges and advantages thereof belonging to the Corporation of the City of New-York.

CONDITIONS.

The conditions and covenants of the leases to be in the usual form of Ferry Leases heretofore entered into by the Corporation.

The lease for each of the above named Ferries to be made to conform to the requirement of the City Charter in relation to Ferries, and also to contain covenants on the part of the lessee that he or they will conduct and manage the said ferry or ferries agreeably to such rules, regulations, ordinances or by-laws as are now or may hereafter from time to time be made or passed by the Common Council or State Legislature.

The purchaser of the ferry lease and its appendages, in each case, will be required to pay at the time and place of sale, to the Collector of the City Revenue, a sum equal to twenty per cent. of the amount bid for the annual rent, to apply on the rent of the first quarter, in case he executes a lease with the usual covenants, otherwise to be forfeited to the Corporation. He will be required, also, to furnish an obligation, at the same time, executed by two sureties, to this effect, that he will execute a bond with sureties to be approved by the Comptroller, for the punctual payment of the rent, quarter-yearly, and for the faithful execution of the covenants of the lease. The fees of the auctioneer, and the expense of the lease, bonds and revenue stamps to be paid by the purchaser, and no expense whatever is to be incurred by the Corporation for or in connection with the pier, slip or bulkhead, or premises proposed to be leased, during the term of the lease.

The lease shall also contain a covenant requiring each ferry-boat to have attached to its engine a fire apparatus or force-pump, with not less than four hundred feet of hose of the quality and dimensions as that used by the Fire Department of the City of New-York, and to be used for the extinguishment of fires whenever required by the Chief Engineer, or his Assistants, of the Fire Department of the City of New-York, for which service the lessee shall receive twenty dollars per hour for each hour engaged, and no time to be counted less than one hour.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

FERRY LEASES AT AUCTION,

AT THE CITY HALL.

On MONDAY, March 21, 1864, at 11 o'clock, A.M., will be sold at Public Auction, to the highest bidder with adequate security, for a term of Ten Years from the first day of May, 1864,

The Lease of the Ferry now established from the foot of Houston-street, East River, New-York, to the foot of Grand-street, Brooklyn, E. D.

The Lease of the Ferry now established from the foot of Twenty-third-street, East River, New-York, to Greenpoint, L. I.

The Lease of the Ferry now established from the foot of Grand-street, East River, New-York, to the foot of Grand-street, Brooklyn, E. D.

The Lease or the Ferry now established from the foot of Chambers-street, North River, New-York, to the foot of Pavonia avenue, Hoboken, N. J.

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The Lease for each of the above named Ferries to be made to conform to the requirement of the City Charter in relation to Ferries, and also to contain covenants on the part of the lessee that he or they will conduct and manage the said Ferry or Ferries agreeable to such rules, regulations, ordinances or by-laws as are now or may hereafter from time to time be made or passed by the Common Council or State Legislature.

The purchaser of the Ferry lease and its appendages, in each case, will be required to pay at the time and place of sale, to the Collector of the City Revenue, a sum equal to twenty per cent. of the amount bid for the annual rent, to apply on the rent of the first quarter, in case he executes a lease with the usual covenants, otherwise to be forfeited to the Corporation. He will be required, also, to furnish an obligation, at the same time, executed by two sureties, to this effect, that he will execute a bond with sureties to be approved by the Comptroller, for the punctual payment of the rent, quarter-yearly, and for the faithful execution of the covenants of the lease. The fees of the auctioneer, and the expense of the lease, bonds and revenue stamps to be paid by the purchaser, and no expense whatever is to be incurred by the Corporation for or in connection with the pier, slip or bulkhead, or premises proposed to be leased, during the term of the lease.

Should the lease of the above named ferries, or either of them, be purchased by parties other than the present lessees, they will be required, in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the State, to purchase at a fair appraised valuation (should the present lessee desire to sell) the boats, buildings and fixtures necessary for the purposes of a ferry; said value to be fixed by persons selected by the old and new lessees, in case the parties cannot agree as to the amount to be paid for the same.

The lease shall also contain a covenant requiring each ferry-boat to have attached to its engine a fire apparatus or force-pump, with not less than four hundred feet of hose of the quality and dimensions as that used by the Fire Department of the City of New-York, and to be used for the extinguishment of fires whenever required by the Chief-Engineer, or his assistants, of the Fire Department of the City of New-York, for which services the lessee shall receive twenty dollars per hour for each hour engaged, and no time to be counted less than one hour.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction on the 21st day of March, 1864, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Union Stores, Brooklyn, the Cargo of the prize steamer BANSHEE, consisting of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
LIQUORS,
HARDWARE,
DRUGS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS,
PAPER,
STATIONERY,
&c., &c., &c.

R. MURRAY, United States Marshal.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON MONDAY, MARCH 14, at 9 o'clock A. M., precisely, for the benefit of the Brooklyn and L. I. Sanitary Fair, the furniture of Knickerbocker Hall. 85 canesent chairs, 70 pine tables, 30 silver-plated casters, 600 knives, 1 ship's caboose, 1 extra large Stewart's cook-stove, with fixtures, 3 large Sandford's challenge heaters, about 300 feet of stove pipe. Terms cash, before delivery, with a satisfactory deposit from every purchaser.

AUCTION SALES.

MARKET CELLARS AND OTHER PROPERTY OF THE CORPORATION TO BE LEASED AT AUCTION.

Notice is hereby given that the Comptroller will, on TUESDAY, the 29th day of March, 1864, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the City Hall, lease on bids at public auction market cellars, houses and lots, hay scales, and other corporation property, for a term of five years from the 1st day of May, 1864.

Catalogues containing the description, location and terms of sale may be had upon application to the Collector of City Revenue at this office.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, Feb. 26, 1864.

CORPORATION PIERS AND SLIPS TO BE LEASED AT AUCTION.

Notice is hereby given that the Comptroller will on MONDAY, the 28th day of March, 1864, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the City Hall, lease on bids at public auction, the docks, piers and slips belonging to the Corporation, (the leases of which have or will expire on the 1st day of May, 1864,) for the term of five years from the 1st day of May, 1864.

Catalogues containing the description, location and terms of sale, may be had upon application to the Collector of City Revenue at this office, where maps will also be shown of the aforesaid wharves, piers, &c.

MATHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, Feb. 26, 1864.

JAMES MILLER, Auctioneer.

BY JAMES MILLER,
MONDAY, MARCH 14, 1864,
At 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom,
No. 111 Broadway.

...o. 251 East 126th-st., (Stuyvesant-square.)—The 4-story high-stoop brown-stone dwelling; cellar and vault under the street; bathing rooms on second and third stories; hot and cold water throughout; all the modern improvements. Very desirable for a family wishing a retired residence. House 26x76, lot 103 feet, besides the benefit of party wall.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE IMPROVED PROPERTY ON Grand, Broome, East, Eldridge, and Washington-sts., and East Broadway, being a part of the estate of Andrew Brady, deceased, sold by order of the heirs. ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, MARCH 17, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.

GRAND-ST.—Two three-story and basement brick stores and dwellings, situate on the north side of Grand-st., between Columbia and Sheriff-sts., and known as Nos. 508 and 510; houses are each 18 feet 8 inches by 50 feet; lots 18 feet 8 inches by 100 feet.

BROOME-ST.—Two three-story and basement brick houses and lots, on the southerly side of Broome-st., 75 feet 8 inches east of the Bowery, known as Nos. 331 and 333; houses are each 20 by 40 feet; lots 20 by 101 feet 6 inches.

ELDRIDGE-ST.—Two-story and attic brick front and rear house and lot, on west side of Eldridge-st., 51 feet 8 inches north of Hester-st., known as No. 59; lot 25 by 66 feet 8 inches.

EAST-ST.—Two lots on west side of East-st., 70 feet south of Rivington-st., each 22 by 100 feet.

WASHINGTON-ST.—The two-story and attic brick house and lot, on east side of Washington-st., between Charles and West 30th sts., known as No. 677; house 22 by 40; lot 22 by 83 feet.

EAST BROADWAY—Three-story and basement brick house and lot on south side of East Broadway, between Montgomery and Clinton sts., and known as No. 247; house 23 by 46; lot 23 by 87 feet 6 inches.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON WORTH, LEWIS AND 4TH STS. AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell on TUESDAY, March 15, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:

WORTH-ST.—The valuable lot, with the two-story brick front building thereon. No. 131 Worth-st., (late Anthony-st.,) north side, between Centre and Elm sts. Lot 22.6 front by 60 feet deep.

LEWIS-ST.—No. 201, northwest corner of 6th-st., with two-story brick front building, 22.10 by about 50. Lot 22.10 by 70 together with an alley way on the rear, 3 feet in width by 68 feet in depth, to be sold with the lot.

FOURTH-ST.—The valuable two-story and attic, high-stoop brick house and lot, No. 688 4th-st., south side, between Avenue D and Lewis-st. House 23 by 40 feet. Lot 23 by 96 feet.

Terms at sale. Possession 1st of May.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

TUESDAY, MARCH 15,

At 9½ o'clock A. M., at the corner of Myrtle and Carlton avs., Brooklyn.

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF A RETAIL GROCERY-STORE—Comprising a large and general assortment of fresh goods, bottled liquors, office furniture, 2 good horses, express wagon, grocer's wagon, light wagon, 1 coupée, harness, &c., &c.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

VERY DESIRABLE IMPROVED PROPERTY, on Liberty-st., near Broadway.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, March 23, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Buildings:

LIBERTY-ST.—The very valuable 5-story white-marble front store, with basement and under cellar and lot, No. 105 Liberty-st., between Broadway and Greenwich sts., north side; store 25 feet 10 inches front, by about 114 feet in depth; lot 28.10 front, 31 feet 3½ inch rear, by 118 feet 9 inches deep, now under lease to May 1, 1866, at $3 250 per annum.

The valuable improvements now going on in Broadway, near Liberty-st., with the rapid advance of business to this locality, make the above a desirable investment for capitalists.

For maps and further particulars, apply at the office of the auctioneer, No. 3 Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

THE VALUABLE PROPERTY CORNER OF BROADWAY AND BLEECKER-ST. AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on MONDAY, March 14, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:

COURTLANDT-ST.—The very valuable lot of ground, with the three-story brick building thereon, covering nearly the entire lot, No. 73 Courtlandt-st., near West-st. and Jersey City Ferry. Lot 22.6 by 58 feet.

Two-thirds of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage for three or five years, at six per cent., if desired.

Maps, &c., may be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT ON HAMMOND-ST., NEAR BLEECKER-ST.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 15, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building), New-York:

HAMMOND-ST.—The handsome four-story high-stoop brick house and lot, No. 67 Hammond-st., north side, between Bleecker and 4th sts.; house 25x55 feet, 9 rooms deep; contains 14 bedrooms, water-closets, baths, gas, water, steam heating apparatus; house has recently been thoroughly painted inside and out; immediate possession can be had. Lot 25x102 feet. Maps, &c., may be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

WILLIAM IRVING, Auctioneer.

WAGONS, ROCKAWAYS, HARNESS, &c.—OSGOOD & COOKE will sell, on TUESDAY, March 15, at the Salesroom, No. 83 Cedar-st., near Broadway,

4 Turn-over Seat Rockaways.
2 Coupe Rockaways.
2 Germantowns.
2 Four-seat Depot Wagons.
3 Top Buggies.
4 No-top Buggies.
6 sets Single Harness.
2 sets Double Harness.

ADRIAN H MULLER, Auctioneer.

PROPERTY ON MOTT-ST. AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell, on MONDAY, March 14, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway

MOTT-ST.—The two-story attic and basement brick house and lot, situate on the westerly side of Mott-st., 25 feet south of Canal-st., being 25 feet in width by 75 feet in depth. The house is 25 by about 40 feet,

REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—IN 19TH-ST., NEAR 4TH-AV., AN elegant English basement house, completely furnished and in the most perfect order; house, brown-stone front, 17 feet wide, with all the modern improvements; price, $22,500; possession on or before 1st May. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE,

About 167 lots in one plot, 94th to 97th-st., between 4th and 5th avs., some of them fronting the Central Park. These lots are very eligibly located. Will be sold together, or by the block.

Also, 31 lots on 1st-av., 48th and 49th sts.

For further particulars, apply to

ALLEN & BROWN,
No. 96 Broadway.

AT NORTH NEW-YORK.

Seven hundred lots for sale at moderate prices, and on easy terms. Cross the 3d-av. Harlem River bridge to 125th-st., and inquire at the Land office, T. RAE, Agent. Decidedly, in every respect, the most desirable property ever offered for sale in these suburbs. Streets and avenues laid out to correspond with those in New-York proper. A horse railroad along the westerly side of the property, also gas.

FOR SALE IN NEWARK, N. J.—A VERY desirable building lot, 100 feet front, by 300 feet deep, situated on High-st., contiguous to the Broad-st. horse-cars and Chestnut-st. depot.; it is one of the best sites to be found, commanding a fine view of the city and surrounding country, and well worthy the attention of persons wishing to build, so as to combine the advantages of both city and country. Price reasonable and terms easy. Also, in close proximity, on rear streets, a number of building lots. The whole together would make a safe and profitable investment. For particulars inquire at No. 48 Hight st., Newark.

Separated from the above, a house and lot in Crawford-st.; the lot is 33 feet front; the house is frame, three stories, contains 10 rooms and cellar; within five minutes' walk of the depot. Inquire as above.

FOR SALE—A HOUSE AND LOT OF GROUND, containing about five acres, situated in the town of Gravesend, one hour's ride from the City Hall, Brooklyn, by the Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad, and within five minutes' walk from said road. There is on the premises a good and convenient house, with 17 rooms, a good barn, well, cistern, &c., and pleasantly situated on the road leading from Gravesend to Bath-house: it is 1¾ miles from Coney Island, and about the same distance from Bath.

Also, 10 acres of first-quality land on the Brooklyn, Bath and Coney Island Railroad, within half a mile of Coney Island, and in front of the ocean and New-York Bay; grounds high, and situation unsurpassed, either for a gardner or gentleman doing business in the City. For further particulars, apply to H. V. STORM, on the premises, or S. Y. STRYKER, Gravesend Village.

FOR SALE—ON BERGEN POINT, NEW-JERSEY, an elegantly and substantially built house, in perfect order, and ready for immediate use—it is large and commodious. Three-story and basement, long dining-room, an additional kitchen, and servants' accommodations; excellent water, good stabling, and splendid fruit. It is suitable for a seminary, boarding-house, or private residence. Located on the plank road, and within a half hour's ride by rail or boat from the city. Apply on the premises of JOHN M. ENYARD.

$10.000 IN GREENBACKS WILL SECURE a warrantee title to four acres, one of the best located in Brooklyn, and as near to Wall-st. as 55th-st., New-York. With a telescope Hurlgate on the east and the Narrows on the south can be seen. It is within six minutes' walk of the elegant new boulevard road, with a double row of catalpha trees on both sides—the most elegant drive in the State. Inquire at No. 5 Clinton-st., Brooklyn. W. W. COLBRON.

FOR SALE.—IN THE TOWN OF YONKERS, A very desirable building lot, splendidly situated on high ground, having a very extensive view of the surrounding country, also East and North Rivers, about ten minutes' walk from the Harlem Railroad Depot at Tuckahoe, and within the lands of Charles Dusenbury, Esq., containing about one acre, well fenced, has carriage-house and well of water on the premises; terms low. Apply to GEO. W. S. UNDERHILL, Tuckahoe, or P. N. MORGAN, No. 170 West 21st-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—AT OLD PRICE, A NEW FINE country residence, suitable for a gentleman, containing 12 rooms, three acres land attached, tastefully laid out, an elevated site, healthy location, commanding a magnificent view, a variety of good fruit, surroundings unexceptionable, two minutes' walk from depot; six trains per day; 50 minutes from City. Price $8,500; $5,000 may remain on bond. Address L. D., Box No. 102 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE.—AT NEW-ROCHELLE, A DESIRable residence on Huguenot-street, opposite the Episcopal Church, and near the New-Haven Railroad Depot, consisting of one and three-quarter acres of land, frame cottage (containing 13 rooms), barn and other out-buildings. Apply to

D. UNDERHILL, No. 72 Wall-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET, FURNISHED—FOR THE SEASON—A very desirable residence with nearly an acre of ground, beautifully situated on the east bank of the Hudson and in full view; house is commodious, with 6 bed-rooms, and surrounded with shade and fruit trees. Apply on the premises to

B. H. TAYLOR, No. 8 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND Farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale or to let. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE.—ONE HUNDRED FEET SQUARE, on the northeast corner of 58th-st. and 11th-av.; splendid location for a manufactory. If improved, the whole purchase money can remain on mortgage. Apply to JOHN S. DICKERSON, No. 245 Water-st.

Also, house No. 4 Carroll-place, 28 by 96 feet. Terms easy.

FOR SALE—A DOUBLE COTTAGE HOUSE AT Rahway, N. J.; one hour's ride from the City by the New-Jersey Railroad; three minutes' walk from the depot; each house contains 7 rooms, also basement and attic; finished in good style, with marble mantels, &c. Terms easy. R. C. BREWSTER.

$17,000—FOR SALE—A CORNER HOUSE on Broadway and Bleecker-st., extending through to and fronting on Crosby-st., being 25 feet 2 inches in width on Broadway, 196 feet on Bleecker-st., and 26 feet 10 inches on Crosby-st. Being one of the most desirable pieces of business property that has been offered this season, and is well worthy the attention of capitalists.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF VALUABLE CENTRAL PARK LOTS, BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTORS OF ISAAC M. WOOLLEY, DECEASED.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, March 16, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of James L. Montgomery, Executor, and Matilda D. Woolley, Executrix, of the estate of Isaac M. Woolley, deceased:

57TH-AV.—4 lots on east side of 5th-av., opposite the Central Park, commencing on the northeast corner of 58th-st.

58TH-ST.—8 lots on the north side of 80th-st., 100 feet east of 5th-av., each 25x102.2.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON BROADWAY, 4TH-AV. AND 41ST-ST.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO., will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 15th, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York, by order of Charles F. Neilson, Executor of John Neilson, M. D., deceased:

BROADWAY.—The valuable property No. 726 Broadway, east side, opposite New York Hotel. Building four-story, brick, high stoop. Lot 20.6 by 137.6 feet.

4TH-AV. and 41ST-ST.—Four lots, southeast corner of 4th-av. and 41st-st. Each lot 24.8½ by 80 feet. Terms at sale.

For maps and further particulars apply at the auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

PUBLIC AUCTION OF THE HOMESTEAD OF THE LATE ASA WHITEHEAD, AT NEWARK, NEW-JERSEY.—The subscribers will sell at Public Auction for account of the Executors of the late Asa Whitehead, on WEDNESDAY, March 16, at 3 P. M., on the premises, the above property, in lots to suit purchasers.

It is the most desirable property for private residence now offered for sale in the City of Newark. It consists of a front of 240 feet on Broad-st., facing the South-Park, and embracing the whole front of the block between Pennington and Tichenor, sts.; it extends in depth 200 feet on Pennington-st., and 260 feet on Tichenor-st., and includes a large and commodious family mansion, in perfect repair, a stable, &c. The grounds are well stocked with valuable fruit trees, evergreens and shrubbery. It is within three minutes' walk of the Chesnut-st. Depot on the New-Jersey Railroad, from which cars communicate with New-York every half-hour during the morning and afternoon; time forty minutes. The Broad-st. Railroad affords convenient communication with the upper part of the city. A map of the premises, with lots laid out, may be seen at the office of the undersigned. Terms accommodating and made known on the day of sale.

KING & BOND,
No. 296 Broad-st., Newark.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY ON COURTLANDT-ST. AT AUCT ON.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 15, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:

COURTLANDT-ST.—The very valuable lot of ground, with the three-story brick building thereon, covering nearly the entire lot, No. 73 Courtlandt-st., near West-st. and Jersey City Ferry. Lot 22.6 by 58 feet.

Two-thirds of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage for three or five years, at six per cent., if desired.

Maps, &c., may be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT ON HAMMOND-ST., NEAR BLEECKER-ST.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 15, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building), New-York:

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WILLIAM IRVING, Auctioneer.

WAGONS, ROCKAWAYS, HARNESS, &c.—OSGOOD & COOKE will sell, on TUESDAY, March 15, at the Salesroom, No. 83 Cedar-st., near Broadway,

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2 Coupe Rockaways.
2 Germantowns.
2 Four-seat Depot Wagons.
3 Top Buggies.
4 No-top Buggies.
6 sets Single Harness.
2 sets Double Harness.

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MOTT-ST.—The two-story attic and basement brick house and lot, situate on the westerly side of Mott-st., 25 feet south of Canal-st., being 25 feet in width by 75 feet in depth. The house is 25 by about 40 feet,

REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE,

5TH AND 6TH-AV., 51ST, 52D AND 53D-ST. LOTS, Lying between Central Park and College-square, very eligibly located, in parcels to suit, and on very accommodating terms. Apply to

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON LEXINGTON-AV., NEAR 22D-st., a first-class, full-sized brown-stone front house, in unusually fine order throughout, richly painted and frescoed. House has all the modern improvements, also hot water heating apparatus. An early possession can be had if wanted. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO MANUFACTURERS OR CAPITALISTS.

For sale, the most desirable building site in the heart of the City of Paterson, N. J., containing about 45,000 square feet, fronting on three streets; 100 yards from the Erie Railway on Market-st., suitable for a hotel, stores, residences, or factories; an excellent site for a car shop or silk or woolen factory, for which purposes capitalists can take up liberal charters now lying dormant. A stream of water flows 600 feet through the premises, and has 85½ feet fall. For terms, &c., apply to

A. DERROM, West-st., Paterson, N. J.

FOR SALE ON MURRAY-HILL.

NO. 13 PARK-AV., NEAR 35TH-ST.—Four-story brown stone, 20x55 ft. All modern improvements. In fine order.

Also, an ELEGANT ENGLISH BASEMENT House on 38th-st., one door from 5th-av., HOUSE ONE HUNDRED FEET DEEP, with side lot and bay windows, either with or without furniture. Apply to

L. MURRAY FERRIS, JR., No. 62 South-st.

FOR SALE—LOTS ON THE FIFTH AND 6TH avs., opposite the Central Park,

ALSO,

Lots on the streets adjacent to the Park.

ALSO,

A very desirable front on the 5th-av., south of the Central Park.

ALSO,

About 300 lots, in one parcel, with about 600 feet water front on the west side, south of 63d-st.

ALSO,

Lots at Yorkville and Harlem, some of them very eligibly located and suitable for immediate improvement.

For particulars, apply to

ALLEN & BROWN,
No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—TIMBER LOT OF 674 ACRES.—ONE of the most valuable timber lots in this State, within 3½ miles of canal and railroad, near the head of Seneca Lake; easy of access, and surrounded by highly improved farms, worth from $50 to $60 per acre. The land is heavily timbered, and is of better soil and surface than any other similar body in the State. The property has on it a steam saw mill and shingle machine in running order, four dwellings and two barns. Title perfect; price $50 per acre. Very favorable terms will be made with a party who desires to lumber it, or it will be exchanged in part for other first-class property near New-York, or for well located Western lands at cash prices. W. S. BARNES, No. 362 Broadway, third floor, rear.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—For sale, the country residence of the late Isaac Newton, situated near Fort Lee, on the Hudson River, and comprising nine acres under high cultivation. The buildings include, with the dwelling-house, a barn and stable, greenhouse, hennery, &c. There are also two wells of excellent water, a good kitchen garden, orchard, grapes, small fruit, &c. The house commands a fine view, and the estate embraces a water front of six hundred feet. Immediate possession, if desired. For further particulars, apply to WIGHT & PRENTICE, No. 19 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY-SEAT AT RYE, WESTchester County, with half a mile of water-front, 32 acres, with good improvements, and fruits in abundance, possessing unrivaled advantages for boating, bathing and fishing. Parties wishing a property with a front on Long Island Sound are invited to examine this property, as it is believed to be the best location now for sale between New-York and New-Haven. Apply to

P. C. BULKLEY, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

FOR SALE—A STORE AND DWELLING AT Spuyten Duyvil, with 3 lots water front; good 75-foot dock; good barn and new house, &c., within 5 minutes' walk of depot; an excellent place for almost any kind of business; large malable iron foundry and a rolling mill just starting; good investment; will be sold low; part mortgage; price $3,500, all clear. Can be seen by inquiring for ANDREW DOANE, at the foundry near. Address A. H. BARTLETT, North Adams, Mass.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, SIX GENTEEL frame cottage houses, with all the modern improvements, Nos. 172 to 182 Sands-st., near Fulton Ferry; each has thirteen rooms, besides under-cellar, and rent for $450; are nearly new, and will be sold for $4,000, on terms to suit purchaser. Apply at 8 o'clock morning or evening, to SAMUEL McINTYRE, No. 174 Sands-st., or at Office No. 1, over Fulton Bank, New-York, about 12.

FOR SALE AT NEWPORT, R. I.—THE residence of the undersigned, with 10 acres of land, stable and outbuildings, situated on the main road, one mile from the town. The house is 50 by 46 feet, 2½ stories high, (with kitchen extension.) It commands a fine view of the harbor, river and beach. Apply to WM. VERNON, Newport, R. I., or at No. 48 South-st.

FOR SALE—TWO-STORY AND BASEMENT frame house, No. 108 Vanderbilt-av., Brooklyn, near Myrtle-av., and one block west of Clinton-av.; house filled in with brick to attic, and built in the best manner for owner's residence; lot 25x100; only 25 minutes from Fulton Ferry by Myrtle-av. cars. Apply to WOOLWORTH & GRAHAM, No. 63 John-st., New-York.

BROOKLYN E. D. PROPERTY FOR SALE.—First-class three-story and basement brick dwelling, with water, gas, and all the modern improvements, in thorough repair, situate No. 23 Bedford-av., between Morton and Clymer sts., opposite Christ's Church. Terms easy. Apply to C. Y. WEMPLE, No. 31 Nassau-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY STONE FRONT dwelling No. 106 Madison-av., near 30th-st., built in the most substantial manner, with all the modern improvements, for the owner's own occupancy. For further particulars apply on the premises, from 2 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—A SMALL HOUSE AND LOT, 52 by 200 feet, on the Bergen Point plank-road, (called Bergen-av., near Myrtle,) South Bergen, 20 minutes' ride from Jersey City ferry; on the dummy-road. Fruit trees and grapevines on the premises. Apply to JOSEPH B. PURDY, No. 34 Maiden-lane.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—IN WEST MORRISania, opposite Melrose depot. A pleasant and convenient house, with 12 lots of ground, well stocked with shade and fruit trees. For particulars, apply to L. S. BARTHOLOMEW, 124th-st., Harlem, 2d house west of 5th-av.

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The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, MARCH 14, 1864.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—GRAND CONCERT.

WALLACK'S—THE RIVALS.

WINTER GARDEN—THE TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN

OLYMPIC THEATRE—TAMING A BUTTERFLY.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—THE ENCHANTRESS.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—GREAT ARABIAN GIANT, FRENCH GIANT, GIANT GIRL, GIANT BOY, TWO DWARFS, MOVING WAX FIGURES, &c., at all hours—APHRODITE; OR, THE SPIRIT OF BEAUTY; HARRISON, COMIC SINGER AND TYROLEAN WHISTLER, AT 3 AND 7½ P. M.

CIRCUS—BROADWAY AMPHITHEATRE—(No. 485 Broadway)—EQUESTRIAN PERFORMANCES.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—(Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway)—MORAL EXHIBITION AND EGYPTIAN CARAVAN.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON—HIPPOTHEATRONIC PERFORMANCES.

HOPE CHAPEL, No. 718 Broadway—THE STEREOSCOPICON, OR MIRROR OF THE UNIVERSE.

ART GALLERY—(No. 756 Broadway)—THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

SOUTH BAPTIST CHURCH—(25th-street)—GRAND CONCERT.

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NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

The steamship *Morning Star* from New-Orleans, Feb. 6, arrived yesterday. She brings intelligence of the arrival at that city of Maj. Gen. W. T. SHERMAN and Staff, from Vicksburgh, thus effectually disposing of any doubts respecting the return of that General from his great raid through Mississippi and Alabama, which might have been engendered by last week's vague telegrams from the West. His expedition, according to the New-Orleans advices, was very damaging to the rebels by the wholesale destruction of every species of property which was necessary to the subsistence of their armies. Gen. SHERMAN took with him to Vicksburgh an immense train of captured property, including four thousand negroes and eleven hundred mules, besides 500 prisoners. A letter from one of the blockading vessels off Mobile says, that on the 25th ult., the bombardment of Fort Gaines was still being prosecuted vigorously by the gunboats *Octorara, Port Royal, Calhoun* and *Jackson*, with one division of the mortar flotilla.

Our correspondent at New-Orleans furnishes a full account of the imposing ceremonies connected with the inauguration of the Free State Government of Louisiana. The proceedings were publicly held in Lafayette-square, which was magnificently decorated, and a superb military display added to the attractiveness of the scene. One of the grandest features of the occasion was a mammoth band and a chorus of cannon and anvils, church bells and ten thousand children. Gov. HAHN delivered his inaugural address to an audience of fifty thousand people, and Gen. BANKS also addressed the assembly. The gaieties were concluded by a grand ball. The wife of Gen. G. Y. BEAUREGARD died in New-Orleans on the evening of the 2d inst., and was buried on the 4th. Her funeral was the largest ever seen in New-Orleans. Over 6,000 persons attended, and the *cortège* was over one mile in length.

Department of the South dates received last night by the steamship *Fulton*, are to March 10. The military situation at Jacksonville, Fla., remained unchanged. Our troops still hold the place, but are subject to occasional annoyances from the rebel cavalry. The enemy are still in considerable force at Baldwin, and scouts report that strenuous efforts are in progress to deplete the State of its stock of cattle, which is being driven off as fast as possible. Occasionally our forces get up a skirmish with the enemy, and one day last week an artillery duel occurred, in which we lost one man and the rebels five. The report published some days since that Gen. VOGDES had superseded Gen. SEYMOUR in the command of the Florida forces is contradicted by our correspondent. The conduct of the last-named officer, in connection with the late reverse, is to be rigidly investigated, and our Washington dispatches say that he and Gen. GILLMORE as well, are to be summoned to Washington and examined by the Committee on the Conduct of the War. The total number of wounded in the disastrous advance turns out to have been far greater than was at first reported—1,800 being the correct figures. Many of these cases are classed as slight, however, and all the sufferers are said to be doing well.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Supervisors, as a Board of County Canvassers, will meet, by law, at noon to-day, to canvass the returns of the recent vote on the question of the proposed amendment to the State Constitution to permit electors absent in the service of the National Government to vote. The work of the board will be a mere matter of form, the results of the vote being well known; and as the count to be made involves only the noting of the affirmative and negative vote of each election district, it will be so simple that it can all be accomplished in brief time compared with ordinary canvasses by the board, unless informalities in the returns shall frequently appear, requiring delay to enable corrections to be made.

The Supervisors' Recruiting Committee expect to fill the City's quota this week. They are impressed with the belief, from the knowledge of the number of men they have paid the County bounty to since their last report to the board, that less than seven hundred men are wanted to complete the quota.

We are in receipt of our Havana correspondence to the 9th inst., brought by the steamship *Morning Star*. The war in St. Domingo drags itself wearily along, but Spain is hurrying forward heavy reinforcements, in hopes of bringing the struggle to a close. The spirit of the Dominicans, however, is by no means subdued, and the pacification of the country seems yet a long way off. Our correspondent at Havana also gives us the latest news from Mexico, which brings dates from the capital to the 26th ult., and from Vera Cruz to March 1. The French had finally succeeded on the 7th ult. in occupying Zacatecas, and, *per contra*, the Liberals under Gen. URAGA were threatening the French garrison at Guadalajara. Franco-Mexican papers announce the defection of Vidaurri from the Juarist party, and say that the Mexican Government is now reduced to four or five States, which are, at that, but nominally under its rule. The Foreign Legion from Europe landed at Vera Cruz on the 21st ult., and would start without delay for the interior.

Col. VAN WYCK'S Regiment, the Fifty-sixth New-York, known as the Tenth Legion, arrived in the *Fulton* last night from South Carolina. More than four-fifths have reenlisted. They have with them over 430 men, and will remain in the City to-day awaiting transportation.

The Washington *Star* of Saturday says: "We were by no means inclined to place implicit confidence in the story told by some anonymous correspondent of a cotemporary to the effect that Gen. LEE came into MCCLELLAN'S lines after the battle of Antietam, and had a long and secret interview with the latter officer. It now turns out that the whole story is the *mania-à-potu* effusion of one FRANCIS WALDRON, a resident of Frederick County, Maryland, and who, it further appears, was never a member of either branch of the Maryland Legislature. We feel it our duty to promptly discountenance the story, as it evidently has no foundation to give it credit, and its circulation can have no other effect than to make copperhead capital."

There was a further decline in Gold to 161¾ on Saturday. The Stock market was active and prices on the speculative Shares steady at the close. The employment of Money on the Stock Exchange is large at 6@7 ₱ cent.

A Demand on the British Government.

The proper time seems to have come in which our Government and our diplomatic agents can seriously and earnestly present a plain demand to the British Government; namely, that all British and Colonial ports should be closed to the rebel privateers which have sailed from the harbors of Great Britain.

The British Government admit, in effect, that the escape of these cruisers was a violation of both municipal and international law. Earl RUSSELL declared to Mr. ADAMS that the suspected vessels could only be detained on the clearest proof of their guilt. Subsequently to this, he sent an order for their detention, as also for their arrest if they should put into Nassau. It is proved that one of them lay in an English port thirty-six hours after the issuing of this order. He has also publicly declared their escape "a shame and a scandal." It is manifestly his own opinion and the opinion of the Cabinet, that the sailing of these vessels under such circumstances from English ports, for the purpose of destroying American commerce, was a violation, if not of the letter, at least of the spirit of international law. Even if the fraudulent escape of the cruisers should not expose the English Government to just demands for indemnity from the American, (which we do not admit,) it at least relieves the British authorities from all obligations of comity toward the rebel privateers. Furthermore these privateers have proceeded in a manner which should deprive them of all privileges of "belligerency," thus far granted to them by England. They have made an improper use of the English flag, sailing under it, alluring our unarmed merchant vessels to them by means of it, and even capturing the vessels beneath it. They have, in several instances, destroyed English property on board our vessels, without taking the pains to have their prize adjudicated on. They have burnt our vessels on the high seas in the most barbarous manner; their sole justification being that they are a belligerent naval Power, though they have not a single port from which they can issue or to which they can convey their prizes, and in any ordinary sense are not a naval Power at all.

All these considerations would fully justify England in withdrawing her declaration of belligerency with regard to the rebel ships. But if she were not willing to go to that extent, she could at least adopt the practice and teaching of our own Government toward French privateers during her war with France. The well-known instructions of JEFFERSON required that privateers which had violated our jurisdiction should be excluded from our ports; and that their prizes, under certain circumstances, should be seized. The late British writers on international law—among them, one by no means friendly to this country, "Historicus," seem to agree fully with this position of WASHINGTON and JEFFERSON.

England is by no means bound to open her ports to rebel privateers. It is a mere matter of comity. She may justly conclude that these vessels, in the mode of their equipment and their sudden escape, in their subsequent improper use of her flag and their destruction of British property, and in their barbarous and cruel course of havoc, have deprived themselves of all claim on British courtesy or assistance. She may exclude them from her ports and seize their prizes.

This position would be precisely what the American Government has always assumed toward foreign privateers in similar circumstances. It would be but a just return for our fair dealing with British commerce when England was in war. It would be for the highest interest of Great Britain. She is the great commercial Power of the world. Her interests are the most exposed to damage from such a precedent as she is setting, with the privateers of a Power which has not a port. Any future war with the most insignificant nation will expose her whole commerce to just such depredations as we are now suffering from.

A just and fair example set now of dealing with these barbarous cruisers who have violated the law of England, as well as the law of nations, would be of invaluable service to her in future wars.

Let but the order go forth that all British ports are closed to the Confederate privateers, under any circumstances whatever, and this terrible destruction of our commerce would at once cease. There would be then but few ports in which they could refit and provision, and those could be easily watched by our ships. The career of the rebel pirates would soon come to an end. We trust for the sake of our commerce, and the peace of the world, that these considerations will be strongly pressed upon the British Government.

GEN. MCCLELLAN AND GEN. LEE.—The *Commercial* states that Mr. FRANCIS WALTON, the author of the story to which we have already alluded, that after the battle of Antietam Gen. MCCLELLAN had a personal interview of three hours with the rebel General LEE, has been summoned before the Congressional Committee on the Conduct of the War, but that he refuses to testify. If this is true, it effectually disposes of his slanderous accusation. The story was in itself highly improbable, and we shall not be in the least surprised if it should prove to have been either the invention of malice or the fancy of a disordered brain. As currency has been given to it, however, the Committee should omit no means of testing it thoroughly.

Senator Pomeroy's "Living Issues."

The speech of Mr. POMEROY, in the Senate, the other day, in support of the document now known as the "Pomeroy-Chase Circular," contained some very good illustrations of the extraordinary flightiness for which politicians of his way of thinking have for some time made themselves remarkable. Nothing will persuade this school that the rebellion cannot be put down by "forms of belief." Two-thirds of their dissatisfaction with the Administration hitherto has been due to their fixed conviction, that hatred of Slavery is the only qualification required to make a competent and successful General. It is, of course, out of the question to argue with men who are of this way of thinking. People who have learnt so little about war from history, are, of course, not open to conviction at the hands of their neighbors.

Senator POMEROY, being one of the more advanced members of the party, has reached a point to which all his followers have not yet found their way, and the programme which he now puts forth contains some curious and useful suggestions, in the shape of what he calls "the living issues of the day." The first is, "the *immediate* suppression of the rebellion, by using and controlling, if need be, for the time being, all the civil and all the military power of the nation, without offer of pardon or amnesty." If there be any civil or military power of the nation which is not now in use, and the use of which will cause the "immediate suppression of the rebellion," we most heartily concur in the demand for a resort to it; and if Mr. POMEROY or anybody else knows what it is, we beg of him not to be deterred by either false modesty or false pride from mentioning it. We promise that even if it involve the committal of all able-bodied males in the North to prison for one month, we shall support it as an act of mercy. Those who have known what this power was, and have up to the present time kept silent about it, have much to answer for, considering all the blood and treasure that have been wasted. What is this "power of the nation," which the President has failed to exercise, and which if he were to exercise it, would cause the "immediate suppression of the rebellion?"

Another of Mr. POMEROY'S "living issues" is the maintenance of the Monroe doctrine, by which the "despotism that afflicts the Old World shall be denied any additional foothold in the New, thus guarding our country against the encroachments of tyranny, and dedicating this American Continent to the development of popular institutions." Now the way "to maintain the Monroe doctrine," as we understand it, is to order the French out of Mexico, and in case they refuse to go, to put them out of it by force; in plain English, to go to war with France. The chief reason for our not doing this in the eyes of all ordinary mortals, is that we are not just now able to do it; and this reason is of such a nature as, in our minds, to dispense with the necessity of mentioning any other. Now if Mr. POMEROY will point out to us in what way we can get over this little difficulty, or, in other words, if he will furnish the United States with the means not only of "immediately suppressing the rebellion," but of thrashing France by land and sea at the same time, we are satisfied he will meet with very few people who will not accept "living issue" No. 3 with great avidity. We presume, however, that the Monroe doctrine is treated with neglect for the same reason that the rebellion is not "immediately suppressed," by the failure of the President to use that mysterious "power of the nation," to which Mr. POMEROY and his friends make allusion, but the nature of which they have up to the present failed to reveal.

"Living issue" No. 5 is the confiscation of the property of leading rebels and the inauguration of Republican government in all the districts in rebellion. In this, too, we believe Mr. POMEROY will have no difficulty in securing general concurrence. The loyal public is very willing to confiscate rebel property, and to "inaugurate," as Mr. POMEROY calls it, Republican government in rebellious districts. All they want is to get hold of the property and get into the districts. These little preliminaries once gone through, we venture to say Mr. POMEROY will see such confiscating and "inaugurating" as will satisfy him, let him be ever so exacting. We have no doubt, however, that he is fully prepared to show how we are to reach the rascals' property and penetrate their districts. It cannot be by the use of the military force of the country, for Mr. LINCOLN has been using that for the last three years, and yet Mr. POMEROY is dreadfully dissatisfied. We are, therefore, driven to the conclusion that it is by the use of that same other "power," of which we have already spoken, which Mr. LINCOLN has overlooked, and which the rest of us know nothing of. Here is, then, a reason the more for making a clean breast of it, and taking us out of our suspense. It is unpleasant to be in possession of such a terrible engine as this dormant power must be, and yet to be making no use of it. It makes one feel in constant danger of blowing up.

OUR CITY RAILROADS AGAIN.—At the suggestion of Mayor GUNTHER, whose administration thus far has been characterized by a very intelligent and independent devotion to the public interests, a bill has been presented to the Legislature requiring all the City railroads to pay ten per cent. of their receipts into the City treasury. This is in conformity, it will be remembered, with the ordinance which was passed last year by the Common Council, granting to the Harlem Railroad Company permission to lay down a track through Broadway. The amount required may or may not be too large, but the principle is just. These companies should contribute something to the City in return for the valuable and exclusive privileges which they enjoy. Up to the present time they have nearly monopolized the streets through which they pass solely for their own advantage—doing nothing to aid in bearing the burdens of the City, and just as little as possible to accommodate the public. It is quite time we had a thorough reform in the management of these roads.

New Phase of the Chesapeake Case.

We noticed some days since that the Marshal was sending a steamboat off to Halifax to receive and bring here for trial the pirates of the *Chesapeake*. It occurred to us at the time that it might be a little hasty, inasmuch as the result of the habeas corpus, which had been issued in their case might be such that the vessel would go to Halifax on a fool's errand. The result thus far has been as we feared it might be. The Judge before whom the habeas corpus was heard, decides that the prisoners cannot be delivered up to our authorities, for four reasons. Three of them are merely technical, being that the requisition was informal; that the magistrate who issued the warrant had no authority to issue it, and that if he had, the warrant itself was defective on its face. These are small points, and unimportant, because we take it that our officials can make out a requisition which shall be correct, and that there are magistrates in Halifax who have authority to issue such warrants and who are able to draw them correctly—and, if these were the only grounds of discharge, a new proceeding would doubtless cure those defects.

But the third point is one of more importance. The Judge holds that as the men are charged with piracy, which is an offence against the law of nations, and have not been within American jurisdiction since the offence was committed, they could be tried for their crime in Halifax, and accordingly should not be sent to this country for trial.

We must admit that the point is not without force. If the men were charged with piracy, not with the breach of our statute law which is by that law declared piracy, it is difficult to see why they cannot be tried for their offence in Halifax. The courts of any country can try and convict pirates.

The reports do not state whether there is to be any review of this decision, or whether such review is possible. If not, the effect of the decision is to let the men go unpunished, unless they are brought before the court for trial there. We should not have any very sanguine expectation of a verdict being rendered against them, in view of the popular manifestations at the time of their first arrest. But, at any rate, they ought to be tried. They have been pronounced by one magistrate guilty of the offence—another magistrate says that the offence is triable by the Nova Scotian Courts. If the machinery of the law, therefore, is not at once put in motion against them, we shall have a cause of complaint against the authorities, which their past course has given us reason to hope they will avoid.

A PROJECT WORTHY OF FAVOR.—A bill is pending in the State Legislature for the completion of the Chenango Canal, which merits the support and effective action of that body. The Chenango Canal was originally constructed in large degree for the purpose of obtaining access to the coal regions of Pennsylvania. It extends from Utica to Binghamton, within about thirty miles of the State line, to which Pennsylvania some years since opened her North Branch Canal, for the express purpose of making a connection with it. It is not easy to understand why this connection has never been made. At the time when the canal policy of the State was so vehemently assailed by the party interests of the day, the work was discontinued, and has never since been resumed. But the reasons for carrying the canal thirty miles further, so as to effect a junction with the North Branch Canal of Pennsylvania, are quite as strong as were those which led to its construction; and they are quite as strong to-day as they ever were. The demand for access to the coal beds of Pennsylvania is constantly increasing, and new sources of traffic and wealth have been from time to time developed.

The Legislature has taken action upon the subject at several sessions, and only a year ago an act was passed directing the construction of the work. No appropriation, however, was made for it at that time, and it is this defect which the bill now pending aims to supply. The cost of the work, according to the closest estimates of engineers, will not exceed a million of dollars:—while its completion cannot fail to add very largely to the business of the canal and the revenues of the State. All the facts and arguments of the case have been very fully set forth in a memorial addressed to the Legislature by the citizens of Tioga County, and they certainly merit the careful and favorable consideration of the State authorities. We hope the bill will be passed during the present session.

THE LABORS OF MAXIMILIAN.—Those who are busy in fastening a foreign yoke upon the Mexicans might learn something from the condition of affairs in St. Domingo. That island, like Mexico, was an ancient Spanish colony; and, shortly after our war broke out, the Spaniards, under false pretexts, landed a force on the eastern end of the island, suppressed the Dominican Republic, and established their authority. Ever since then they have been in difficulty, and for the greater part of the time they have been steadily fighting with the Dominicans. By every arrival from Havana during the past year we have had news that additional battalions of royal troops were being sent to St. Domingo, the greater part of whom have been destroyed by disease and the bullets of the Republicans. By the news published this morning, we learn of very large numbers of troops having left Havana, and we are told that the Government at Madrid is "determined to put down the insurrection at any cost." We have no doubt that it has cost them more already than the revenues of the island will return in a century; and yet, when the Spaniards seized the country, we were told how enthusiastically they were received by the populace—just as we are now told how joyously foreign authority is being welcomed by the Mexicans. If MAXIMILIAN should ever get himself enthroned in Mexico, we venture to say that, as with the foreigners in St. Domingo, he will have steady and bloody fighting with his subjects as long as he attempts to rule them. Peoples who have once tasted republican liberty find colonial bondage or imperial authority very irksome.

AMUSEMENTS.

The season at the Academy of Music came to a close on Saturday, when a somewhat abbreviated edition of "Faust" was given at the matinee, to an exceedingly charming audience. Mr. MARETZEK, and the leading artists of his admirable troupe, took their departure by the afternoon train for Boston, where they appear to-night, returning to the Metropolis in a fortnight, and opening at the Academy of Music on Easter Monday. The season, we need scarcely say, has been successful, and this in spite of many accidents that might have disturbed the equanimity of any other manager. Mr. MARETZEK, however, has always been equal to the emergency of the moment, and has never suffered the public to be once disappointed. Nearly all his leading artists, at one time or another have been sick, and "Faust," the great card of the season, has from this cause been in danger of postponement. But Mr. MARETZEK contrived to find a substitute at the right moment, and generally an acceptable one. Let us hope that he may be equally fortunate in Boston, where the spring winds usually commit havoc amongst the warblers.

The fourth Philharmonic Concert, on Saturday night, attracted a very fine audience, thus proving that the old names are after all the most attractive to the public. The programme was made up entirely of compositions by HAYDN, MOZART, BEETHOVEN and MENDELSSOHN—an entire contrast to the programme of the third concert, where the new school was represented in all its force. Mr. THEODORE EISFELD conducted with his accustomed ability. The items of the entertainment were:—1. Symphony No. 3, in E flat, by HAYDN—a work full of wonderful counterpoint and ingenious writing) for the stringed quartette and wood instruments, but not very satisfying in these days of orchestral brilliancy; 2. Solo, ("Figaro's Hochzeit,") by MOZART, sung rather laboriously by Mme. ROTTER; 3. Movement (the first) from BEETHOVEN'S violin concerto, opus 61, played with immense and almost unsurpassable technical ability by Mr. ED. MOLLENHAUER; 4. The Hymn of Praise, (Lobgesang,) by MENDELSSOHN. The last-named work was the feature of the evening, and the public owes a debt of gratitude to Mr. EISFELD for producing it honestly and fairly in its entirety. Fragments of the cantata have been volunteered to us before, but we learn with surprise that the complete work was played for the first time on Saturday. It is the fashion to decry MENDELSSOHN; among a certain set he is even an object of scorn, but the grandeur, grace and beauty of this fervent and exquisite composition are beyond the reach of detraction. We search in vain amongst modern composers for a work that is similarly rich in these qualities. A quiet reverent air of devotion pervades every movement which, if it be not inspiration, is at least a calm and exalted earnestness not far removed from it. The orchestral numbers were deliciously rendered; but the final movement, which is vocal as well as instrumental, suffered from the tameness of the Liedercranz chorus. The solos were sung by Madame ROTTER, Madame PAULITSCH, and Mr. QUINT.

On the same evening, Mr. W. A. KING gave an agreeable miscellaneous concert at Irving Hall. One of the most attractive features of the entertainment (which we lack opportunity to otherwise refer to,) was the *rentrée* of Mrs. BARCLAY, a lady who possesses an exquisite contralto voice, thoroughly true and pure, and used with taste and skill. Considering the rarity of such a voice and the scarcity of good concert singers, it is a pity that Mrs. BARCLAY should come before the public at such long intervals. The lady has not sung in public—to our knowledge—for three or four years.

Mr. J. N. PATTISON will give his second grand concert to-night, assisted by the young prima donna Miss LISA HARRIS, Signor G. LOTTI, Mr. S. C. CAMPBELL, and a grand orchestra under the direction of Mr. THEODORE THOMAS. The entertainment takes place at the Academy of Music, and the programme is both attractive and popular in its character. The most interesting musical *morceau* is the HENSELT concerto, which Mr. PATTISON played with such general acceptance at his first concert, and which will be repeated to-night for the second time.

The announcements for to-night are as follows: At Wallack's, (for the benefit of Mr. JOHN GILBERT,) SHERIDAN'S comedy of the "Rivals"—the *beneficiare* appearing as *Sir Anthony Absolute*; at the Olympic, "Taming a Butterfly;" at Niblo's Garden, the romantic drama of the "Enchantress;" at the Winter Garden, the "Ticket-of-Leave Man," (for the last week,) and at Barnum's Museum, the new grand fairy spectacle, and a long programme of curiosities in the natural world.

An unexpected pleasure was improvised for Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S patrons on Wednesday evening last. It was announced that Mr. HARRY SANDERSON (who has been absent in Cuba, and giving concerts throughout the island with great success) was in the room, and would assist Mr. G. in the interpretation of the programme. The news was so welcome and unexpected that it resulted in a perfect demonstration for the New-Yorker. It would be hard, indeed, if this amiable, kind-hearted and surprisingly gifted young artist did not have friends; and we hope that he will give them an opportunity of doing something more than idly bursting their gloves and aggravating their shins in his behalf. Mr. SANDERSON should immediately give a couple of concerts. He has specialties as a player, and merits as a composer, that distinguish him from all other players, and make him a never-failing favorite with the public.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK gives another concert at Niblo's Saloon on Wednesday evening.

From Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Saturday, March 12.

Gen. BURBRIDGE has ordered the arrest of Col. FRANK WOLFORD for disloyal sentiments rendered in a speech at a sword presentation to him at Lexington on Thursday.

Brig.-Gen. HUGH EWING, brother-in-law of Maj. Gen. SHERMAN, has been ordered to this city, probably to supersede Gen. BURBRIDGE in command of the Federal forces in Kentucky.

Army officers leaving Chattanooga yesterday noon report all quiet there, and also at Knoxville, as far as heard from.

ST. LOUIS, Sunday, March 13.

The Fourth Iowa Cavalry, veterans, recently with SHERMAN'S expedition, arrived yesterday, en route to their homes.

Two full Missouri regiments of colored troops went South yesterday.

From California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sunday, March 13.

Arrived, ship *Mary Robinson*, from New-York.

Sailed, ship *Fair Wind*, for New-York.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE N. Y. TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, March 13.

NATIONAL BANKS AND SMALL NOTES.

The Ways and Means Committee have adopted an amendment to the National Banking Act, which will be reported to the House to-morrow, allowing National Banks to issue notes of the denominations of one, two and three dollars, until specie payments are resumed, when they will be called in, and notes of not less than five dollars issued. There are several other important amendments, which will materially change the bill as it passed last session.

THE FLORIDA CAMPAIGN.

The Committee on the Conduct of the War to-morrow will commence an investigation of the Florida campaign. Gens. GILLMORE and SEYMOUR have been summoned to appear. Gen. HANCOCK will be examined to-morrow in relation to the battle of Gettysburgh.

GEN. GRANT AND MILITARY CHANGES.

Gen. GRANT will return to Washington in eight or ten days, and commence at once the herculean task of reorganizing the Army of the Potomac preparatory to a vigorous offensive Spring campaign. He will take the field in person at the head of that army, and direct its first movements in Spring. Gen. SMITH may receive the command of the Army of the Potomac, while Gen. SHERMAN takes command of the army at Chattanooga. Gen. HALLECK has been offered command of any department he wants.

THE COURT-MARTIAL OF ADMIRAL WILKES.

In the Wilkes Court-martial, on Saturday, the accused applied to the Court for an order to compel the Secretary of the Navy to produce the proceedings, or a certified copy thereof, of the Court of Inquiry called for by the Secretary in January last, to inquire as to the publication by the accused of his letter to the Secretary of the 11th of December, 1863, and as to the sufficiency of his explanation that he had nothing to do with the publication. As charges third and fourth and fifth are based on the alleged publication of said letter by the accused, and on the insufficiency of his explanation. He urged that those proceedings were necessary for his defence, and that if the Court of Inquiry had not recommended a court-martial he could not be tried on those charges. The court refused the order.

COL. SANDERSON UNDER ARREST.

Lieut.-Col. JAMES M. SANDERSON arrived last night, among the last batch of exchanged prisoners from Richmond. On his arrival he was notified that charges had been preferred against him by Col. STRAIGHT, that while in Libby Prison he had disclosed to the rebel authorities information of a plot to escape. He was placed under arrest, and confined at Willard's Hotel, and is threatened with confinement until the liberation of all the prisoners at Richmond to procure their evidence against him. The Colonel was Commissary of Subsistence to Gen. WADSWORTH, then promoted to a Majority under MCDOWELL, and Lieutenant-Colonel under REYNOLDS, and has served for two years in the front against the enemy, and been in several battles. He has been in the Libby Prison seven months. It is unnecessary to say that none of his friends here have any doubts of his innocence.

MIDDLE DEPARTMENT.

Gen. LEW WALLACE has been assigned to the command of the Middle Department.

THE SUPPLEMENTAL REVENUE BILL.

The Ways and Means Committee have received a draft of the Supplemental Revenue Bill prepared by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. The new bill proposes a large increase of the tax on leading articles, such as whiskey, tobacco, petroleum, etc. It was prepared at the instance of the Secretary of the Treasury, who has called the attention of the committee to the importance and necessity of speedy action in the matter. He suggests an additional tax of one dollar on whisky and fifty cents on tobacco as the most certain mode of increasing the revenue.

STOPPING THE EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS.

Gen. WADSWORTH left Washington, to-day, for Fortress Monroe, with instructions from the War Department to suspend further exchanges on Gen. BUTLER'S plan. Under that arrangement we are getting only seventy-five of our prisoners for one hundred of theirs.

GEN. ROSECRANS AT CHICKAMAUGA.

The Commission appointed by the War Department to investigate the conduct of Gen. ROSECRANS at Chickamauga, have made their report to the President. They fully exonerate Gen. ROSECRANS from blame in the matter. What the report says about Gens. MCCOOK and CRITTENDEN is not stated.

GENERAL RESPITE TO DESERTERS.

An order has been issued directing that sentences of all deserters who have been condemned by court-martial to death, and that have not been otherwise acted upon by the President, be mitigated to imprisonment during the war at the Dry Tortugas, Florida.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, March 13.

GEN. GRANT AND THE CITIZENS OF NEW-YORK.

Lieut.-Gen. GRANT, before he left on Friday for the West, answered the letter written on the behalf of a large number of the loyal citizens of New-York, who desired to evince their appreciation of the signal services he had rendered to the country in a brilliant series of successes in arms, and respectfully soliciting the favor of his presence as their guest at some period during his stay in the East. The letter was signed by fifty of the most prominent citizens of New-York. In reply Gen. GRANT says, while highly appreciating the tender of the hospitalities of the City he will not be able to accept of them. "My duties," he says, "call me immediately to the West, for which I start by the most expeditious route this evening. For that part of your letter complimentary to myself, accept my thanks and receive my assurance that all in my power will be done that your expectations may be realized. The men and money you patriotically offer for the war are all that will be required to insure its early termination in the reëstablishment of the whole Union stronger than it has ever been."

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

The United States Supreme Court, during the coming week, will be engaged in hearing the following named causes:

No. 164.—The United States, appellants, *vs.* Vose de Jesus Vallejo, from the District Court of California.

No. 165.—Jones, Wallingford & Co., appellants, *vs.* Livingston, Copeland & Co., from the United States Circuit Court of Western Pennsylvania.

No. 168.—The United States, appellants, *vs.* J. L. Folson's Executors, from the District Court of Northern California.

No. 169.—Santiago, Brignaudillo, *et. al.*, plaintiffs, in error, *vs.* Matilda C. Gray, *et. al.*, *from* the Circuit Court of Northern California.

MILITARY DINNER AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

The sudden return of Lieut.-Gen. GRANT to the West prevented him from participating in the military dinner at the Executive Mansion last night. However, nearly all, if not the entire number of Major-Generals and Brigadier-Generals now here, including Gens. HALLECK, MEADE, SICKLES and MCCOOK, together with the Secretary of War, dined with the President.

INDIAN REFUGEES IN KANSAS.

The Indian Bureau is taking preliminary measures for the return of the Indian refugees in Kansas, about 8,000 in number, to their own country, from which they were driven by secession hostilities. But the removal will not be immediately effected.

PERSONAL.

Among other prominent visitors at Washington is Gov. SMITH, of Rhode Island.

It is said in military quarters that Gen. GRANT will return to Washington in the course of the next two weeks.

Fatal Accident on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad—Gen. Kilpatrick.

BALTIMORE, Sunday, March 13.

WILLIAM DOBBIN, son of GEORGE W. DOBBIN, Esq., of Baltimore, was almost instantly killed at Piedmont, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, on Saturday, by being run over while standing on the track. The deceased was a coal dealer.

Gen. KILPATRICK arrived here this morning from Fortress Monroe, and proceeded to Washington.

THE LATE RAID UPON RICHMOND.

Indignation of Rebels Natural—The Death of Col. Dahlgren—The Alleged Plot to Blow up Prisons.

[NOTES BY OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

The rebels, through the newspapers, have had their say about the recent raid. As was anticipated, these locusts about the Confederate capital very naturally were, and still are, fearfully excited at the audacity of KILPATRICK and his troopers—they had reason to be so. This is not only what was expected, but what was hoped would be the case by all who took any particular interest in the matter; and, by the degree of their exasperation over what the Richmond editors are pleased to call "the raid of Barbarians," may we judge of the amount of damage done them and their failing cause. The simple fact, that in the so-called programme of operations found upon the body of the lamented Col. DAHLGREN, they have interpolated words of their own coining, to the effect that JEFF. DAVIS and his Cabinet were to be killed, thereby giving an importance to the proclamation (which, by the way, was never read to the troops) and the memoranda of operations which were found, not at all in accordance with the spirit actuating the instigators and leaders in the movement. The writer was privileged to see the documents which Col. DAHLGREN had the day he started on the expedition, and which have been spread before the public in a garbled shape through the Richmond press, to intensify, if possible the infernal spirits of all rebeldom, in their hatred to the Union cause and all its supporters; and although having no copy of these papers before him now, he is satisfied that there was no expression therein written which could reasonably be construed even so as to express a determination to murder any person or persons—even so great an outlaw as JEFF. DAVIS. Stripped of this interpolation, the memoranda and proclamation do not exceed the bounds of legitimate warfare. The planners and participators in this raid are as high-minded and honorable men as even the conceited editor of the *Examiner* could wish, and the leaders of the expedition would go as far in preventing their men committing overt acts. And even if the worst was true, how illy does it become the indorsers of EARLY in Pennsylvania, MORGAN in Ohio, QUANTREL in Kansas, and BEAUREGARD in his plot to murder President LINCOLN and Lieut.-Gen. SCOTT, to take special exceptions to this raid! Either one of the Confederate leaders named has been guilty of more doubtful acts than were ever contemplated by any body of Union raiders. Forgetting these things, they threaten to mete out condign punishment to the prisoners captured from KILPATRICK's command. The real animus, however, may be found—first, in the amount of property destroyed, some of which cannot be replaced—none of which can be well spared—and next tee chagrin and mortification experienced by the bombastic South at the fact that an expedition on so important a mission should accomplish so much under the very noses and in defiance of the Richmond Junta; and, what is worse than all, by troops led on by KILPATRICK and DAHLGREN—two men who, next to BUTLER, the most cordially hated and feared by all opposed to the Union cause, and for the reason that they have so often humiliated the knights of the black flag. KILPATRICK particularly, has been the special object of their vengeance for ruining the prospects of one of Virginia's best known chieftans—STUART of cavalry fame. Whipped time and again by KILPATRICK, STUART finds now among his people none so poor as to do him reverence. Plot upon plot, similar to that concocted and nearly executed at Buckland's Mills last Fall, have been laid by STUART, in the hope of destroying the hated and feared KILPATRICK, hoping thereby to regain that confidence of his associates in crime lost by battling with the man whom he seeks to ruin. In this, however, he will not be permitted to be successful.

From the rebel statements made, it would appear that DAHLGREN lost his life by neglecting to exercise the usual precautions to guard against surprise, and was ambushed late at night. There was no moon on Wednesday or Thursday nights, (March 2 and 3,) until towards morning; there was a cloudless sky both nights, and bright star-light, affording sufficient light to see objects at a distance, except in woods. DAHLGREN being so near Gloucester, probably considered himself beyond all serious danger, and therefore it is possible was entrapped when least prepared for it, and almost entirely thrown off his guard. But I am inclined to think that Maj. COOK, his second in command, when at liberty to do so, will give an entirely different version of this lamentable affair. DAHLGREN, though brave almost to rashness, always moved cautiously when there was the possibility of a lurking enemy being near.

He had passed beyond what he considered the most critical point. He could not have expected to find KILPATRICK beyond the Matapony, for he must have heard his guns on Wednesday morning. The larger portion of his command rejoined the main column on that day at about 2 P. M.; he doubtless in attempting to follow ran upon the enemy, and was forced to cross the Pamunky and Matapony at a point further north. When on Wednesday evening he attempted to recross the Pamunky at Pine Tree Farm he was within a very few miles of KILPATRICK, and must have seen the fires of his camp, for they were numerous and much extended by the burning of miles of basket fence along the planations within a few miles of the Pamunky. He probably supposed, however, they were fires in an enemy's camp and, therefore, resolved to make his way to Gloucester. Would to God he had known whose hands kindled those extended lines of fire on that crisp March night!

The story of arrangements having been made to blow up the buildings containing Union prisoners is simply ridiculous. No doubt the rebel heart is bad enough for any such atrocity; but the prisoners were protected from this calamity by the fact that the humane design could not be carried into effect without sacrificing a large number of rebel lives and property. Possessed of more than Yankee cunning, the rebel authorities, under the fear created by the shells thrown from RANSOM's battery, doubtless did attempt to intimidate the prisoners by telling them that arrangements had been made to blow up the buildings they occupied, for the purpose of preventing any general attempt to overpower the guard—a result which would doubtless have been attained had the prisoners known how near their friends were. The rumors about blowing up prisoners has this foundation and no more.

In view of all the known facts, how puerile appears the indignities heaped upon DAHLGREN's body. It was the old fable of kicking the dead lion. No man in all rebeldom would have presumed to offer him an indignity when alive; but when his mangled, mutilated and bleeding body was lying dead before them, the self-styled aristocrats, the chivalrous gentlemen of the City of Richmond could heap indignities upon that inanimate form with impunity. Was ever sneaking cowardice more palpable?

Kick the dead body of the gallant DAHLGREN to your heart's content—obliterate every mark by which his resting-place may be known; heap all the indignities upon his name and fame that the incarnate fiend of secession may suggest—but it will be of no avail; his ghost went down at your bidding; his spirit still lives in the hearts of thousands of his compatriots in arms, who have sworn to avenge the cowardly indignities attempted to be heaped upon his name and remains. E. A. P.

Court Calendar—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT — CIRCUIT.—*Part I.*—Adjourned until Monday, March 21. *Part III.*—Nos. 1279, 541, 604, 618, 620, 964, 1068, 1072, 1080, 752, 1106, 1110, 1112, 1114, 1116, 1118, 1120, 1122, 1124, 1126.

SUPERIOR COURT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 2815, 3411, 1065, 3201, 3217, 547, 3427, 3375, 3415, 3391, 3537, 3043, 3381, 2959, 3563, 3565. *Part II.*—Nos. 1932, 2372, 3460, 298, 2058, 2122, 1822, 580, 3140, 3282, 3550, 3392, 3394, 2062, 3456.

COMMON PLEAS.—*Part I*—Nos. 370, 155, 309, 464, 452, 453, 454, 455, 431, 434, 211, 232, 466. *Part II*—Nos. 324, 167, 139, 537, 97, 46, 378, 402, 361, 456, 457, 458, 459, 461, 463.

Arrivals in the City.

Major-Gen. Wm. S. Harney, U. S. Army; Brig.-Gen. C. C. Washburne, Wisconsin; Ex-Gov. Underwood, Vermont; Melville Sawyer, Deputy Paymaster-General, Missouri; Dr. Watson, Kentucky, and Capt. C. F. Robe, U. S. Army, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Gen. Geo. A. Starkweather, Milwaukie; Judge James Colt, St. Louis; Gen. Fred. Knowland, Pennsylvania; Hon. E. B. Alvord, Indianapolis; Dr. John A. Tweedy and Capt. Tuthill, New-York; Col. Wm. H. Low, Rondout, and F. S. Stevens, California, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Lieut.-Commander Meade, U. S. Navy; Lieut. Fred. Grant, Second Massachusetts Artillery; Surgeon S. A. Richardson, Thirteenth New-York Volunteers, and B. H. Bancroft, Ohio, are at the Astor House.

The House Committee appointed for selecting site for Navy-yard returned from their visit to New-London yesterday. They are at the Astor House, and will return to Washington to-day.

LATE NEWS FROM MEXICO.

Zacatecas Occupied by the Imperialists—Guadalajara Threatened by the Liberals—Vidaurri Reported Hostile to Juarez—Tabasco Closely Pressed by the Liberals—Arrival of the Foreign Legion at Vera Cruz—Miranda Dangerously Ill—Grand Procession to Carry the Viaticum—Preparations for the New Emperor.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

HAVANA, Tuesday, March 8, 1864.

The English mail steamer from Vera Cruz arrived here yesterday, bringing news from the Capital of Mexico to the 26th of February, and from Vera Cruz to the 1st of this month.

Zacatecas was occupied on the 7th ult. by 2,000 troops of the force of Gens. DOUAY and CASTIGNY The former General entered Zacatecas on the 6th, and CASTIGNY Fresnillo on the 9th. ORTEGA, it was said, had taken the road to Juchipila to join at Guadalajara the forces of ARTEAGA and URAGA, but the Imperialists expect that he will not succeed in doing so, as Gen. DOUAY had left Zacatecas by forced marches in his pursuit. This latter piece of news is, however, doubted, URAGA having, it is said, retired to Sayula, which is to the southwest of Guadalajara. At all events, Zacatecas had been occupied by the Franco-Mexican forces, and military operations were being actively carried on in that direction, being principally directed against ORTEGA's forces, who was threatening Guadalajara. This latter place had been declared under martial law. According to letters from Guanajuato, Gen. CASTIGNY extended his line as far as Fresnillo, and Gen. DOUAY returned to Aguascallentes on the 10th, with the supposed intention of pursuing URAGA, who had lately shown himself between Guadalajara and Lagos. Various causes are assigned for this movement of URAGA's; it is, however, conjectured that he intends to unite with DOBLADO, whose forces, at the last accounts, were posted between Zacatecas and Durango.

The *Estafette* says, in its correspondence from Guadalajara, that that city was placed under martial law on the 6th ult., it being known that URAGA was, with 2,000 men, at Santa Cruz; TAPIA, with 4,000, at Santa Anita, and that other forces had just appeared in the Arenal. The same correspondence continues:

"The other day Col. GARNIER, with 700 men, and Gen. MIRAMON, with 1,000, went out to meet the enemy. A regiment of cavalry belonging to the latter, who were watching the movements of the allies, gave way at the first firing; the interventionists pursued them, and took prisoners an officer and ten dragoons. URAGA has fallen back on Sayula. All is quiet and confident in Guadalajara."

The same paper adds:

"It appears strange to us that if URAGA retired to Sayula, situated to the southwest of Guadalajara, Gen. DOUAY should have gone in pursuit of him. There must be some mistake on the part of the correspondents."

The Franco-Mexican papers boast that the so-called Government of JUAREZ finds itself reduced to four or five States which only nominally obey him, and that he cannot expect from outside the assistance that his former subjects now refuse him.

It is also said that VIDAURRI had declared openly against JUAREZ and had began to use force. The Franco-Mexican organs give the following history of the reception between JUAREZ and VIDAURRI, which, coming as it does from an opponent, cannot be entirely relied upon:

"In consequence no doubt of the communications that had passed between VIDAURRI and IGLESIAS, DOBLADO, who was at Saltillo since the 1st of Feoruary, advanced with 1,500 men to Monterey, for which place JUAREZ likewise left, perhaps to see if an arrangement was possible. The last news from Monterey reaches to the 11th, and is not a little confused. It appears, however, that on that day there were forces belonging to DOBLADO at Monterey, that JUAREZ was to arrive in the afternoon, that preparations were being made to receive him, when under pretext of disorders committed by DOBLADO's soldiers, VIDAURRI assumed a hostile appearance, and carried off to the fort six cannon which had been placed in the *Plazuela de la Parisma*, to fire a salute on JUAREZ's arrival. That he went with 20 soldiers of his guard to the barracks of Iturbide and bound with cords a party of soldiers belonging to DOBLADO's infantry, taking away likewise to the fort three cannon which the latter had with them. That VIDAURRI had collected 2,500 men in the fort, and had as many more in the suburos of the town. That JUAREZ remained until 1 P. M. at Santa Catalina, and DOBLADO at Monterey, and that in fine the crisis was imminent, and the result promised to be satisfactory to the cause of the Empire."

Another paper says that VIDAURRI is on good terms with the commander of the Imperial forces, while another published as news that VIDAURRI was already negotiating with Gen. MEJIA.

Tabasco was being very closely besieged by JUAREZ' partisans, and, according to the last accounts received from there, if the Imperialist garrison, which was not large, did not soon receive reinforcements, it would not be long before the town must yield.

The foreign legion from Europe landed at Vera Cruz on the 21st ult., and it was supposed would proceed without delay into the interior. The officer in command of Vera Cruz, Col. JEANNINGROS, left a few days after for Puebla, for the purpose of forming and organizing fifty companies of the foreign regiment or rather legion.

Father MIRANDA is lying dangerously ill in the Capital, and has just received the *viaticum*. It was made the occasion of an almost public ceremony. The procession which included nearly all the principal persons of the Government, being received at the house where the *Padre* lies sick, by Archbishop LABASTIDA, together with Archbishop ESPINOSA, bishops BARAJAR, RAMIERZ, GARATE, OMASCHEN and GUERRA, and various canons of the Cathedral with many other ecclesiastics and private persons. A magnificent altar was erected in the room where the sick man lay, and during the ceremony of administering the holy rites, the procession remained in the adjoining church of Jesus Maria, in the street, the entrance, court-yard, and corriders of the house, separating as soon as the religious ceremony was over. Padre MIRANDA had, however, since appeared a little better, so that his friends still entertained hopes that he might recover.

With reference to the assumption of the Imperial crown by the Archduke MAXIMILIAN, a political review of the 26th ult., published in the capital, says as follows:

"The news of the near arrival of the Sovereign, communicated by Señor ESTRADA, President of the Mexican Deputation, and which was brought by the English steamers of January last, and confirmed by the French one of St. Mozaire in the middle of the present month, has given rise to every kind of manifestations of joy, as well in the capital as in the principal towns of the Departments. In all of them there has taken place a *Te Deum*, at which the Mexican and French authorities were present, illuminations, bands of music, salutes and rejoicings. The Regency have ordered the Imperial Palace to be repaired and adorned, and the Emperor's box to be arranged in our grand theatre, and are at present examining the programme of the reception festival which the municipality of Mexico have submitted to them. Various societies of ladies and gentlemen are being organized to aid in the brilliancy of the festivals, and the example of the capital will not fail to be imitated by other places."

A letter from JUAREZ to DOBLADO refusing to renounce the Presidency, has been published, in which we find the following topics discussed: "DOBLADO had written to him that his withdrawal would smooth the way for a peace; on the contrary, JUAREZ considered it a very dangerous course to take, as it would cover the Liberals with ridicule and introduce anarchy, beside covering JUAREZ himself with ignominy for being a traitor to his honor and duty in thus abandoning in the time of danger that post which the nation had confided to him. He the more feared this as it was not certain that the enemy wanted to treat with ORTEGA, whom they styled a fugitive who had broken his parole, or with any other Mexican who does not previously accept the intervention. On the other hand, facts prove to us that the enemy does not propose to destroy the power of certain individuals, but the Government which the nation has given itself. This is why they have established a monarchy with a foreign Prince, and why NAPOLEON has declared 'that the Mexican expedition has no preconceived plan except a speedy triumph, now, he says, obtained, and therefore he wishes to make sure of the interests of France by bestowing the power on a worthy prince.'

It is true the state of affairs is not now very bright, and I do not try to deceive myself that circumstances may improve, but I am certain that our duty is to struggle for our country, and that between a struggle and treason there is mean. I beg you, therefore, to go on making war on the enemy by all possible means, this being our only hope of salvation. Otherwise the enemy will not treat with us except on dishonorable terms, or we must treat with the established government, which is not the government of the nation."

The schooner *San Francisco*, formerly the *Lord Raglan*, was captured in the waters of Manzanillo by the French sloop-of-war *Cordilliere* and taken to San Blas by a part of the crew. On board of the *San Francisco* there were found several communications from JUAREZ, and ten officers who had taken passage by it were made prisoners.

NEWS FROM ST. DOMINGO.

Arrival of Gen. Gandara—Florentino Reported Killed by a Colonel of his Party—Expedition from Monte Plata—Arrival of more Troops from Spain.

From Our Own Correspondent.

HAVANA, Wednesday, March 9, 1864.

The Spanish transport steamer *San Quintin* arrived here yesterday from Santiago de Cuba, having on board Gen. GANDARA, who has been for sometime past employed in St. Domingo.

The news from St. Domingo reaches to the 27th ult., at which date the Captain-General, VARGAS, had recovered from his illness.

FLORENTINO, the chief of the insurgents in the South, is reported to have been killed by one Col. RONDON. The news was brought to Neiba by a deserter from the Dominicans, and it has been likewise reported by other persons from Barbacon, which was the place where the event took place.

The Spanish accounts say that many families and individuals who had deserted Neiba have returned and sworn allegiance to the Spanish Government.

On the 19th ult., an expedition left the Spanish camp at Monte Plata to attack the insurgents who were encamped at Moluca; who, say the Spanish accounts, fled in all directions. The object of the expedition, says the account from Monte Plata, was fully carried out, the pass of Moluca forced, the enemy's camp destroyed and the insurgents completely cowed, so that, in the return of the expedition to Monte Plata, they made no attempt to harass them, the expedition returning to their camp at Monte Plata at night-fall.

The merchant steamer *Almogabar* arrived, also, yesterday from Spain, with another of the provisional battalions, intended for the army in St. Domingo, and will leave to-day for Santiago de Cuba.

It is publicly stated that an expedition is being prepared at Santiago de Cuba for some port of St. Domingo, most probably Monte Cristi, and that the arrival of Gen. GANDARA here is occasioned by it.

According to the Spanish accounts the line of Guanuma and Monte Plata is completely tranquil, the Government troops advancing into the interior in that direction without meeting any opposition. They are said to have concentrated all their forces in Vega Santiago and Monte Christi for a combined movement in the direction of the province of Cibao by others the concentration of forces is reported to prevent a counter revolution in Vega. The road to Puerto Plata is said to be completely obstructed in various parts.

The French war steamer *Darien* has arrived lately at Vera Cruz from Oran, in Algeria, which place she left on the 31st of January. She brought to Mexico Prince BONAPARTE, who is a Captain in the Foreign Legion, several other officers and 390 soldiers, non-commissioned officers and privates belonging to the legion.

The *Corsica* arrived yesterday. Among the passengers landed at Nassau from New-York was the Bishop of the Island.

The Second Battalion (Provisional) of the forces for the Spanish West Indies, arrived here yesterday in the merchant steamer *Berenguer*. The Third Provisional Battalion, 1,000 strong, arrived a few days ago in the mail steamer *Porto Rico*, and left immediately for Santiago de Cuba on board of two steamers freighted for that purpose. Another mail steamer is shortly expected with some hundred more, as well as the merchant steamer *Hamburgo*, which left on the 20th ult. with 700 or 800 men. These are to be followed by some six or seven others, freighted by the Spanish Government expressly for transporting the troops. The Government at Madrid being, it is said, determined to put down the insurrection at any cost.

The merchant steamer *Lopez de Vega* has also left Cadiz with the Fifth Battalion of Marines, 800 strong.

The pacification of St. Domingo is, however, as yet far from taking place. This the partisans of the Spanish domination are compelled to acknowledge. They boast that it has been successful in the South, but that nothing has been done in the other parts, particularly in the Cibao. Monte Cristi, it is said, will be shortly attacked. SANTANA continues at Seybo, more employed in watching over his estates in that part of the island than in fighting with the insurgents. The other Dominican General on the Spanish side, ALFAU, has just returned from Spain, having landed at Porto Rico, according to the best accounts received from there, and must by this time be again at the seat of war.

The signs of the times may be seen from the fact that the police regulations of the capital, St. Domingo, which had been made similar to those of Havana, have been put a stop to by order of the Captain-General. "LARA."

Brown's Bronchial Troches are recommended for public speakers and others, for the relief of colds and to clear the voice. Their efficacy is strongly attested by Congressmen, Clergymen, Military men and others who use them. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine.

From the Home Journal.

Dr. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, of No. 49 Bond-st., has received the following tribute to his talent from Rev. D. C. Van Norman, of the Van Norman Institute. Dr. PERRY thinks it will be of interest to the *Home Journal* readers. We agree with him, and, therefore, give it space:

NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1863.

Dr. B. C. Perry:

DEAR SIR: Accept this spontaneous expression of my thanks for your marvelously sucpessful treatment of my hair.

From a state of incipient baldness, my head is now clothed with a thick and healthful growth of hair. Why this important department of therapeutics receives so little attention from the medical profession is to me unaccountable.

The numberless deleterious nostrums advertised for the hair furnish proof direct that baldness is an evil greatly deprecated. I say deleterious nostrums advisedly, as the result of some sad experience.

Should you succeed—and I think you cannot fail—in rescuing the human head from this universal, and hitherto unopposed, reign of charlatanry, you will be entitled to rank high among the benefactors of our race.

With great respect, yours, very truly,

D. C. VAN NORMAN.

Morton's Gold Pens are now sold at the same prices as before the commencement of the war; this is entirely owing to the Manufacturer's improvements in machinery, his present large Retail Business and Cash-in-Advance System; for, until he commenced advertising, his business was done on Credit and *strictly with the Trade.*

The Morton Gold Pens are the only ones sold at old prices, as the makers of all other gold pens charge the Premium on the Gold, Government Tax, &c.; but Morton has in no case changed his prices, Wholesale or Retail.

Of the great numbers sent by mail to all parts of the world during the past few years, not one in a thousand has failed to reach its destination in safety; showing that the Morton Gold Pen can be obtained by any one, in every part of the world, at the same price, postage only excepted.

Reader, you can have an enduring, always ready, and reliable Gold Pen, exactly adapted to your hand and style of writing, which will do your writing vastly cheaper than Steel Pens; and at the present almost universal High-Pressure Price of everything, you can have a Morton Gold Pen cheaper, in proportion to the labor spent upon it and material used, than any other Gold Pen in the World. If you want one, see "The Pen is Mightier than the Sword," in another column.

Steinway & Sons—Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright Pianos, have removed their warerooms to their new marble building,

Nos. 71 and 72 East 14th-st.,
Between Union-Square and Irving-place, New-York.

Gold Pens.

FOLEY'S Celebrated "Bank" and extra fine GOLD PENS AND PENCILS.
Store and Factory No. 169 Broadway.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Nervous Diseases and Physical Debility, ARISING FROM SPECIFIC CAUSES.—New and reliable treatment; valuable essays sent by mail free of charge. Address Dr. GEO. R. CALHOUN, Box No. 1,421, Philadelphia.

Sewing-machines to Rent.

And for Sale—New.
V. W. WICKES, Jr., No. 486 Broadway,
Corner of Broome-st., up stairs.

Prof. Alex. C. Barry's Tricopherous, or Medicated Compound, for preserving, restoring and beautifying the hair, eradicating scurf and dandruff, preventing baldness and gray hairs, curing diseases of the skin, glands and muscles, (such as salt rheum, pimples, chilblains, &c.,) chaps, rheumatism, swellings, sore throat, &c., and giving instant relief in cases of cuts, bruises, sprains, burns, scalds, &c. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Principal office, No. 374 Pearl-st., New-York.

Armless Soldiers! The Board of Surgeons and the Surgeon-General U. S. A. have given special honorary commendation to the Palmer Arm, and authorized its manufacture. Full information given by the Inventor. Offices, Philadelphia, New-York and Boston. Palmer's legs, also.

B. FRANK PALMER, Surgeon Artist.

Grover & Baker's Celebrated Sewing Machines for sale at No. 833 Broadway, near 22d-st. Embroidering, braiding, tucking, and every description of family sewing done on the Grover & Baker machines by experienced operators.

The Club Coffee.

This standard COFFEE is put up only by the New-York Coffee Club, No. 173, Greenwich-st. Every package has the trade mark of the Club. The leading brands are

The HOUSEHOLD COFFEE, at 21 cents.
The LONDON CLUB COFFEE, at 26 cents.
The LONDON CLUB COFFEE, Extra, at 30 cents.

These Coffees are remarkable above all others for their peculiar fragrance, strength and flavor, and their nutritious and healthy qualities are attested by the most eminent physicians. Sold by all first-class grocers.

To the New-York Coffee Club:

GENTLEMEN: I have been using your Coffee in my family, and consider it SUPERIOR to any I have met with. I find it to contain only the healthiest ingredients, together with a very unusual proportion of PURE JAVA COFFEE. Having recommended it extensively in my practice, I have heard but one opinion in its favor as nutritious and healthy beverage, and well adapted to nervous temperaments.

JAMES B. VAN KLEECK, M. D.,
FEB. 15, 1864. No. 160 Franklin-st., New-York.

Caution.

TO THE DRUG TRADE AND FANCY DEALERS
THE NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS
PIRATED.
PROSECUTIONS COMMENCED.

In vindication of their own rights and for the protection of the public, the undersigned have resolved to invoke the aid of the law in all cases in which their celebrated Perfume, "The Night Blooming Cereus," is or may be counterfeited or simulated. An injunction has already been obtained from the Supreme Court against certain jobbing houses of this City prohibiting them from selling a preparation purporting to be the Night Blooming Cereus, made by D. & G. A. Wright, of Philadelphia. A prosecution has been commenced in Philadelphia, and others will be instituted here forthwith. The law of this State, on the subject, is simple and to the point. It constitutes the copying or counterfeiting of trade-marks a criminal offence, as also the sale of the articles which bear the fraudulent symbols. This law will be enforced to the utmost by the subscribers against all who trench upon their rights, as sole manufacturers and proprietors of the Night Blooming Cereus for the Handkerchief.

This rare perfume, it is admitted, cannot be successfully imitated. The secret of its preparation is confined to the firm who manufacture and own it. Labels, however, are more easily copied than subtle chemical combinations, and it is therefore intended that the *enterprise* of the individuals who hope to cheat the public by mock externals, shall be promptly suppressed by the strong hand of Justice. PHALON & SON, No. 517 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings for varicose veins, shoulder-braces, &c. A lady attendant.

Sewing-Machines—Wonderful Improvements.—The Weed Lock-stitch Machines sew from lace to heavy leather. We advise our readers to buy them. WEED S. MACHINE CO., 506 Broadway, N. Y.

Wheeler & Wilson's Highest Premium Lock-stitch Sewing Machines.
No. 505 BROADWAY.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stich Sewing Machines.
SALESROOMS NO. 495 BROADWAY.

Spring Style of Gents' Hats Ready, Standard Price, $5. BURKE, No. 210 Broadway, corner Fulton-st.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines,
For sale at
Nos. 937 and 939 Broadway, corner of 22d-st.,
By J. T. ELLIS.
New machines to let.

MARRIED.

HAIGHT—WATSON.—On Tuesday, Feb. 23, at Waringstown, Ireland, by Rev. J. A. Beers, Rector, assisted by Rev. Thomas KNOX, of Lurgan, EDWARD HAIGHT, U. S. A., to ANNIE, second daughter of Francis Watson, Esq. Lake View, Lurgan. No cards.

MORSE—TEN BROECK.—On Thursday, March 10, at the North Dutch Church, Albany, by Rev. Rufus W. Clark, N. B. MORSE, Jr., of Brooklyn, to ANNA, daughter of Cornelius Ten Broeck, of Albany.

DIED.

ADAMS.—On Saturday, March 12, after a long and painful illness, ALICE H., eldest child of Charles S. and Jessie M. Adams, aged 7 years, 7 months and 14 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, at the residence of her parents, 115th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., on Tuesday, the 15th inst., at 9½ A. M.

BONE.—In this City, on Friday, March 11, after a short illness, WILLIAM S. BONE, of England, aged 35 years.

BURT.—In New-York, on Saturday, March 12, HARRY T., only child of Newberry D. and Lizzie Burt.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from St. Peter's Church, Portchester, this day, (Monday,) at 1 o'clock P. M.

CAIRNS'—MALVINA MATILDA CAIRNS, second daughter of the late Capt. John T. Cairns.

The relatives and friends of the family, Board of School Officers of the Tenth Ward, and teachers of Grammar School No. 20, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from St. James Lutheran Church, in East 15th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., on Tuesday afternoon, at 2½ o'clock, without further invitation. The remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery for interment.

COOK.—On Saturday, March 12, EDWARD COOK, native of Long Branch, N. J., in the 72d year of his age.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at his late residence, No. 82 8th-st., Brooklyn, E. D.

COZZENS.—At West Point, on Sunday morning, March 13, WILLIAM B. COZZENS, in the 77th year of his age.

CHURCHILL.—On Saturday, March 12, LOUIS BOWDEN CHURCHILL, youngest son of Charles R. and Lydia Churchill, aged 1 year, 5 months and 5 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, No. 155 Wooster-st., this (Monday) afternoon, at 1 o'clock.

DICKEY.—At Chicago, on Monday, March 7, FANNY DE KOVEN, daughter of Hon. Hugh T. Dickey, aged 10 years and 10 months.

FORD.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, March 13, CORNELIA M., daughter of the late Sidney and Cornelia Ford, in the 26th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 211 Raymond-st., on Tuesday, March 15, at 2½ o'clock P. M., without further notice.

HULSE.—On Sunday, March 13, after a short and severe illness, JOHN O., only son of Daniel and Mary Hulse, aged 31 years.

Duenotice of funeral in Tuesday's papers.

KANE.—On Sunday, March 13, MARY DUBOIS KANE, only daughter of Carrie Dubois and Delancey Kane, Jr., aged 11 months and 6 days.

The funeral will take place from the South Dutch Church at Tarrytown, on Tuesday, the 15th inst., at 12 o'clock. The remains will be placed in the family vault of the late Rev. George Dubois. The friends of the family are invited to attend. Trains leave Chambers-st. at 10 A. M. and return at 4 P. M.

LUDLOW.—At her residence, in Westchester, on Friday evening, March 11, ELIZABETH LUDLOW, widow of the late Gabriel Verplanck Ludlow, in the 83d year of her age.

Her relatives and friends, and those of her sons, Robert H. and Edward H. Ludlow, are requested to attend her funeral, at St. Peter's Church, Westchester, on Monday next, 14th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. without further invitation. Carriages will be in waiting at Harlem Bridge for those who wish to attend.

SEELYE.—Suddenly, on Saturday evening, March 12, ALEXANDER K., infant son of Edgar and Elizabeth B. Seelye.

OWENS.—On Sunday afternoon, March 13, at 3 o'clock, ELISA OWENS, in the 52d year of her age.

The friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, on Thursday morning, March 17, at 10 o'clock, from the residence of her brother, John Owens, No. 34 West 32d-st, when the remains will be taken to St. Francis Xavier's Church, West 16th-st., where a Requiem Mass will be celebrated for the repose of her soul, and from thence to Calvary Cemetery for interment.

POLLOCK.—On Thursday, March 10, at 11 o'clock P. M., at his late residence, in Westfield, N. J., of pneumonia, THOMAS POLLOCK, aged 53 years and 4 months.

The funeral service will take place at his late residence, in Westfield, on Tuesday, March 15, at 10½ o'clock A. M. The friends wishing to attend can do so by taking the cars of the New Jersey Central Railroad, leaving the foot of Cortlandt-st., New-York, at 7¾ o'clock A. M., and carriages will be in waiting at the Craneville Station to convey them to the place.

ROGERS.—At Stratford, Conn., on Thursday, March 10, CHARLES HENRY ROGERS, son of the late T. Mumford Rogers.

STUART.—On Saturday morning, March 12, ELIZABETH, relict of the late Charles Stuart, aged 88 years.

Her friends and acquaintances, also those of her son-in-law, Rev. Hugh H. Blair, and of David Douglas, and the members of the Charles-st. U. P. Church, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 34 Perry-st., this (Monday) afternoon, 14th inst., at 1 o'clock.

SCHAFFNER.—On Saturday, March 12, LAURA D., only daughter of Charles and Christina D. Schaffner, aged 3 years and 4 months.

Due notice of funeral will be given in this paper.

TERRY.—On Sunday, March 13, MARY LUCIA, daughter of Lucien B. and Cornelia T. Terry, in the 8th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 453 West 23d-st., on Tuesday, the 15th inst. at 1½ o'clock P. M.

VROOM.—In Jersey City, on Saturday, March 12, GUYSBERT BOGART VROOM, son of Peter D. Vroom, in the 27th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the First Reformed Dutch Church, on Grand-st., on Tuesday, the 15th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

VAN WAGENEN.—At Newark, N. J., on Friday, March 11, LAURA B., wife of Wm. M. Van Wagenen.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her father-in-law, No. 263 North Broad-st., on Monday, the 14th inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M., without further invitation.

WRIGHT.—On Saturday evening, March 12, CLARK WRIGHT, M. D., in the 65th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, on Tuesday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, at the Church of the Ascension, corner of 5th-av. and 10th-st., without further invitation.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE, LOCKsmiths' Materials, Cabinet Trimmings and Mechanics' Tools. A large and complete assortment of articles in the above line always on hand at ASTEN & THROCKMORTON'S, Builders' Hardware Depot, 253 Bowery, between Houston and Stanton sts. Goods delivered free of charge to any part of the city.

DEAFNESS,
IMPAIRED SIGHT,
NOISES IN THE HEAD,
CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS
IN THE
THROAT,
CHRONIC CATARRH,
CATARRH OF THE TYMPANIC MUCOUS MEMBRANE, OBSTRUCTION OF THE EUSTACHIAN TUBE, CURED,
CROSS-EYE STRAIGHTENED IN ONE MINUTE.

And every disease of the Eye and Ear requiring either medical or surgical aid, attended to
BY
DR. VON EISENBERG,
Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with the New Mode of Treatment," at his office,
NO. 816
BROADWAY.

AGAIN NEW TESTIMONY.

TESTIMONIAL FROM ONE OF THE MOST RESPECTABLE CITIZENS OF NEW-YORK.

DEAFNESS AND CATARRH CURED.

No. 420 SIXTH-AV., NEW-YORK, Dec. 2, 1863.

I was deaf for several years, and hearing of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I was induced to place myself under his care, and I am now happy to state that my hearing was entirely restored after a short treatment. I was also suffering from chronic catarrh, of which I was also cured by the skillful treatment of Dr. Von Eisenberg. I do but justice to the Doctor in stating that in treating me he displayed that skill and knowledge which have already procured for him such a deserved reputation, and that the principles which direct his system of curing Deafness and Catarrh are such as to render success certain, in my opinion. Many months have passed since Dr. Von Eisenberg restored my hearing, and it continues as good as ever.

O. HOPKINS.

READ NEW TESTIMONY OF CATARRH CURED.

CATARRH CURED.

READ!

I have been suffering for a long time from a severe Catarrh, with a continual dullness in my head, a tightness across my chest, a weight over my eyes, which were weak, watery, and very painful. My nostrils were constantly obstructed with a pouring fluid. That frequent sneezing, hoarseness of my voice, often attended with a fullness of my throat, great soreness, and a continual dropping. Dr. Von Eisenberg has cured me of all these disagreeable sufferings. I may, indeed, say that I feel a new life. The treatment of Dr. Von Eisenberg is as skillful as it is successful. It is in my opinion impossible to overrate the benefit I have received at his hands. I heartily recommend any one suffering like myself to place themselves under Dr. Von Eisenberg's care, with a certainty of being speedily cured.

W. S. HUTCHINS,
Lightning Calculator,
Barnum's Museum.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 21, 1864.

READ.

HARLEM, July 30, 1863.

I have been deaf for over TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, and Dr. VON EISENBERG operated on both of my ears without the slightest pain—a thing that I could not believe could be done, I now *hear* well, and feel as I never felt for the last twenty years. The dexterity and skill with which the operation was performed evince the highest practical ability. *I hear perfectly.* It is now over a month since the operation, and I continue to feel as well as ever.

WILLIAM LIDDLE,
Harlem, 126th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

No. 134 ALLEN-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 9, 1863.

I have been completely deaf in one ear, and partially so in the other, for above seventeen years, with a disagreeable discharge from both ears, combined with continual rumbling noise in the head, for which I have been treated by a most eminent practitioner in the City without the slightest relief.

Iconsulted Dr. Von Eisenberg, but I must candidly say that I had no fa

FINANCIAL.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS AND DEALERS
IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
No. 39 WALL-ST,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES
U. S. 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED BONDS of '81.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. ONE YEAR CERTIFICATES.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' AND ORDNANCE VOUCHERS, the NEW U. S. FIVE PER CENT. LEGAL TENDER NOTES, and all GOVERNMENT is sue.

BANKS, SAVINGS BANKS and investors will find us prepared at all times to furnish desirable lots of these Securities in large or small amounts.

DEPOSITS received and COLLECTIONS made of favorable terms. STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.

U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES converted into the 6 PER CENT. BONDS of 1881 on favorable terms.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS and DEALERS
In GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
NO. 39 WALL-ST.

OFFICE OF
VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS,
NO. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

We are prepared to convert the U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES into the 6 per cent. BONDS of 1881, with promptness, and on favorable terms.

Also, BUY and SELL, at market rates, all kinds of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, including
U. S. 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. 1 YEAR CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. Two Year 5 per cent. LEGAL TENDER NOTES.
U. S. 6 per cent. COUPON and REGISTERED, of 1881.
MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNES collected or purchased. VERMILYE & CO.

CHICAGO AND GREAT EASTERN
RAILWAY COMPANY,
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,
FOR $2,000,000.

SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS OPENED WITH Messrs. SCHUCHARDT & GEBHARD, Bankers, No. 21 Nassau-st., New-York.

The Chicago and Great Eastern Railway Company now offer for sale one million one hundred thousand dollars of their first mortgage bonds, in sums of one thousand dollars each, maturing in thirty years, bearing interest at the rate of Seven per cent. per annum, payable in the City of New-York, on the first days of April and October, in each year.

These bonds are secured by a first and only Mortgage on the property, income and franchises of the Railway Company, executed to Frederick Schuchardt and Henry Meyer, of the City of New-York, Trustees.

The remaining nine hundred thousand dollars of the Bonds are set apart and remain in the hands of the said Trustees for the purpose of being exchanged for the indebtedness of the Chicago and Cincinnati Railroad Company, forming from old Crosse to Logansport; this effected, the $2,000,000 will form a First and only Mortgage on a line of road 110 miles in length, extending from Chicago to Logansport, where it connects with the Cincinnati and Chicago Air-line Railroad, forming the shortest line by 30 miles, between Chicago and Cincinnati, and by 50 miles the shortest line between Louisville and Chicago.

It will also open, in connection with roads now in operation, entirely new and very direct lines from Chicago to New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and all Eastern cities. The distance between Chicago and New-York by this route is shorter than by either of the existing lines via Dunkirk or Buffalo.

The road is now under contract, and the most strenuous efforts are being made to have it open for traffic during the Summer of 1864.

The interest on the Bonds maturing during the progress of the work, has been provided for, and will remain on deposit with the Bankers of the Company. Messrs. SCHUCHARDT & GEBHARD, No. 21 Nassau-st., to whom the Company refer for further particulars, and where subscription books for this loan have been opened.

W. D. JUDSON, President.
No. 67 William-st., New-York, Dec. 29, 1863.

EXCELSIOR FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
NO. 120 BROADWAY.
Cash Capital.....$200,000

STATEMENT, Feb. 1, 1864.

ASSETS.

Cash Items:		
Cash balance in Bank and Office....	$3,614 41	
Call loans on U. S. Bonds and Stock Securities, market val..	$80,170	63,200 00—$66,214 41
U. S. 5-20 Bonds, loan of 1863, owned by the Company		55,000 00
Real Estate and Leasehold owned by the Company		64,916 64
Bonds on Bonds and Mortgages, first liens on Real Estate in this State worth over $160,000 00—		78,127 94
Interest on loans due and accrued		3,217 54
Premiums outstanding		1,226 99
Rents due and accrued		1,525 00
Other property, including U. S. Internal Revenue Stamps		3,127 50
Total assets		$263,456 02

LIABILITIES.

Reinsurance, Losses Unsettled and all other claims of every description $24,000 00

DIRECTORS.

EUGENE PLUNKETT, President.

John Garcia,	Gus. Reynaud, Jr.,	Jules Rilliet,
Jeannes Gourd,	Charles J. Morlet,	Charles Sagory,
Waldo Hutchins,	James M. Lewis,	H. G. Ellshemius,
P. Gilbert,	Howard C. Candy.	C. C. Pinckney,
William Feeden,	John E. Peters,	Jos. B. Young,
Bart. Blanco,	Elias Pouvert,	Charles S. Pell,
A. Bessange.		

SAMUEL M. CRAFT Secretary.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS
AND
U. S. GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS,
No. 32 Wall-st. New-York.
U. S. SECURITIES
of all issues,
purchased and for sale.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS, subject to check for at sight. STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.

OFFICE OF THE
UNITED STATES
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
No. 40 Wall-st.
New-York, March 9, 1864.

At the annual election for ten Directors of this Company, for the second class, held 7th Instant, the following gentlemen were unanimously elected:
WILLIAM TUCKER,
WASHINGTON R. VERMILYE,
THOMAS C. DOREMUS,
CLINTON GILBERT,
BENJAMIN H. FIELDWRIGHT,
HANSON K. CORNING,
CHARLES P. LEVERICH,
WILLIAM M. HALSTED,
HENRY W. FORD,
APOLLOS R. WESTMORE.

And for Inspectors of the next Annual Election: STACY B. COLLINS, GEORGE HODGSDON and ISAAC A. QUACKENBOSS. At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, JOSEPH B. COLLINS, Esq., was unanimously reelected President of the Company.
By order, JOHN EADIE, Secretary.

BROWN BROTHERS & Co.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

EDWARD KING
offers his services at the Board of Brokers for the purchase or sale of STOCKS, BONDS AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 4 HANOVER-ST.

SIMONSON & BROWN
offer their services at the Board of Brokers, for the purchase or sale of Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold.
No. 39½ EXCHANGE-PLACE.

OFFICE OF THE GROCERS' FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 48 Wall-st.,
New-York, March 1, 1864.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DIVIDEND.—THE Board of Directors have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Five (5) Per Cent. on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable on demand, free of Government tax. JAMES G. PLATT, Secretary.

CHICAGO AND ALTON FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS Nos. 441, 155, 368, 209, 17, 41, 72, 378, 458, 305, 550, 176, 519, 2 and 96 have been duly designated for payment according to the terms of the mortgage. Interest thereon will cease 1st May, 1864. The undersigned are ready to pay them with interest so far as accrued on presentation and surrender.

S. J. TILDEN, No. 12 Wall-st.,
L. H. MEYER, No. 48 Exchange-pl., } Trustees.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND IRON MINING CO.,
CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 8, 1864.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE DIRECTORS OF this declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of five Dollars ($5) on each share, payable on the 21st inst., at the office of the Company in Cleveland. Transfer books will be closed from the 15th to the 22d inst.
SAMUEL L. MATHER, Treasurer.

COLUMBUS, PIQUA AND INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY.—Holders of the Trustees' Certificates of this Company are requested to present them for reissue of new bonds and stock, immediately, at the St. Nicholas Bank, No. 7 Wall-st.
JOHN H. BRADLEY, Financial Agent.

CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION OF THE 18TH WARD.—A stated meeting of this association will be held at the Medical College, in 23d-st., corner 4th-av., on MONDAY EVENING, March 14, inst., at 8 o'clock, P. M.
CHARLES P. KIRKLAND, President.
EDWARD CROMWELL, Secretary.
P. S.—The Executive Committee will meet at 7 o'clock.

WANTED—FROM ONE HUNDRED BUSHELS TO all of the sound Western Mixed Corn that can be procur d in New-York City, at $1 40, payable in 10 days, and 3 cents per bushels margin will be paid to the seller as soon as the contract is completed, or 5 cents per bushel margin on 15 days' time. Also, wanted one thousand tons prime quality shipping hay. Apply to LUTHER C. TIBBITS, No. 13 Moore-st.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 6 Beekman-st., Room No. 3, third floor, over Park Bank.

FINANCIAL.

DENVER MINING COMPANY,
COLORADO.

50,000 SHARES—$20 PER SHARE.

The subscribers, as the only authorized agents, offer for sale in sums to suit purchasers, a limited amount of this first class dividend-paying Gold stock, at ONE-HALF ITS PAR VALUE, or $10 PER SHARE.

Quarterly dividend paid Feb. 20, 1864, 2 per cent.

Exhibits of the Company's valuable properties, with tabular statement of monthly earnings from July 1, 1861, will be furnished on application.

JAMES WADSWORTH & CO.,
No. 61 Cedar-st., N. Y.
MARCH 1, 1864.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.
NO. 40 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
AND GOLD.

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Board on commission. Mercantile collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

TO CAPITALISTS.

JERSEY CITY BONDS FOR $265,000,
TWENTY YEARS TO RUN,
INTEREST SIX PER CENT., SEMI-ANNUALLY,
PAYABLE IN JERSEY CITY OR THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's office, City Hall, Jersey City, N. J., or at the office of M. O. Morgan, Esq., No. 6 Jauncey-court, Wall-st., New-York, until MONDAY, March 21, 1864, at 12 o'clock M., for the whole or any part of two hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars of Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds, authorized by a resolution of the Common Council of Jersey City, passed March 1, 1864, in accordance with the law of the Legislature of New-Jersey authorizing said bonds. Said bonds will be for $1,000 each, with interest coupons attached, at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi annually at the Hudson County Bank, Jersey City, or at the Merchants' Exchange Bank, in the City of New-York, and redeemable in twenty years. The proposals will state the amount of bonds desired, and the price per one hundred dollars thereof; and parties, when notified that their proposals are accepted, will be required to deposit with the Treasurer of Jersey City the sums awarded to them respectively, and the Treasurer's receipt will entitle them to receive from the Comptroller bonds for equal amounts of the par value of the sums awarded to them, with interest from the date of payment. They will be awarded to the highest bidders. No bid will be accepted for less than par, and no conditional bid will be entertained. Each proposal should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds," and inclosed in a second envelope addressed to

HENRY F. COX,
THOS. B. DECKER, } Committee on Finance,
A. A. ADDIS, } Jersey City.

JERSEY CITY, March 5, 1864.

Population of Jersey City is about 35,000. City debt, including soldiers' bounty fund as above, $495,000. Valuation of real estate by assessors of 1863, $14,728,685. The Board of Water Commissioners' Loan for water works, which supplies Jersey City, Hoboken City, Hudson City and Lafayette, amounts to $1,269,000, which, by its water rents, is self-sustaining and self-liquidating.

SHREVE & KENDRICK,
No. 23 William-st., Office No. 15.
MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS AND BONDS, STATE, COUNTY and CITY. Also, RAILROAD SECURITIES of all descriptions, not quoted at the New-York Stock Exchange, bought and sold on commission.
MISSISSIPPI AND MISSOURI FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, Eastern Division.
SCIOTO AND HOCKING VALLEY RAILROAD BONDS, (foreclosed.)
MINNESOTA STATE BONDS, issued to Railroads, (interest unpaid and repudiated.)
MILWAUKEE CITY BONDS, issued to Railroads, (interest unpaid and repudiated.)
BELLEFONTAINE AND INDIANA RAILROAD STOCK.
INDIANAPOLIS, CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD STOCK.
NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD STOCK.
UNITED STATES TELEGRAPH STOCK.
MORRIS CANAL STOCK AND BONDS.
NEW-JERSEY STATE 6s.
RACINE AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD BONDS WANTED.
COUNTY, CITY AND TOWN BONDS, of the State of Wisconsin, issued to insolvent Railroad Companies, purchased at high prices.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
Paid up capital ....£500,000. Reserved fund.....£100,000.
Head Office, No. 62 Threadneedle-st., London, E. C.
Court of Directors 1863-1864.
GEORGE GARDEN NICOL, Esq., Chairman.
DONALD LARNACH, Esq.
GEORGE H. ROBINSON, Esq.
GEORGE MAY, Esq.
THOMAS STENHOUSE, Esq.
Sir FREDERICK JAMES HALLIDAY, K. C. B.
DAVID TRAIL ROBERTSON, Esq., ex-ficio,
DAVID TRAIL ROBERTSON, Esq., Chief Manager.
LONDON BANKERS.
Bank of England, London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT

Bombay,	Calcutta,	Madras,
Colombo,	Kandy,	Galle,
Singapore,	Penang,	Hong Kong,
Shanghai,	Yokahama, Japan,	Mauritius,
Manila,	Batavia,	Bankok.

The undersigned grant mercantile credits on the above-named Institution, available in India and China, and all ports east of the Cape of Good Hope.
DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

McKIM BROS. & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 61 WALL-ST.,
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND DOMESTIC AND STERLING EXCHANGE,
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD EXCLUSIVELY ON COMMISSION,
Interest allowed on deposit accounts.
Business paper collected.
BALTIMORE FUNDS TAKEN ON FAVORABLE TERMS.
Advances made on satisfactory securities.

ISAAC'S HARBOR GOLD COMPANY.
Capital $500,000.....100,000 shares, $5 each

TRUSTEES.

THOS. L. TAYLOR.	W. H. BEERS,
W. A. COBB,	EVERETT CLAPP,
JOHN F. SEYMOUR,	J. B. WALLACE,
ANDREW WESSON,	W. F. SHIRLEY.

The subscription books to the capital stock of this company will be opened on MONDAY, March 14, at the company's office, Home Insurance Building, second floor, Room No. 7.
NEW-YORK, March 11, 1864.
WM. F. SHIRLEY, Secretary.

TELEGRAPH
AND
EXPRESS STOCKS
BOUGHT AND SOLD BY
W. O. RUGGLES,
No. 13 Wall-st., N. Y.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, Feb. 27, 1864.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIdence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Fourth National Bank of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled, "An Act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved Feb. 25, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking:

Now, therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Fourth National Bank of the City of New-York, County of New-York, and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this 27th day of February, 1864.
(Signed,) HUGH McCULLOCH,
{L. S.} Comptroller of the Currency.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
PITTSBURGH, PA., Feb. 12, 1864.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCK and Bond holders of this company, for the election of Directors, and such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of said company, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the 3d WEDNESDAY of March, A. D. 1864, at 10 A. M. The Stock and Bond Transfer Books of the company at their office, in the City of Pittsburgh, and at their Transfer Agency in the City of New York, will be closed on the 1st day of March, at 3 o'clock P. M., and remain closed until the 17th day of March, thereafter.
W. H. BARNES, Secretary.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 6 STATE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 7, 1864.

PERSONS OWNING OR REPRESENTING steamers, ships, schooners, &c., are requested to send into this office daily the names of all such vessels as they may wish to charter to the Government or have in sight for. Their tonnage, standing, rate of charter, &c., will be required.
STEWART VAN VLIET,
Major and Quartermaster.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
PHENIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 139 Broadway, March 8, 1864.

The increased Capital of this Company is required to be paid on the 15th of March, 1864.
PHILANDER SHAW, Secretary.

ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY'S OFFICE, March 1, 1864.

NOTICE.—THE ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY IS prepared to issue seven per cent. Convertible Bonds to the amount of two millions of dollars, for the purpose of completing the road at its eastern terminus. The holders of the Mortgage Bonds of the Long Dock Company have the option, for six months from date, of taking these Bonds in exchange for the Bonds they now hold. Applications may be made at the Treasurer's office in West-st.
HORATIO N. OTIS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE MINNESOTA MINING COMPANY,
No. 12 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, March 10, 1864.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKholders of the Minnesota Mining Company for the election of officers for the ensuing year, &c., will be held at this office on WEDNESDAY, NEXT, the 16th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.
SAM'L J. W. BARRY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF ASHBURTON COAL CO.,
No. 39 WILLIAM-ST.,
GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE CO. BUILDING
THE BOOKS OF TRANSFER OF THE ASHBURTON COAL CO. will be opened on MONDAY, the 14th inst., and certificates issued.
JOSEPH A. SPEAR, Secretary.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK, St. Louis, March 1, 1864.

THE CIRCULATING NOTES OF THIS Bank will be redeemed at par by the Bank of Commerce in New-York.
E. D. JONES, Cashier.

FINANCIAL.

THE NEW-YORK MINING STOCK EXCHANGE BOARD
MEETS DAILY AT No. 52 WILLIAM-ST.,
Commencing at 3 o'clock P. M., punctually.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Manager.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.
OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS, No. 32 CHAMBERS-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 5, 1864.

Notice is hereby given that the ASSESSMENT ROLLS of the REAL and PERSONAL ESTATE of the City and County of New-York, for the year 1864, will be open for inspection and review from after MONDAY, Jan. 11, 1864 and will remain open till the 30th day of April, 1864, for the correction of errors and the equalization of the assessments of the aforesaid real and personal estate of the City and County of New-York. All persons believing themselves to be aggrieved, must make application to the Commissioners during the period above mentioned, in order to obtain the relief provided by law. The Act of 1859 provides that "During the time the books shall be open to public inspection, as herein before provided, application may be made by any person considering himself aggrieved by the assessed valuation of his real or personal estate, to have the same corrected." If such application be made in relation to the assessed valuation of the real estate, it must be made in writing, stating the ground of objection thereto, and thereupon the Commissioners shall examine into the complaint, and if, in their judgment, the assessment is erroneous, they shall cause the same to be corrected. If such application be made in relation to the assessed valuation of personal estate, the applicant shall be examined under oath by the said Commissioners, who shall be authorized to administer such oath, or any of them; and if in his or their judgment, the assessment is erroneous, they shall cause the same to be corrected, and fix the amount of such assessment as they may believe to be just, and declare their decision thereon within thirty days after such application shall have been made to them. No reduction shall be made by the Board of Supervisors of any assessment on real and personal estate imposed under this act, unless it shall appear, under oath or affirmation, that the party aggrieved was unable to attend within the period prescribed for the correction of taxes, by reason of sickness or absence from the City.

A. J. WILLIAMSON, } Commissioners
J. W. ALLEN, } of Taxes and
J. W. BROWN, } Assessments

CLEVELAND AND MAHONING RAILROAD COMPANY,
CLEVELAND, March 7, 1864.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have this day declared a stock dividend of ten per cent., payable on demand out of the earnings heretofore made and expended in the construction of the road. By order of the Board of Directors. O. M. BURKE, Sec.

WE WILL PURCHASE ON COMMISsion, through our San Francisco house, California and Nevada mining and other stocks. Parties wishing to order can examine daily quotations received by telegraph. Orders sent by telegraph when desired.
WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 84 Broadway.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

NOTICE.—THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOfore existing between TREDWELL & KETCHAM, HENRY P. KETCHAM and EDWARD F. PATCHEN was dissolved on the 3d inst., by the death of H. P. KETCHAM. TREDWELL KETCHAM, EDWARD F. PATCHEN and HENRY I. CLARK will continue the business under the firm of
T. KETCHAM & CO.
NEW-YORK, March 11, 1864.

MR. CHARLES C. DODGE IS THIS DAY admitted a partner in our house as of date Jan. 1, 1864.
PHELPS, DODGE & CO.
March 5, 1864.

DIVIDENDS.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD CO.,
CORNER 4TH-AV AND 27TH-ST.,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, Jan. 6, 1864.

A DIVIDED OF THREE DOLLARS per share, free from Government Tax, has THIS DAY been declared on the capital stock of the Company, payable on and after MONDAY, the 15th day of February next.
The transfer books will be closed on the 30th inst., and reopened upon the morning of the 16th of February.
W. BEMENT, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE PHŒNIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
BROOKLYN, March 8, 1864.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) Per Cent., and an extra Dividend of Five (5) Per Cent., has this day been declared, payable on demand at their Branch Office, No. 139 Broadway, New-York.
PHILANDER SHAW, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS' BANK,
Chatham-square, New-York,
Open Daily.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.
Deposits made now will receive interest from 1st April.
M. D. VAN PELT, President.
CHARLES D. BAILEY, Treasurer.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

COTTON GROWING.—A GENTLEMAN WILL to leave in a few days for the Mississippi River to work an abandoned or other plantation; $15,000 of capital is already subscribed by members of most respectable firms of over thirty years' standing; as much more will be acceptable; profits divided. Cotton should cost less to grow now, while it sells for from eight to ten times its former price. One-third cash down; balance monthly. Address, for particulars, Box No. 586 Post-office.

GAS STOCK FOR SALE—262 SHARES LAfayette and Indiana Gas Co. Stock for sale. GEO. K. SISTARE, No. 27 William-st., Room No. 6.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles; walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail; also, mattresses and paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE of warranted manufacture. Also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1843.

"THE PEN IS MIGHTIER THAN THE SWORD."
THE GOLD PEN—THE BEST OF ALL PENS,
MORTON'S GOLD PENS,
THE BEST PENS IN THE WORLD.

On receipt of any of the following sums in Cash, the subscriber will send by return mail, or otherwise, as directed, a Gold Pen or Pens—*selecting the same according to description*, viz.:

GOLD PENS WITHOUT CASES.

For 25 cents, the Magic Pen; for 38 cents, the Lucky Pen; for 50 cents, the Always-Ready Pen; for 75 cents, the Elegant Pen; and for $1, the Excelsior Pen. These Pens are not numbered, but correspond in sizes to Numbers 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 respectively.

THE SAME PENS IN SILVER-PLATED EXTENSION CASES, WITH PENCILS.

For 50 cents, the Magic Pen; for 75 cents, the Lucky Pen; for $1, the Always-Ready Pen; for $1 25, the Elegant Pen, and for $1 50, the Excelsior Pen.

These are Well-Finished, Good-Writing Gold Pens, with Iridosmin Points, the average wear of every one of which will far outlast a gross of the best Steel Pens, *although they are unwarranted, and, therefore, not exchangeable.*

MORTON'S WARRANTED PENS.

The name "A. Morton," "Number," and "Quality," are stamped on the following Pens, and the points are warranted for six months, except against accident.

The Numbers indicate size *only*; No. 1 being the smallest, No. 6 the largest, adapted for the pocket; No. 4 the smallest, and No. 10 the largest Mammoth Gold Pen, for the desk.

Long and Medium Nibs of all sizes and qualities. Short Nibs of Numbers 4, 5, 6 and 7, and made only of first quality.

The Long and Short Nibs are fine pointed; the Medium Nibs are Broad, Coarse Business points. The engravings are fac-similies of the sizes and styles.

GOLD PENS, WITHOUT CASES.

For $ 75 a No. 1 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 3d quality.
For $1 a No. 2 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 3d quality.
For $1 25 a No. 3 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 3d quality.
For $1 50 a No. 4 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 3d quality.
For $1 75 a No. 5 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 2d quality.
For $2 25 a No. 6 Pen; $2 75 a No. 7 Pen; $3 25 a No. 8 Pen; $4 a No. 9 Pen; $5 a No. 10 Pen—all 1st quality.

THE SAME GOLD PENS, IN SILVER EXTENSION CASES, WITH PENCILS.

For $1 50 a No. 1 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 1st quality.
For $1 75 a No. 2 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 3d quality.
For $2 a No. 3 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 3d quality.
For $2 50 a No. 4 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 3d quality.
For $3 a No. 5 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 2d quality.
For $3 50 a No. 6 Pen, 1st quality.

GOLD PENS, ALL FIRST QUALITY, IN SILVER-MOUNTED DESK-HOLDERS.

For $2 00 a No. 4 Pen; for $2 25 a No. 5 Pen; for $2 75 a No. 6 Pen; for $3 50 a No. 7 Pen.
For $4 00 a No. 8 Pen; for $5 a No. 9 Pen; and for No. 10 Pen.

The "3d Quality" are pointed with the very best Iridosmin Points, carefully selected, and none of this quality are sold with the slightest imperfection which skill and the closest scrutiny can detect.

The "2d Quality" are superior to any Pens made by him previous to the year 1860.

The "3d Quality" are the friends shall equal in respect to Durability, Elasticity and Good Writing Qualities (the only true considerations) any Gold Pens made elsewhere.

In regard to the Cheap Gold Pens, he begs leave to say that, previous to operating his New and Patented Machines, he could not have made as Good Writing and Durable Pens, for the price, had the Gold been furnished gratuitously.

Parties ordering must in all instances specify the "Name" or the "Number" and "Quality" of the Pens wanted, and be particular to describe the kind they prefer—whether stiff or limber, coarse or fine.

All remittances sent by mail in registered letters are at my risk; and to all who send twenty cents (charge for registering,) in addition to the price of goods ordered, I will guarantee their safe delivery.

Parties sending Gold or Silver will be allowed the full premium on the day received.

TO CLUBS—A discount of 10 per cent. will be allowed on sums of $12, of 15 per cent. on $24, and of 20 per cent on $40, if sent to one address at one time.

A. MORTON,
Address, NO. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, NEW-YORK.

PROPOSALS.

COUNTY LOAN
FOR $200,000.

PROPOSALS FOR $200,000 OF "RIOT DAMAGES INDEMNITY BONDS" OF THE COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECeived at the Comptroller's Office until MONDAY, March 21, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the purchase of the whole or any part of the sum of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars ($200,000) of "Riot Damages Indemnity Bonds," authorized by an act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, passed Feb. 8, 1864, and by an ordinance of the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York, approved by the Mayor March 7, 1864.

The said bonds will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable half-yearly on the first day of May and November in each year, and the principal will be redeemable on the first day of November, 1882.

The proposals will state the amount desired and the price per one hundred dollars thereof; and the persons whose proposals are accepted will thereupon be required to deposit with the County Treasurer (at the Broadway Bank) the sums awarded to them respectively, together with the premiums thereon.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the County Treasurer for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive bonds for equal amounts of the par value of the sums awarded to them, bearing interest from the date of payments.

Each proposition should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for Riot Damages Indemnity Bonds," and the same inclosed in a second envelope addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids if considered necessary to protect or promote the interests of the county.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, March 9, 1864.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 6 STATE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 8, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 o'clock M. of MONDAY, 14th inst., for the following articles, viz.:

Buckskins, each.
Saddle Blankets, ℔ pair.
Paint Brushes, 000, 0. Pitches and Sash Tools, ℔ doz.
Sash Brushes, ℔ doz.
Dust Brushes, (painters',) ℔ doz.
Wall Brushes, 10 knot, whitewash, ℔ doz.
Corn Brooms, ℔ doz.
Stable Brooms, rattan, ℔ doz.
Nail Buckets, cedar or pine, ℔ doz.
Gum Buckets, ℔ doz.
Edge Blacking, ℔ gallon.
Borax, best refined, ℔ lb.
Chalk, white, ℔ lb.
Glue, best Irish, ℔ lb.
Hides, raw, green, for covering saddles, packed in tight barrels in pickle, ℔ side.
Hides, thong, for sewing covering on saddles, packed in tight barrels, in pickle, ℔ side.
Clinch Nails, 2½ and 3 inch, ℔ lb.
Nuts, ⅜, ½, 5-16, 7-16, ⅝, ¾-16, ⅞, 11-16, ¾, ℔ lb.
Nuts, 1, 1¼, 1¾ inch hole, ℔ lb.
Rope, Manila, ¾, 1, 1¼, 1½ inch diameter, ℔ lb.
Sheep Skins, for Smiths' aprons, each.
Bagging Twine, in 12 lb. packages, ℔ lb.
White Lead, pure, in oil, 25, 50, and 100 lb. kegs, ℔ lb.
White Lead, pure, dry, 5 and 10 lb. papers, ℔ lb.
Venetian Red, English, in oil, 5, 20 and 50 lb. packages, ℔ lb.
Venetian Red, English, dry, 5 and 10 lb. packages, ℔ lb.
Prussian Blue, in oil, 3, 5 and 10 lb. packages, ℔ lb.
Prussian Blue, dry, 1 lb. packages, ℔ lb.
Lamp Black, ½ and 1 lb. papers, ℔ lb.
Yellow Ochre, dry, 5, 10 and 20 lb. papers, ℔ lb.
Chrome Green, dry, 5 and 10 lb. papers, ℔ lb.
Chrome Green, in oil, 3, 5 and 10 lb. packages, ℔ lb.
Burnt amber, 1, 2 and 5 lb. packages, ℔ lb.
Drop black, dry, 1, 2 and 3 lb. packages, ℔ lb.
English vermilion, 5 and 10 lb. packages, ℔ lb.
American vermilion, 1 lb. packages, ℔ lb.
Brown paint, in oil, 3, 5 and 10 lb. packages, ℔ lb.
Spanish brown, dry, 5 and 10 lb. packages, ℔ lb.
Black paint, in oil, 5 and 10 lb. packages, ℔ lb.
Chrome yellow, dry, 1, 2 and 3 lb. packages, ℔ lb.
Camel hair pencils (striping) ℔ doz.
Chamois skins, each.
Putty in kegs, ℔ lb.
Spirits turpentine, ℔ gallon.
Linseed oil, boiled, ℔ gallon.
Linseed oil, raw, ℔ gallon.
Neatsfoot Oil, ℔ gallon.
Coach Varnish, No. 1, ℔ gallon.
Copal Varnish, ℔ gallon.
Japan Varnish, Drying, ℔ gallon.

All the paints in oil, oil and varnish, to be put in tight cans and barrels, and the contents plainly marked on each package. All the articles of the foregoing list to be of the best quality of their kind, and to be well packed and delivered at place of shipment in this City without expense to the United States. Persons offering will please send samples, as far as practicable. Offerings should be indorsed "Proposals for Qr.-Mr. Stores," and addressed Major STEWART VAN VLIET,
Qr. Mr. U. S. A., New-York.

PROPOSALS FOR MILL AT GIESBORO, D. C.

WAR DEPARTMENT, CAVALRY BUREAU,
OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 3, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office, until 12 o'clock, M., on FRIDAY, March 18, 1864, for furnishing the materials and the erection of a Steam Mill, with the necessary machinery, (accompanied by plans and specifications,) for the purpose of grinding, cutting, mixing and steaming the forage rations furnished the cavalry horses at Giesboro, D. C., with sufficient capacity to supply ten thousand horses.

The following Board of Officers has been appointed, to whom all plans and specifications and papers referring to the mill will be submitted:

Col. August V. Kautz, Second Ohio Cavalry.
Col. C. L. Lowell, Second Massachusetts Cavalry.
Lieut.-Col. James A. Ekin, Chief-Quartermaster, Cavalry Bureau.

The plan which promises most economy, and can soonest be erected, will be selected. The greatest promptitude will be required.

No proposal will be considered, unless accompanied by the oath of allegiance, and a certificate from a source known to this Bureau of the responsibility of the parties, and their ability to faithfully execute the contract.

Payments will be made on the completion of the contract, or as soon thereafter as funds may be received.

Proposals must be indorsed, "Proposals for the Erection of Steam Mill at Giesboro," and addressed to Lieut.-Col. James A. Ekin, Chief-Quartermaster, Cavalry Bureau, Washington, D. C.

Any fur her information will be promptly given, personally or by letter, on application to

JAMES A. EKIN,
Lieutenant-Colonel, Chief Quartermaster,
Cavalry Bureau.

PROPOSALS FOR ICE.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 23, 1864.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., TUESDAY, March 15, 1864,

MEDICAL.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
Sir JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS!
Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution. To married ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fulness or Blood to the Head, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N. B.—$1 and 5 postage stamps inclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle containing over 50 pills by return mail.

Sold by all druggists.

JOB MOSES, No. 22 Cortlandt-st., New-York,
Sole United States Agent.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. DR. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris, and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 25 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health call on or write to me. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance calling to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st. Call, send, or write.

SPEEDY RELIEF AND SURE CURE GUARANTEED.—Therefore, let no false delicacy prevent your immediate application to Dr. POWERS. Dr. POWERS, successfully consulted with Dr. WARD No. 50 Lispenard-st. Conducted on the plan of the Hospital des Veneriens, Paris, where those afflicted with any form of private disease can receive the most treatment without risk or exposure. Syphilis, gonorrhœa, gleet, strictures, ulcers, tumors, cancers, secondary and constitutional syphilis, diseases of the kidneys, &c., &c. Thirty years of extensive practice, exclusively devoted to the treatment of these complaints, enable us to effect cures in cases where others of less experience have failed. Dr. Powers' Essence of Life restores the vigor of youth in four weeks. This marvelous agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution—physical disqualifications, impediments to marriage, speedily cured. The Misses Dr. and Mrs. Powers, the champions and kings of venereal diseases, possessing the most certain, speedy and only effectual remedies in the world. Those who have used their preventives are never without. Send or a circular. To Ladies.—Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops are a safe and certain remedy for monthly irregularities. The above remedies sent by mail. The afflicted should read their circular. Postage free, on receipt of a stamp. Cures warranted.

A PERFECTED RESTORED! IGNORANCE EXPOSED! FALLACIES UNMASKED!—Highly important to both sexes, married or single, in health or disease. Dr. LARMONT'S Paris, London and New-York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide, 30th edition, now 400 pages, nearly 100 fine illustrations upon menial and nervous debility, urinary deposits, involuntary loss of semen, impotency, affections of the bladder and kidneys, genito-urinary diseases and their consequences, the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female, latest researches in physiology; European hospital practice; quacks, recipes and specifics; the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment, &c. Mailed for $1, closely sealed, by the publisher, E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House.

All who would avoid unsuccessful and barbarous treatment with mercury, copaiba, injections, cauterizations, quack nostrums, specifics, instruments, &c., should read this original book, or consult the Doctor, No. 173 Broadway, (up stairs,) N. Y., from 10 to 5.

"We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. Larmont and his work."—*Courrier des Etats Unis, Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, Atlas, Medical Review, &c.*

CAUTION TO LADIES, SINGLE AND MARRIED.—Every woman truly a lady, has an aversion to call in or upon a physician in respect to complaints peculiar to her sex. Besides the shock to her delicacy in consulting persons, most of whom know nothing of her ailments, she incurs worse than useless expense in buying injurious pills, drops, potions, &c. No lady need call upon the numerous doctors with whom to recklessly and fearfully dream. The "Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," price $1, by A. M. Mauriceau, Professor of Diseases of Women, designed especially for the married or those about to be married, points out the mode of treatment to remove obstructions, irregularities, or other ailments, as mother or wife, with the causes and symptoms, and what best to do. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,294 New-York City. For sale at No. 1 Vesey-st. (Astor House,) and 18 Ann-st.; FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH Regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cause the most inveterate case in one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS M. D., No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st., New-York.

DR. COBBETT, MEMBER OF THE N. Y. University, (Medical College,) and Royal College of Surgeons, London, has removed from No. 19 Duane-st. to his present very convenient suite of offices at No. 22 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., with a private entrance at No. 6, City Hall place, where he can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on all diseases affecting the urinary organs; thirty years in his present specialty, (three of which have been at the Hospitals of this City,) enable him to guarantee a cure in every case undertaken, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, impotency, seminal weakness, &c., treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—As a proof of Dr. C.'s qualifications, he would call special attention to his Diplomas, which can be seen in his office.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 100th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,294, New-York City. For sale by B. RICHARDSON, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and 18 Ann st.; FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

ADVICE TO MARRIED OR SINGLE LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy; price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st.; or sent by mail, with full instructions, by address-ing Box 2,359 N. Y. Post-office.

N. B.—Those who prefer to visit a lady for certain and safe mode of treatment, without the use of medicine or instruments, can avail themselves of it by one interview, and be attended by their own sex.

DR. LEWIS' FEMALE MONTHLY TONIC is the only medicine married or single ladies can rely upon with safety and certainty for removing obstructions, suppressions, &c., from whatever cause. Ladies who desire to avail themselves of Dr. LEWIS' valuable, certain and safe method of removing obstructions, suppressions, &c., from whatever cause, without the use of medicines, can do so at one interview. Ladies from a distance can return the same day. Excellent rooms fitted up in style for accommodation of ladies.

A. LEWIS, M. D., Physician for Females,
No. 7 Beach-st., between Varick and West Broadway.

HUNDREDS UPON HUNDREDS HAVE ruined their health by using medicines containing calomel, or its kindred poisons. The unfortunate can rely on Dr. HUNTER'S RED DROPS. They contain nothing injurious, and never fail in performing a speedy and permanent cure in all cases of private diseases, no matter how obstinate the case may be. They never burn, and never will fail to cure. Can be obtained at No. 3 Division-st., New-York City. Eight separate rooms; a private entrance. Price $1, or sent to any address on receipt of price.

DOCTOR HUNTER'S BOTANIC TINCTURE AND ROOT EXTRACT will restore manhood and the vigor of youth in five days. It will give health, strength and vigor to the most debilitated and shattered constitution. It is a vital, with a medical book that treats of the evil effects of early abuse, loss of virile power and the effects of mercury. No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Eight rooms and a private entrance.

DR. WARD'S MAGICAL INVIGORATORS, IN the form of Pills, will, in fifteen minutes after being taken, make the recipient as vigorous as if nature had never been retarded or debilitated. To the unmarried or single, in every physical exigency, this unrivaled medicine is earnestly recommended as a complete restorative of the nervous system where manhood has been impaired. Procured of Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st. Call or send for circulars.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, 50 Lispenard-st., N. Y.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAYBE confidently consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

SPERMATORRHŒA CURED FOR FIFTY CENTS.—Send 50 cents and a red stamp to my address, and receive by return mail the receipt. Medicines can be obtained at any drug-store. Also, receipts for any of the private diseases at the same price. By this way you know just what medicines you are taking, and your system is not stuffed with poisons. Address Box No. 861 Schenectady, N. Y.

MRS. HAYWARD'S PULMON SYRUP—for catarrh, bronchitis and weak lungs, sold at No. 149 Nassau-st., Brooklyn.

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SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Female Specific Golden Regulating Pills. Infallible in correcting, regulating and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, and they will never disappoint the anxious patient. Office No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, where Dr. WARD can be consulted, confidentially, day and evening.

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The undersigned will dispatch one of the undermentioned or other first-class full powered British built steamers from

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calling at Queenstown to land passengers and latest TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

Ships.	Tons.	Commanders.	To sail.
LOUISIANA	2,876	Smeltie	Saturday, March 5.
PENNSYLVANIA	3,000	Brooking	Saturday, March 12
VIRGINIA	2,978	Grace,	
IOWA		Millburn.	

These steamers have been all built under the inspection of the Chief Surveyor to the Liverpool Underwriters' Registry of Iron Ships, they have extra water-tight compartments, and classed first-class for 25 years.

They are fitted up for first, second, and third-class passengers, which are charged at the following rates:

First Cabin..... $80 } Payable in Currency.
Steerage..... 35 }

Dietary and accommodation unsurpassed by any other line of steamers.

For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS,
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR,
AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

CANADA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 16.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, Mar. 23.
ARABIA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 30.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, April 6.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, April 13.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, April 20.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage..... $132 50
Second Cabin Passage..... 80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage..... $112 50
Second Cabin Passage..... 65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

NOTICE.

The steamship GLASGOW of this line will sail as an extra steamer on WEDNESDAY MORNING, March 16. Has splendid accommodations for a few steerage passengers, at reduced rates, payable in U. S. Currency.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well-known Steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

CITY OF NEW-YORK.....Saturday.....March 19
EDINGBURGH.....Saturday.....March 26
CITY OF WASHINGTON.....Saturday.....April 2

and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.

First Cabin..... $80 00 Steerage..... $36 00
First Cabin to London 85 00 Steerage to London... 38 00
First Cabin to Paris... 95 00 Steerage to Paris..... 40 00
First Cabin to Hamburg 90 00 Steerage to Hamburgh 37 00

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105; Steerage, $36. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR CALIFORNIA.
M. O. ROBERTS' LINE
TO
SAN FRANCISCO AND OREGON.
via Panama Railroad.

The steamship
ILLINOIS,
2,500 tons.
On MONDAY, March 14, at noon.

The finest, fastest and strongest steamship to the California trade will sail as above, from pier foot of Warren-st., North River.

For freight or passage apply to D. N. CARRINGTON, cor. of Warren and West sts.

THE CANADIAN
ROYAL MAIL STEAMER
NOVA SCOTIAN
will sail NEXT SATURDAY, from Portland. Fare from New-York to Derry and Liverpool, $30, $66 and $80 in gold or its equivalent. Parties wishing to send for their friends or remit money, can purchase Sight Drafts on the National Bank, and certificates for the Washington Line and the Mail Steamers, at lowest rates, from
SABEL & SEARLE,
No. 23 Broadway, New-York.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS VIA HAVANA.
To sail on SATURDAY, March 19, at 3 o'clock, P. M., the United States Mail side-wheel steamship
MORNING STAR,
J. M. COURTENAY, Commander,
will sail as above, from Pier No. 46 North River, foot of King-st.

For freight and passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR,
No. 161 Broadway.

P. S.—The steamship EVENING STAR, will follow and sail on SATURDAY, April 2, 1864.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL AND GLASGOW.
The fine fast sailing A 1 Clyde built steamship ST. GEORGE, Capt. AIRD, is intended to sail on WEDNESDAY, 15th inst., from Pier No. 47, North River. This steamship is fitted in the most approved style to insure the comforts and safety of passengers.

Rates of passage, including an abundant supply of well cooked provisions:

First Cabin...$75. Intermediate..$50. Steerage....$35, payable in currency. Apply to
FRANCIS McDONALD & CO.,
No. 6 Bowling-green.

TO NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The United States Mail Steamship
THORN,
J. B. BOLGER, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 13, North River, for New-Orleans direct, on WEDNESDAY, March 16, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely.

No freight received or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing.

For freight or passage apply to
LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO.,
No. 115 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The United States Mail Steamship
CREOLE,
JOHN THOMPSON, Commander,
will leave pier No. 13, North River, for New-Orleans direct, on WEDNESDAY, March 23, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely.

No freight received or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO.,
No. 115 Broadway.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.
The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on
SATURDAY, 26th of March.
SATURDAY, 23d of April.

Passage money to Nassau..... $45
Passage money to Havana..... 50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.

No freight received on day before sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW ORLEANS—DIRECT.
The United States Mail Steamship
GEORGE WASHINGTON,
E. V. GAGER, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 9 North River on SATURDAY, March 26, at 3 P. M.

Passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, $60. Apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

STEAMERS FOR SALE.—THE FIRST-class propeller-tug MARY GRANDY, of 325 tons, engine 34-inch cylinder by 30-inch stroke; also, the MARIA LOVE, of 296 tons, engine 32-inch cylinder by 30-inch stroke; both vessels nearly new and very fast.

Also, smaller SCREW-TUGS and SIDE-WHEEL STEAMERS for sale. C. W. COPELAND,
No. 122 Broadway.

STEAMER FOR SALE.—THE NEW, LIGHT-draft, stern-wheel steamer "WARWENOCK," length 110 feet by 19½ feet beam, 5 feet and 2 inches hold; 2 engines, 14-inch cylinder by 5 feet stroke; ordinary draft of water 30 inches. Apply to C. W. COPELAND, No. 122 Broadway.

CONSIGNEES PER STEAMSHIP SIDON are requested to remove their goods, now lying on the Company's wharf, Jersey City.
E. CUNARD, No. 4, Bowling-green.

PASSPORTS FOR TRAVELERS PROCURED from the Department of State by A. C. WILLMARTH, United States Court Buildings, No. 41 Chambers-st., third story.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, No. 262 Broadway. Passports issued through J. B. NONES.

STEAMBOATS.

RIVER OPEN TO ALBANY AND TROY.—Steamer FRANCIS SKIDDY will leave TUESDAY EVENING, March 15, 1864, at 6 o'clock, P. M., from Pier No. 15, foot of Liberty-st., first below Cortlandt-st.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Passengers go north and east from New-Haven at 11 P. M. NIGHT LINE—Steamers leave at 11 P. M., arriving in New-Haven in time for all early morning trains

DENTISTRY.

N. B. GRIFFIN & BROS., NO. 258 GRAND-st., New-York, and No. 257 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, are extracting Teeth positively without pain, by the use of nitrous oxide gas. No charge for extracting when artificial teeth are to be inserted. They are also inserting full sets of Teeth on Gold, $25; Platina, $23; Silver, $10; Rubber, $10. Partial sets on gold, $3; silver $1. Extracting, 25 cents.

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CLASSES FORMING AT J. H. SEARING'S
PRIVATE DANCING ACADEMY,
No. 292 4th-av., near 23d-st. Private lessons daily.

AMUSEMENTS.

CIRCUS—BROADWAY AMPHITHEATRE, NO. 485 BROADWAY.
L. B. Lent.....Manager
ON MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 14th,
First appearance of Wallace's
TROUPE OF ACTING BEARS,
TROUPE OF ACTING BEARS,
TROUPE OF ACTING BEARS,
from California. These animals are not exhibited in cages, but are
ACTUALLY INTRODUCED IN THE ARENA,
where, appropriately costumed, they will give a variety of most amusing
IMPERSONATIONS OF HUMAN CHARACTER,
such as the Dandy, the Soldier, the Fashionable Lady, the Acrobat, etc., etc., presenting a spectacle as ludicrous as it is extraordinary. The programme on this occasion will also include a splendid selection of
SUPERB ARENIC SCENES,
Introducing
ALL THE STAR RIDERS AND ACROBATS
attached to the Broadway Circus.
Last week of Wallachi's troupe of
PERFORMING
DOGS, MONKEYS, AND PONIES.
MADAME LOUISE TOURNAIRE,
IN TWO MAGNIFICENT ACTS.
THE CORPS OF VOLTIGEURES
in their
UNPARRALED LEAPS and SOMERSAULTS!
STICKNEY, THE SOMERSET RIDER,
IN HIS UNAPPROACHABLE ACT.
NEW JOKES AND COMICALITIES,
by the two best Clowns in America,
JOE PENTLAND and SAM LATHROP.
DASHING HORSEMANSHIP
AND STARTLING ATHLETIC EXPLOITS,
in infinite variety and of
SUPERLATIVE EXCELLENCE.
Doors open at 7; to commence at 7¾.
WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS,
WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS,
Matinees for Families, commencing at 2½.

WINTER GARDEN.
Tom Taylor's great play of
THE TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN,
can be presented but for
SIX NIGHTS MORE,
SIX NIGHTS MORE,
SIX NIGHTS MORE,
Played for a continuous number of nights beyond precedent on the New-York stage, it still retains all the freshness of its first attraction, and could be performed for the remainder of the season without any diminution in the crowds that nightly gather to this theatre, did not circumstances beyond control compel
MR. and MRS. W. J. FLORENCE
to bring their engagement to a close.
MONDAY, March 14,
THE TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN,
with its splendid cast and beautiful scenery, being the
ONE HUNDRED AND FOURTEENTH NIGHT
OF
Mr. and Mrs. W. J. FLORENCE.
Seats may now be had for any of the six nights.
Doors open at 6¾. Carriages may be ordered at 10¼.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA.
Director.....MAX MARETZEK
The public is respectfully informed that the Academy of Music will reopen on MONDAY, March 28, FOR ITALIAN OPERA.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
JOHN B. GOUGH
ON
"PECULIAR PEOPLE,"
THURSDAY EVENING, March 17, at 8 o'clock.
Tickets 50 cents, to all parts of the house. Seats secured, without extra charge, at the Mercantile Library and branch offices, and at Sibell's, No. 7 Nassau-st.

RAILROADS.

IMPORTANT TO RAILWAY TRAVELERS.
For full Information in reference to Stations, Distances and Connections, Illustrated by one hundred Railway Maps, representing the principal Railways of the country, SEE APPLETON'S RAILWAY GUIDE.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY,
NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.
Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This Road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.

H. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. B. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

NEW-YORK & FLUSHING RAILROAD.
Leave New-York, at James-slip Ferry and 34th-st. Ferry, at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7¼.
Leave Flushing at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M.; 1, 3, 5, 6 and 7¼ P. M.
N. B.—On TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, a special night train leaves Flushing at 11 P. M., and from 34th-st. Ferry at 12 P. M.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT, commencing Nov. 12, 1863.—Leave James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 9 A. M., and on FRIDAYS and SATURDAYS at 4 P. M. Also, for Greenport. Sag Harbor, Hamptons, &c., stopping at all stations. For Yaphank, at 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. For Syosset, at 9 A. M., 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. For Jamaica and Hempstead, at 9 and 11 A. M., and 4 and 5 P. M.

Sunday excursion trains to Yaphank, at 9:15 A. M., from 34th-st., stopping at all stations.

Fare for this train at excursion rates.

For Syosset, (on Sundays,) at 5:45 P. M., stopping at all stations. A. REASONER, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS leave from foot of Chambers-st.
7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo and intermediate stations.
4:15 P. M.—Way, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.
5 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Canandaigua, &c. The train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk.
CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

PARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—The steamboat J. D. BEERS will leave the wharf foot of Murray-st EVERY AFTERNOON, (except Sundays,) at 4 o'clock, connecting at Port Monmouth with trains for Middletown, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Tom's River and intermediate stations. Returning leave Manchester at 6:40 A. M., and Long Branch at 7:25 A. M., arriving in New-York at 10:15 A. M. A freight train, with passenger car attached, leaves Port Monmouth every morning for Camden. Freight received foot of Murray-st. till 3:30 P. M. B. S. BEYMOUR, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 3:15 and 5 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M. and 3:37 and 5:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:40 P. M.	11:02 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 5:22 P. M., from 30th-st.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD.—For Albany, Troy, North and West, leave 26th-st depot at 10 A. M. and 4:25 P. M. Sunday train, 4:25 P. M.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:35 P. M., 4:25 P. M., 6:05 P. M., and on Mondays only at 5:30 A. M. The 9:15 and 4:25 run through to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Supt.

MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD COMPANY, FOOT OF BARCLAY-STREET.—Through Mail trains for Hackettstown and intermediate stations leave New-York at 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. Morristown Express at 5 P. M. J. B. BASSINGER, Superintendent.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

WANTED—FOR FOUR MONTHS FROM THE middle of June—country board for a family of seven adults and one servant, at a distance from the City not greater than about an hour. Must be near some depot of railroad or steamboat landing. Address, stating terms and situation, ADULTS, Box No. 161 *Times* Office, New-York.

A LADY WHO WILL BE OUT DURING the day would like a small but pleasant unfurnished room in a private family, between 14th and 30th sts, preferred; meals required only on Sabbath; unexceptionable references given and required. Address with particulars, J. S., Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

BOARD—WANTED FOR THE SEASON FROM the 1st of May next, for a gentleman, wife and son, in a family where there are few or no boarders; location must be between 14th and 23d sts. and 4th and 6th avs.; references exchanged. Address Box No. 416 Post-office.

BOARD WANTED IN THE COUNTRY FOR the Summer, by a gentleman, wife and servant; Tarrytown or Dobb's Ferry preferred. Address Box No. 2,089 Post-office.

AT NO. 176 EAST FOURTEENTH-ST.—A FURNISHED ROOM TO LET, WITH BOARD to suit, to gentlemen, or gentleman and wife; the house has all the modern improvements. Location good.

PRINTING.

CHEAPEST PRINTER IN THE WORLD.
BUSINESS CARDS, INCLUDING CARDS, $1 per 1,000. Billheads, $3 per 1,000. Circulars in large quantities, 50 cents per 1,000, and labels 40 cents. ALL KINDS OF BOOK, JOB AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING equally cheap. T. R. DAWLEY'S new establishment, No. 13 Park-row, opposite the Astor House.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

SLOTE & JANES, STATIONERS, PRINTERS and BLANK-BOOK DEALERS, No. 93 Fulton-st. Orders respectfully solicited

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

THOMAS R. AGNEW, WHO IS FAMED for his energy and enterprise as the grocer and tea and coffee dealer of this City, has just opened an extensive wholesale department of his business at No. 262 Greenwich-st., right adjoining his retail store. Both these extensive establishments will be conducted exclusively on the cash principle, and everybody who wishes to save money and buy for cash, either wholesale or retail, every description of teas, sugars, flour, fish, syrups, molasses, butter, cheese, lard, hams, coffees, starch, soap, &c., &c., &c., should at once repair as above. All goods warranted as represented, or money returned and expenses paid. Mr. Agnew's experience and large cash capital, which he can control to the extent of half a million of dollars, will enable him to compete successfully with any house or houses in New-York, and we predict that this new wholesale department will be a complete success, as his other store has been, and still continues to be.

All orders from the country should be accompanied with the cash, or paid for by some house in the City.

All goods delivered free to railroads and steamboats. Address Nos. 260 and 262 Greenwich-st., and Nos. 87 and 89 Murray-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE,
GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION
AND EGYPTIAN CARAVAN.
HYATT FROST.....MANAGER.
Nos. 539 and 541 BROADWAY.
Open from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M. Admission 25 cents.
EIGHTEENTH SUCCESSFUL WEEK,
of this matchless Zoological Exhibition. Parents, who have not yet embraced this opportunity of instructing their children in
THE GREAT STUDY OF NATURAL HISTORY,
should quickly do so, as, in all probability, such
A VAST COLLECTION OF ANIMALS
will never again be exhibited in this City. All the other animals in America united in one exhibition would not make a tithe of the numbers here congregated. Every portion of the world is here represented by living
ANIMALS, BIRDS AND REPTILES,
selected with due regard to health and beauty by the great lion-tamer in person. Just added:
THE GREAT AUSTRALIAN BIRD SHOW,
AN AFRICAN PORCUPINE,
FIVE ENORMOUS BOA CONSTRICTORS,
and
A PAIR OF BENGAL LEOPARDS.
No language can convey an accurate idea of the brilliancy of these beautiful birds. The metallic tints of every hue almost surpass belief. No coloring can give the slightest notions of their splendid intensity and variety. THREE GRAND PERFORMANCES EVERY DAY.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—COMMENCES AT 7½.
Lessee and Manager.....WM. WHEATLEY
THIRD WEEK OF THE BRILLIANT ENGAGEMENT OF MISS CAROLINE RICHINGS.
MONDAY, March 14, 1864, first night of the
MAGNIFICENT ROMANTIC DRAMA,
THE ENCHANTRESS.
Miss RICHINGS in her celebrated character of
STELLA, THE ENCHANTRESS.
The following eminent artists will appear: Mr. E. SEGUIN, J. W. HILL, E. LAMB, B. T. RINGGOLD, &c., &c., Mlle LINA WINDLE, (her first appearance here in several years,) Mlle KRUGA, (her first appearance in New-York,) and a full corps (under the direction of Sig. RONZANI) in the GRAND BALLET.
MUSICAL CONDUCTOR, HARVEY B. DODWORTH.
BEAUTIFUL SCENERY, ELEGANT COSTUMES, PERFECT PROPERTIES AND APPOINTMENTS, rendering this grand romantic musical production perfect in every respect.

WALLACK'S.
MR. MARK SMITH'S
BENEFIT.
FRIDAY, March 18,
(First time this season.)
Morton's celebrated comedy,
SPEED THE PLOUGH.
Box book now open.

THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.—BIERSTADT'S PICTURE OF "THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS is now on exhibition at the Crayon Art Gallery, No. 756 Broadway, corner 8th-st., DAY and EVENING, from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. Admittance 25 cents. Season tickets 50 cents.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

WM. B. BRADBURY, No. 427 BROOME-ST.,
NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTES.
SEVEN FIRST PREMIUMS IN FOUR WEEKS.

STEINWAY & SONS'
GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.

The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others, is that the firm is composed of five practical pianoforte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms, Nos. 71 and 73 East Fourteenth-st., between Union-square and Irving-place, N. Y.

HAINES BROTHERS,
PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,
Warerooms No. 758 Broadway.
PIANOS TO LET AND FOR SALE
ON INSTALLMENTS.

NEW MUSIC.—"WHEN OLD FRIENDS WERE HERE."—A very beautiful and touching Song in B flat.

When old friends were here,
In days that are flown,
How fond were the hands
Which oft clasped my own!
The pathways of life
Wore pleasure's sunny hue,
And voices were near
With tones warm and true.

"SHE WAS ALL THE WORLD TO ME."—This is a sweet, flowing melody, in E flat.

The above are the last two songs of the late STEPHEN C. FOSTER. Price, 25 cents each. Mailed free.
HORACE WATERS, Publisher,
No. 48 Broadway, N. Y.

NEW MUSIC.—"THE SANITARY FAIR POLKA," dedicated to the patrons of the Sanitary Fair. Composed by Mrs. PARKHURST. This Polka is a perfect gem—played nightly by the band of the Sanitary Fair, Brooklyn. Price, 25 cents.
HORACE WATERS, Publisher,
No. 481 Broadway.

A Pianist in attendance to try new music.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS, cabinet and Alexandre organs, piano stools and covers, sheet music, music books, music merchandise, and all kinds of musical instruments, at wholesale and retail; second-hand pianos and melodeons at great bargains; new pianos and melodeons to let, and rent allowed if purchased; monthly payments received for the same; pianos tuned and repaired; cash paid for second-hand pianos and melodeons. HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 481 Broadway, New-York.

MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS—An obvious improvement upon the harmonium and melodeon—have always received the first prizes wherever exhibited. Recommended as the best instruments of their class in the world by nearly all the most eminent organists. See illustrated catalogues. Prices $55, $140, $135 and upward. Warerooms No. 7 Mercer-st., New-York. MASON BROTHERS.

RAVEN & BACON,
Piano-Forte Manufacturers, Wareroom, No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway. A full assortment of our we l known PIANOS constantly on hand, warranted in every respect. Purchasers will do well to examine our stock and prices before making their selections.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS, wholesale or retail, to let, or by installments, on favorable terms. Peloubet's Harmoniums, superior to all, $95 and $120; with pedals, $170

Excitement at the West Point Foundry.
WORKMEN ON A STRIKE.

Great excitement prevails among the laboring classes in Cold Spring, particularly among those connected with the West Point Foundry, situated in that place, in consequence of a strike for higher wages. On Thursday last about three hundred men stopped work, forming themselves into a Laboring Men's Union, proceeded to the foundry *en masse* and compelled the men engaged there to quit work and retire to their homes. For the last 1 months over 1,000 men have been employed in this foundry, in which the celebrated Parrott guns are manufactured, and now the entire number is idle, and the works stopped.

The ordinary laborers have received from nine to ten shillings per diem, but they now declare that the enormous price of all the necessaries of life renders it difficult to live upon this amount. A demand for eighteen shillings was made, but R. Parrott, Esq., the proprietor of the foundry will not accede to this, at least while it continues to be made in its present insurrectionary animus.

The Rev. Father Cabo, the Catholic Priest of St. Mary's Church, in Cold Spring, assembled the men on strike, in his church on Friday last, at 3 o'clock P. M. With but a small exception, the laborers engaged in the strike are under his pastoral jurisdiction. He addressed them at some length, assuring them of the sorrow that their unreasonable conduct gave him, and that if the demand for higher wages had been made in a proper and respectful form, he had no doubt that Mr. Parrott, whom he well knew, and had always found to be a liberal and kind-hearted gentleman, would do what was just and honorable. His remarks, however, did not exert over their minds as salutary an influence as was expected. Some of the crowd asked the Reverend Father "if he would take fifty cents for a dollar," and questions of a like character, and informed him that "they could mind their own affairs." He concluded in saying that "he had one request to make to them," and that was, that he desired all present to go with him to the residence of Mr. Parrott. All assented, and Father Cabo at the head, marshaled the entire force, two by two, through Main-street to Parrott's house. They were there received by Mrs. Parrott, who informed the crowd that Mr. Parrott was at the foundry, and the procession moved toward that establishment. Mr. Parrott met them by remarking that "if they wished to go to work as usual, they could do so, and if that was not their desire, they could retire." The crowd left amid cheers for Mr. Parrott, the Irish, &c., &c., but in no better animus than they came.

As your reporter writes, (Saturday, 1 o'clock, P. M.,) a private meeting is being held at the Cold Spring House. Delegates from New-York are expected to arrive. Groups of men in earnest conversation may be seen on the corners of the streets and in the groggeries of this usually quiet village. The work at the foundry is still stopped, and fear is entertained lest injury to life and property may ensue. It is rumored that there is a probability that military assistance will be required from West Point, and no other employes will be permitted to enter the town. It is to be hoped that this unfortunate affair may soon be brought to a favorable termination, and that the West Point Foundry may speedily resume its operations; for its importance in connection with the Government and the war is incalculable.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....March 12, 1864.

$5,000	U.S.6s,'81 Cou..	112½	600	Q'ts Hill G.M. Co.	19
5,000	U.S. 6s, 5-20s...C.	109¼	100	Pacific Mail....b5	232
10,000	do.	109	50	do.	232
10,000	Treas. Notes 7 3-10 Oct. & April	113	50	do.	231
10,000	U. S.6s,1-yr.C...	99⅝	100	do.	230
1,000	Ill. Cen. 6s. '70.	102	100	do.	228
4,000	Tenn. 6s. '90....	63¼	100	do.	224
21,000	do.	63½	100	do.	224
4,000	West Virginia 6s, 5s.	50	250	do.	232
5,000	Mo 6s. issues to Pac. R.	74	500	Erie Railway P...	110
3,000	La. State 6s.	68	50	do.	109¾
5,000	Cal. State 7s.	129½	200	do.	110
100,000	Ohio & Miss. R. C	49	350	Hudson R. R.	151
10,000	do.	49	50	do.	150¾
5,000	do.	49½	100	do.	150¾
25,000	do.	49¾	100	do.	150
10,000	do.	49¾	100	do.	150
20,000	Er. 2d M. Bs.	114	200	do.	149⅞
25,000	E. 4th M. 8s.	124	200	Harlem R.	147⅛
20,000	do.	124⅝	500	do.	147
25,000	do.	124⅜	1000	do.	146
5,000	Erie 8th M. B.	124	100	do.	146¼
1,000	Hud. 2d M. S. F.	117	200	do.	146¼
25,000	Hud. R. 2d M. Bs	145	200	do.	146¾
20,000	C. & N.W. 2d M.	95	300	do.	146¾
7,000	Tol. & W. 1 M. Ex	104	200	Reading R.....s60	138⅝
2,000	Tol. & W. 2 M. Ex	99¾		do.....s30	139
5,000	P., Ft. W. & Ch. 1st	111	1000	do.	139
5,000	P., Ft. W. & C. 2d	96	500	do.	139¼
4,000	do.	95	200	do.	139½
50	Fourth Nat. Bank	103	2000	do.	139½
5	Metropolitan Bank	118	100	Chi. & Mil. R.	79
10	Continental Bank	103½	400	Mich. Cen. R.....s10	142¾
5,000	American Gold	152	100	do.	142¾
100	Canton Co.....s30	60½	100	do.....s10	142¾
200	do.	60¾	500	M. So. & N.I. R...	104¾
500	do.....s30	60¾	2.0	do.....b10	104¾
400	do.	61	400	do.	104¾
200	do.....s30	61	1000	do.	104
200	do.	61¼	100	do.	103¾
22	Del. & H. Ca. Co.	220	350	M. So. & N.I. G. S.	148
50	Penn. Coal Co.	263	100	Ill. Cen. Full S.b30	129
25	do.	260	300	do.	129
400	Central Coal Co.	90	2000	Ill. C. R. Scp.	137⅜
200	Cum. Coal Pr..s30	79¼	200	do.....s30	137⅜
100	do.....s30	79¼	650	do.	137⅜
200	do.	80	100	do.	137¾
200	do.....s10	80	100	Clev. & Pitts. R...	119⅜
200	do.....s10	80¾	300	do.	119¾
200	do.	80¾	2200	do.....b3	120
200	do.	81	300	do.	119¾
1000	do.	81¾	300	do.....b10	120¾
1200	do.	82	500	Gal. & Ch. R.	118¾
2000	do.	83	600	Cleve. & Tol. R.	146¾
200	do.	83¼	100	do.....s60	142
400	do.	84	500	Chic. & R. I. R.	124½
850	Quicksil. M. Co...	64½	100	do.....s10	124¾
100	do.	64¾	50	Chi. Bur. & Q.	142¼
100	Copake Iron M.	12¾	100	do.	142
50	do.	12¾	50	Mil. & Pr. Du C. R.	72
200	do.	12¾	50	Del., L. & Wes. R.	229
100	Mar. Min. Co.	40¾	50	do.	228¾
150	do.	41	300	P., Ft. W. & C.	127½
100	Wyoming C. Co...	88	400	do.	127¾
200	do.	82	900	do.	127
200	do.	80	500	do.	126¾
900	Cen. Am. Transit.	49	50	do.....s10	125
50	do.	48¾	100	Tol. & Wab. R. Pr.	79
50	N. Y. Cen.....b30	137	100	A. & T. H. R.	78¾
50	do.....b10	136¾	300	do.	79
100	do.....s10	136¾	100	do.....s10	79
200	do.	136¾	300	Chic. & Alt. R.	94
100	do.	136½	100	do.	94½
100	do.....b15	137	100	Chic. & N. W. R.	63¾
100	Erie R.	124¾	400	do.	63¾
500	do.	125¾	200	do.....b10	64
1000	do.....b10	126¼	50	do.....b30	64¾
7300	do.	126	30	Alt. & T. H. Pr.	92
200	do.....b10	126	60	Chic. & N. W. Pre	80
100	do.....b15	126	100	do.	80¾
100	do.	125¾	100	do.....b15	81
100	do.	125¾	250	do.	81
200	do.....b10	125¾	250	do.....b10	81¾
100	do.....s10	125¾	100	Chi. & Alton R.	87
100	do.	125¾	300	Mar. & Cin. 1st Pr.	82
100	do.....b30	125¾	300	do.	82½
1000	do.	125	200	Mar. & Cin. 2d Pr.	63
200	do.	125¾	50	Cle. Col. & Cin. R	164
200	do.....s60	124	512	Han. & St. J. R. Pr'd	62
100	do.....s30	121¾	88	do.	61
100	do.....s10	125	100	Miss. & Mo. R.	56
500	do.....s30	125	200	do.	57
500	do.....b30	125¾			

SECOND BOARD.

$15,000	U. S. 6s,1-yr...c.	99¾	600	Ill. Cen. R. S.	136¾
10,000	Am. Gold	161¾	500	do.	136½
7,000	Mo. State 6s	73¾	200	do.	136¾
200	Cumb. Coal Prf.	84	50	Clev. & Pitts. R.	119¾
200	do.	83½	1000	do.	119
400	do.	83	400	Tol. & Wab. R.	62
200	do.....s30	81¾	50	Gal. & Chic. R.b30	119
200	do.	83½	200	do.	118¼
200	Canton Co.	61	100	do.	118¾
200	Pacific M. S.Co.	231	2300	do.....b10	119¾
200	do.	231	2200	Clg & Tol. R.	146
200	Erie R.	124	2500	Chi. & R. I.	121
500	do.	123¾	50	do.....s10	123½
600	do.	123½	1000	do.	123
200	do.	123¼	50	Mil. & Pr. du Ch.	72
200	Hud. R. R.	149¾	1000	Pitts., Ft. W. & C.	125
250	Erie R. Pr.	109¾	500	do.....s10	125
200	do.	109¾	100	do.	125¾
300	Harlem R.	146	1000	do.	126
1000	do.	146¾	350	do.....s60	123
200	Reading R.	138	300	Chic. & N. W. R.	62
100	do.	138¾	100	do.	61¾
200	Mich. Cen. R.	141¾	200	do.	61
200	M. S. & N. I. R.	103	400	do.	60¾
20	do.	102¾	500	do.	60
	do.	101			

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

200	Erie R.	124¾	300	Cleve. & Tol. R.	146
200	do.....b3	124¾	500	do.	146
400	do.	124½	200	do.....s60	144
1500	do.	123¾	100	Chi. & N. W. R.	64
200	do.....s3	123¾	100	Mar. & C. 1st Pr.b3	82
600	do.	123¾	100	Mar. & Cin. 2d Pr.	64
500	do.....b3	124	300	Canton Co.	60¾
200	do.....s3	124	100	do.....s30	60¾
100	do.....c	124	100	do.	60¾
100	Hud. R. R. ex-d...	150¾	100	do.	61
200	Harlem R.	147	500	do.....s30	60¾
200	do.....s3	148	100	Pacific M. S. Co.	224
200	do.	148	200	do.	225
200	Reading R.....s3	139	200	Cum. Coal.....	83¾
400	do.	139¼	300	do.....c	83¾
400	M. S. & N. I. R.	103¾	250	do.....c	83¾
400	do.	103½	100	do.	83¾
100	do.....s3	103¾	800	do.	83¾
200	Clev. & Pitts.	119¾	1600	do.	84
200	Ill. Cen. R.	138	200	do.	84½
1000	do.	137¾	200	do.....b3	84¾
7300	do.	137¾	300	Quicksilv. M. Co.	63¾
200	do.....c	126	200	do.	64
100	do.	126	100	Wyom. Valley Coal Co.	88
1200	do.....c	125¾	300	do.	80½
600	do.....b3	126	200	Mar. Min. Co.	41
1000	do.	125¾	200	do.	40
200	do.	125¾	100	Cen. Coal	91
400	do.....c	125¾	200	Bucks C. L'd Co.	1¾
200	do.....b3	126	800	Nashua Copper...	13½

PUBLIC BOARD—3½ P. M.

1400	Erie R.	124¾	450	Chic. & N. W. R.	62
500	do.....b3	124½	100	do.....b3	62¼
400	do.....s3	124¾	300	do.....b3	62
200	do.	124¾	300	do.....s3	61¾
100	do.	124¾	100	do.....b3	61¾
200	Erie Pref.	109¾	50	do.	61¾
800	do.....s3	109¾	300	P., Ft. W. & Chi.	126¾
1200	Hud. R. R. ex-d.	150	200	do.....b3	126¾
200	do.	150¾	100	do.	126
200	Harlem R.	147	200	do.	126
200	do.....s10	147¾	910,000	O. & Miss. C.	49

Miscellaneous.

$10,000 Am. Gold..... 161¼ | 800 Hudson Riv. R.....149
10,000 do.....s3 161½ | 100 do. 150
10,000 do. ..... 161 | 300 Ill. Cen. R. 136
10,000 do. .....s3 161¾ | 100 do. b3 136
900 Erie R. ..... 123½ | 200 Pittsburgh b3 118
800 do. ..... 123¾ | 500 Tol. & Wab. R. 62½
100 do. .....s3 123¾ | 300 Northwestern 61
300 do. .....b4 123¾ | 400 do. 62¾
2400 do. ..... 123¼ | 100 do. b3 62
1100 do. .....b3 123¾ | 200 Fort Wayne 126
1000 do. .....b3 123¾ | 200 do. b30 125
700 do. ..... 123¾ | 100 do. 126¾
200 do. .....s3 123¾ | 25 Cumberland..... 80
100 do. .....b3 123¾ | 100 do. 80¾
100 do. .....b3 123¾ | 200 do. 80¾
600 Harlem R. .....b10 147¾ | 200 do. s3 83¼
400 do. ..... 147 | 100 do. s3 82¾
300 do. .....b3 147¾ | 100 do. 82¾
300 do. ..... 146 | 200 Quick. Min. Co. .. 63½
200 Reading R. .....s3 138¾ | 100 do. 63¾
400 do. ..... 138¾ | 200 do. 63¾
500 do. .....b10 139¼ | 200 do. 62¾
100 do. ..... 138¾ | 100 do. 63
100 Mich. Cen. R. ..... 140 | 200 Wym. V. Coal Co.. 82
400 Mich. So. R. ..... 103¾ | 100 Central Coal Co... 90
300 do. ..... 103½ | 300 do. 89¾
100 do. .....b3 103¾ | 100 do. 90½
600 do. .....b3 103½ | 200 Am. Coal Co. 111
600 do. .....b3 104 | 300 Rutland Marble Co. 19
1800 do. .....b15 104¾ | 100 Nashua Cop. s3 13½

Monday, March 14—A. M.

The trade of the past week was generally active, both in Domestic and Foreign Goods. A very large share of the business continues to be done for ready Cash or on moderate credits, subject to deduction for Cash on the settlement of the bills. The result of this change from the old long credit system is that a large volume of Money finds its way into Wall and William streets for the purchase of United States Stocks and Short Treasury paper, and for speculation on the Stock Exchange. The latter is carried to an extent, and at prices never before known in the market, and is spreading from the substantial Stocks and Bonds on the Dividend list to the non-productive Shares, which come under the head of "fancies," and some of which, at least, are of questionable prospects in the future.

The Import entries of the week are upon a liberal scale, and partially ahead of last Spring. The gain in the aggregate value of the entries at this port since 1st July last, is now about $18,000,000, or at the rate of 14 ℔ cent., while the gain in the Customs Duties in Gold—to which the Government look for the Interest and Sinking Funds for the support of the Public Debt—is $16,820,000, or at the rate of 45 ℔ cent. increase. At this port $52,104,000 have been received for Customs, and at all the ports about $68,000,000 in eight and a half months of the Fiscal Year, and the Gold and Silver balances now held in the Treasury offices—after meeting the Funded Interest since 1st July last, and repaying all Gold loans and deposits made before the Custom-house Greenbacks and other old Treasury paper receivable for Customs, were exhausted—are as follows:

At New-York Office	$23,752,515
San Francisco	4,650,000
Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, &c.	3,000,000
Total on hand	$31,402,515

The Office at New-York makes a gain of $1,659,342 since last Monday. The Customs yet to be received at this and all the other ports to the close of the Fiscal Year, may be estimated at from $28,000,000 to $32,000,000 while interest on the Funded and Fundable Public Debt in Gold up to and including the $3,300,0000 coupons due July 1, amounts to only $18,300,000. *We believe from the present look of the import movement that one hundred millions will be received for customs the present fiscal year.* The increase of Duties will thus be made nearly 50 ℔ cent., while the value of Foreign Goods upon which they are levied will scarcely reach 20 ℔ cent. increase over the previous year. A further increase of the Tariff upon foreign luxuries and some few staple articles which could well bear it, as now proposed at Washington, would next year give to the Interest and Sinking Funds of the Public Debt *one hundred and twenty-five millions in Gold*, without enhancing the volume of imports beyond the ability of the country in ordinary Domestic Produce, and the current and present surplus product of the gold and silver mines of the Pacific States to support the movement.

The amended Joint Resolution in Congres, as passed by the Senate on Friday, and to come up in the House of Representatives to-day or to-morrow, reads as follows:

Resolved, &c., That the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized to anticipate the payment of interest on the public debt by a period not exceeding one year from time to time, either with or without a rebate of interest upon the coupons as to him may seem expedient, *and he is hereby authorized to dispose of any gold in the Treasury of the United States* not necessary for the payment of interest of the public debt.

The disposition of the surplus Gold in the Treasury is left in the discretion of the Secretary, as it ought to be, but of course under the Acts of Congress, pledging the faith of the Government to the support in Gold of the Interest on the Public Funded Debt, and to a Sinking Fund, from and after July 1, 1862, of at least one ℔ cent. ℔ annum, in Gold from the Customs, of the Principal of the whole Public Debt. The objection to any specific mode of the public sale of the Gold, which speculation and combination, by the aid of a superabundant Money Market, might readily forestal, is removed by the wording of the Senate amendment. This affords to the Secretary the widest latitude necessary to give him the the timely and conservative control over a vital point affecting the Public Credit, in his financial administration. The alternatives of selling, or exchanging, or converting into the Public Stocks for the Sinking Fund, the Gold not immediately required for current interest, are left in his discretion, *together with any other mode of disposing of this surplus*—temporarily, at home or abroad, to the great end of relieving the Customs and Export demand for Gold, and thus checking speculation in the open market, or permanently by anticipating his interest payments for any period not exceeding a year, or investing in any of the Bonds or Registered Stock of the United States for the Sinking Fund. The subject, if thus left to the good judgment of the Secretary, will not necessarily, at once, produce a very precipitate or (to our general commerce) embarrassing fall in Gold. But that the present extravagant premium ought to come down, and will, at least gradually, be brought down after this resolution becomes a law, are points that admit of no serious question. If an active Export demand should follow the relief thus afforded to the Customs demand, it will be because the merchant owes balances on the other side, which cannot be paid too soon or in a Domestic product of greater value abroad and less present practical use at home, than Gold and Silver Bullion.

COURSE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE FOR THE WEEK.

American Gold Coin	161½	@161¾	161¾	@161¾	
U. S. 6 ₱ cents, 5-20 years	108	@110¾	108	@109	
New-York Central	137¼	@138¼			
New-York and Erie	117¾	@126¾	122¾	@123¾	
Erie Preferred Shares	110½	@109¾			
Rock Island	124¾	@123¾			
Michigan Guaranteed	146	@147			
Michigan Southern	102¾	@103¼			
Michigan Central	143	@141			
Toledo	161¾	@162¼			
Illinois Central	138	@136			
Pacific Mail	225	@237	231		
Hudson River	163	@150			
Cleveland and Pittsburgh	120¾	@118			
Harlem Common	147¾	@153	146		
Fort Wayne and Chicago	113¾	@130	126¾		
Chicago and North Western	56¾	@64	66¾		
Almaden Quicksilver	59	@64	63		
Mariposa Gold	35¾	@43	40		
Cumberland	80¾	@76	82¾		

The price of Gold Saturday was ¼c. @ 1c ℔ cent. lower than the last figure on Friday, and Bills on London closed for the steamer relatively cheaper by 1@2 ℔ cent. than Gold; as indeed they ruled through the week. At one time during the extreme excitement in Gold on Wednesday and Thursday, the sales on London were 2@3 ℔ cent. below the relative value of American Gold Coin. One or two small parcels of English Sovereigns and Bar Gold went to Europe on Saturday. The shipment was $100,396, making $465,920 for the whole week.

The market for Money is fairly active at 6@7 ℔ cent. to the Stock Brokers, and 5@6 ℔ cent. on choice Merchant paper. The transactions on the Street are enormously large, and the movement of Money is necessarily active, without indicating a scarcity of supply.

There were rumors of another large failure among the Stock operators on the *Short* interest, but we could trace them to no substantial basis, up to 3 o'clock.

The Custom's demand for Gold amounted to $336,484. For the week, $1,929,624.

The business of the day on the Railway Shares and the Coal and other Mining fancies, was very large. Among the former, Erie Common Stock, as on Friday, took the lead. Nearly a fourth of the Capital was sold in the course of the day at the Boards and on the Street. The fluctuations were 126¼@122¾@124½ ℔ cent. Some of the Western Shares sold at a further advance in the forenoon, while others were lower than on Friday at the Second Board. The crowd of speculators on the Street and the volume of orders inside the Exchange, are as large as ever, and each reaction of 1@2 ℔ cent. is quickly followed by new purchases; so that all signs of a serious break in the market appear to fail, if acted upon by the operators for the Fall.

At 4 o'clock the following prices were made in comparison with the same hour on Friday. The Share market rather steady. The Government Stocks also steady. The Evening Exchange was less firm.

	Fri.	Sat.		Fri.	Sat.
Gold Coin	162¼	161¾	Mich. Central	142¼	141
U. S. 6s, 1881	112¾	112¾	Mich Southern	102¾	103¼
N. Y. Central	136¾	136¾	Mich. Guarant'd	147	147
Erie	124	124¾	Illinois Cen.	136½	136¾
Erie Preferred	109	109¾	Pittsburgh	119¾	119¾
Hudson	151½	150	Fort Wayne	129	126
Pacific Mail	232	231	Rock Island	124	123¾
Harlem	148¾	147	Galena	119	118¾
Canton	61¾	61	Reading	139¾	139
Treas. Cer. new	99¾	99¾	Quicksilver	64	63
Toledo	146	145¾	Cumberland	80	82¾
Northwest	64½	60¾	Mariposa	43	40

The following bids were made Saturday for the City Bank shares:

New-York	117	Bank of the Republic	104
Merchants'	107¾	Bank of N. America	108
Mechanics'	113¾	Hanover	102
Union	117	Irving	102
America	135	Metropolitan	119
City	145	Shoe and Leather	105
Tradesmen's	112½	Continental	102
National	105	Marine	155
Merchants' Ex	98	Commonwealth	102¾
Seventh Ward	145	Park	130
Commerce	108	Manuf. & Merchants	102
American Exchange	113	N. Y. Exchange	130
Chatham	101		

And the following for the Railway mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s	108¾	Pacific R. guaranteed	60
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Subs	104	Ill. Central, '75	123
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '64	101¾	Alton & T. Haute 1st s.	105
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	113¾	Al. & T. H. 2ds pref	93
Erie 1st s. '68	109	Chi. & N. W. S. F.	103
Erie 2d s. '59	114	Chi. & N. W. Int. B.	87
Erie thirds, '83	114	Chi. & N. W. 2d s.	84½
Erie fourths, '80	124½	Chi. & N. W. 1st s.	94¾
B. N. Y. & E. 1st s. '77	105¾	Han & St. Jo. 1st s	90
Hud. R. 1st s. '69	114	Pol. & Wab. 1st s.	103
Hud. R. 2d s. s. f. '85	145	Pol. & Wab. 2d s.	90¾
Harlem 1st s. '69 & '73	110	M. & P. du Ch. 1st s.	104
Har. 2d s. '64	100½	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	112
Harlem thirds, '63	102	Chi. & Ft. W. & C. 1st s.	103
Mich. C. '69 & '73	125	Clev. & Pitts. 1st s.	105
Mich. S. 2d s.	105	Clev. & Pitts 2d s.	87
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F.	111	Miss. & Mo. 1st s.	70

The day's business at the Office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States, New-York, was as follows: Receipts, $899,202 41, including for Customs, $335,000; payments, $1,689,217 63; balance, $33,848,393 05.

The Import Entries of the past week amount to $5,250,124, against $4,549,594 same week last season. The Export clearances of Domestic Produce amount to $3,333,153 against $3,749,684 same week in 1862. The Export of Specie is $466,000, against $3,540,000 same week last year. The Customs for the week are $1,929,000.

The Commercial Tables of the Foreign Trade at New-York for seven months of the current Fiscal Year, printed a few days ago, make the Imports from July 1, 1863, to Jan. 31, 1864, exclusive of

$814,000 Foreign Specie	$114,733,000
Add six weeks since Feb. 1	28,687,318
Total to date	$143,460,318
Against same time 1863	125,513,710
Increased Import since July 1	$17,946,608

The same tables make the Export of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods, including Foreign articles reëxported, from

July 1, 1863, to 31st January, 1864	$94,086,000
Add six weeks since Feb 1	20,087,395
Total to date	$114,173,395
Against same time 1863	136,425,844
Decreased Export since July	$22,252,449

The Specie Export from New-York, from

July 1 to Jan. 31, amounted to	$34,580,000
Add since Feb. 1	3,705,000
Total to date	$38,285,000
Against same time 1863	44,326,000
Decreased Specie Exports since July 1	$6,041,000

The receipts of Cotton from the Southwest continue on a large scale. The aggregate last week was 7,438 bales, making 15,332 bales for the fortnight. This movement is considerably ahead of the current demand for home consumption. The *Morning Star*, from New-Orleans, will deliver 1,200 bales this morning. The same steamer brings us the letter-sheet New-Orleans *Price Current*, under the editorship of Mr. G. B. Young, as before the War. We welcome its reappearance as a sign of the returning stability of the commerce of New-Orleans under the newly inaugurated civil Government in Louisiana.

The Tenth National Bank, D. L. Ross, President; John H. Stout, Cashier, we understand, has received its certificate from the Comptroller, and taken rooms at No. 240 Broadway, opposite the Park. The capital, half a million dollars, is already paid in, and probably will increase to a million before it commences business, about 23d inst.

[Advertisement.]

A Bad Breath the Greatest Curse the Human Family is Heir to.—How many lovers it has separated—how many friends forever parted! The subject is so delicate your nearest friend will not mention it, and you are ignorant of the fact yourself. To effect a radical cure, use the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentrifice, night and morning. It also beautifies the complexion, removing all tan, pimples and freckles, leaving the skin soft and white. For sale by all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

Herring's Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and Herring's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with Herring & Floyd's Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway New-York.

Passengers Arrived.

In U. S. steam transport Fulton, from Port Royal—Brig.-Gen. J. W. Turner, Mrs. Col. C. W. Tribley, Mrs. E. Van Wyck, Mrs. H. M. Clements, Miss A. N. Heacock, Mrs. M. Lomis, Miss M. P. Youngs, Mrs. S. B. Hale, Col. C. S. Van Wyck, Lieut.-Col. Steward, Major H. F. Flagg, Actg. A. D. C. Lomis, Capts. Wm. Dodge, T. Gray, M. Waterbury, J. Stettler, E. S. Daniels, F. H. Crosse and servt., A. E. Renny, D. D. Elling and servt., D. L. Sullivan, U. S. V.; Capt. C. W. Pickering, Lieut. F. J. Higginson, Dr. W. Plant, A. Masters Orillvie, N. O. Roberts, A. M. Mate W. R. Orourke; Capts. A. Chittenden, F. Hines, Col. S. H. Perkins, Mrs. A. Holther, Capt. Jas. De Bois, Surgt. A. Rowland, W. Cerouso, Rev. B. F. Fogg, Lieuts. E. H. Brown and son, B. L. Manning and son, J. D. Dellinbeck, R. G Mooney, J. E. Burroughs, J. W. Gildichrist, E. W. Wallazz, J. Smith, W. Peace, J. M. Cranford, M. Sears and son, John Metcalfe, B. S. Keith, W. A. Moore, V. Weaver, J. S. Holmes, P. H. Leavitt, M. Downey, C. B. Young, E. G. Scrapton, R. R. Gillett, V. Chapman, W. Auchmoody, S. D. Wheat; Mr. E. W. Idman, E. C. Hotchkiss, C. P. Walters U. S. N., F. H. Underwood, J. Geggie, H. W. Gutchell, D. Rescoe, R. Winser, B. J. Luch C. S. Lamb, G. W Ingalls, W. G. Brown, J. Cate, Capt. J. Hand, J. Morrison, N. D. Geer, R. L. Cure, Rdw. Lomis, E. Heron, C. Nese, G. W. Smith, F. Howe, Capt. Beaston, C. Chase, S. M. Dodge, L. J. Sanborn, J. W. Roberts, W. Harrington, Mr. Betts, F. K. Lathrop, W. C. Prankard, D. C. Buttler, H. F. Knapp, A. J. Carnes, J. Gage, F. A. Noe, H. C. Rhoades, G. H. Baker y, J. Scherees, C. Toby, Capt. G. W. Ayers, Wm. Murray, Mr. Dunham—Cabin, 105; steerage, 604; total, 709.

In steamship Morning Star, from Havana and New-Orleans.—Hon. John Hutchings, L. B. Atterbury, Miss Wood, Mrs. and Miss Plumber, F. T. King, U. S. N.; P. C. Johnson, U. S. N.; Mr. Attrill, A. McIlish, J. M. Frost, C. F. Sternes, Samuel Norris, C. L. Burnett, Warten Miller, J. Fabian, Marcus Migal, E. Ross, U. S. N.; C. L. Reed, U. S. N.; Mr. Harding, Isaac Weil, J. M. Hendrick, James Harrison, L. Greason, wife and child; C. Chaunsey, Wm. Fink, G. L. Miller, Capt. McArthur and Son, F. F. Tyler, A. W. Persons, Jas C. Pratt, Miss A. Senecal, M. Frank, G. Sterne, J. Luman, Jules Rose, Mark Gray, Geo. D. Coleman, C. C. Phiffer, W. G. Keenan, Geo. Seanight, Mr. Green and lady, Mrs. Gilbert and child, A. Ambler, Isaac Keene, J. McP. Smith, Mrs. Thos. McCready, Mr. Hendrick, Mr. and Mrs. Howland and two servants, Mrs. J. Bronson, Mrs. Bruguire and child, Mr. and Mrs. Freidburg, E. Suskind, M. B. Solor, G. Borden and lady, T. Sanchez, A. Longorria, Manl. Antonio, G. A. Arguillis, J. Crooks, Theo. Wagner, E. C. Finlay, C. Robert, A. Lopez, A. Warburg, F. Amendnair, A. Barredas, Isaac Jacobs, Mr. De Reigney, Miss De Reigney, J. M. Baccigalupi, L. M. Hindman, M. Fuget, Malleti, J. B. Jacobs, T. Andia, J. Roldan, Capt Ford, Mrs. Richardson, Mr. Baug. wife, sister and child, Mrs. John Stryker and two daughters, Fred. Hubbard, L. F. Hughes and son, M. Rosse, W. G. Price, Victor Landergreen, Thos. Burnett, J. K. Lambert, Maud F. Vincent, Charles Hughes, Mrs. Mary Toussey, W. W. Charnock, F. J. Green, P. Chapney, F. Joyce and wife, Fanny Snowden, D. Davidson and wife, C. Mahoney, P. Gochring, wife and three children, Mrs. Schmidts and three children, M. Schotield—Total 126,

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises,.... 6 14 | Sun sets..... 6 05 | Moon sets..19 28
Sandy Hook 12 04 | Gov. Island..12 53 | Hell Gate.. 2 15

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....SUNDAY, March 13.

Arrived.

Steamship Morning Star, Courteney, New-Orleans, 6th inst., and Havana 9th, with mdse. and passengers to J. A. Raynor.

U. S. steam transport America, Share, Fortress Monroe, to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Ship Owego, Norton, New Orleans 19 ds., with sugar